

1864.

VICTORIA.

AGRICULTURAL AND LIVE STOCK
STATISTICS OF VICTORIA

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH,

1 8 6 3 ,

WITH PRELIMINARY STATISTICAL NOTES.

BY THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL OF VICTORIA.

PRESENTED TO BOTH HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT BY HIS EXCELLENCY'S COMMAND.

By Authority :

JOHN FERRES, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, MELBOURNE.

No. 7.

1890-1891

STATISTICS OF VICTORIA

STATISTICS OF VICTORIA

STATISTICS OF VICTORIA

APPROXIMATE COST OF RETURN.

DETAILED PARTICULARS.													AMOUNT.		
Cost of preparation*	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	£	s.	d.
													2,250	0	0
Printing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	167	11	10
TOTAL													£ 2,417	11	10

The sum of £2,250 was voted by the Legislature for the collection and compilation of these Statistics, and the whole amount has been expended.

CONTENTS.

	PAGE
Report...	v
Summary Tables and Tabular Results :	
Principal Crops...	3
Minor Crops ...	4
Summary of Victoria—Counties and Unsettled Districts (I.) ...	5
Summary of Victoria—Counties and Unsettled Districts (II.) ...	8
Increase of Enclosed Land ...	10
Increase of Land in Occupation ...	10
Increase of Tillage ...	11
Average Area of Holdings, and proportion cultivated ...	11
Proportion of Land under various Crops ...	12
Average Produce ...	12
Increase of each class of Holdings—Number	13
Extent	13
Land held and cultivated by each class of Landholders ...	13
Land under various Crops, and Produce raised by each class ...	14
Number of Holdings of each class ...	15
Extent of Land in Holdings of each class ...	15
Extent cultivated by each class of Landholders ...	16
Extent placed under Cereals by each class of Landholders ...	16
Extent placed under Green Crops by each class of Landholders ...	17
Extent placed under Hay by each class of Landholders ...	17
Extent placed under Green Forage, &c., by each class of Landholders ...	18
Produce of Cereals raised by each class of Landholders ...	18
Produce of Green Crops raised by each class of Landholders ...	19
Produce of Hay raised by each class of Landholders ...	19
Land Tenure—General Summary...	20
Summary of all the various descriptions of Tenure ...	20
Occupiers under different kinds of Tenure ...	21
Land occupied under different kinds of Tenure ...	22
Land cultivated on Holdings occupied under different kinds of Tenure ...	24
Ages of Vines ...	25
Agricultural Machinery ...	25
Live Stock—General Summary ...	26
Stock on Land unconnected with Stations ...	26
Stock on Stations ...	27
Tillage and Produce—Detailed Tables :	
" Anglesey (I.) ...	31
" " (II.) ...	31
" Bourke (I.) ...	32
" " (II.) ...	34
" Dalhousie (I.) ...	36
" " (II.) ...	38
" Dundas (I.) ...	40
" " (II.) ...	40

Tillage and Produce—Detailed Tables :		PAGE
"	Evelyn (I.) ...	42
"	" (II.) ...	42
"	Follett (I.) ...	44
"	" (II.) ...	45
"	Grant (I.) ...	46
"	" (II.) ...	48
"	Grenville (I.) ...	50
"	" (II.) ...	52
"	Hampden (I.) ...	54
"	" (II.) ...	56
"	Heytesbury (I.) ...	57
"	" (II.) ...	57
"	Mornington (I.) ...	58
"	" (II.) ...	58
"	Normanby (I.) ...	60
"	" (II.) ...	62
"	Polwarth (I.) ...	64
"	" (II.) ...	64
"	Ripon (I.) ...	66
"	" (II.) ...	68
"	Talbot (I.) ...	70
"	" (II.) ...	72
"	Villiers (I.) ...	74
"	" (II.) ...	76
"	Gipps Land (I.) ...	77
"	" (II.) ...	79
"	The Loddon (I.) ...	80
"	" (II.) ...	82
"	The Murray (I.) ...	84
"	" (II.) ...	84
"	Rodney (I.) ...	86
"	" (II.) ...	86
"	The Wimmera (I.) ...	87
"	" (II.) ...	89
Reports of Collectors of Agricultural Statistics :		
Report of the Collector for West Bourke ...		93
"	South Bourke ...	94
"	East Bourke and Evelyn ...	95
"	Grant ...	95
"	Mornington ...	96
"	Grenville ...	96
"	Hampden and Polwarth ...	97
"	Ripon ...	98
"	Talbot ...	99
"	Anglesey, Dalhousie, and Rodney ...	99
"	The Murray ...	100
"	The Loddon ...	101
"	Villiers West ...	101
"	Villiers East and Heytesbury ...	103
"	Normanby, Dundas, and Follett ...	104
"	Gipps Land Upper ...	106
"	Gipps Land Lower ...	107
"	The Wimmera ...	107
Circulars, Forms, &c. ...		109

REPORT.

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 4th November, 1863.

SIR,

I have the honor to present, for the information of His Excellency the Governor and to be laid before Parliament, the detailed returns compiled from the Agricultural and Live Stock Statistics for the year ending 31st March, 1863.

Agricultural Statistics for the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

2. It may, perhaps, be interesting as well as instructive to give some information as to the mode in which these returns are procured.

Mode of procuring the Returns.

3. The colony is first divided into districts of such a size as experience proves to be most suitable, and these are then allotted to paid collectors, who receive minute printed instructions as to the nature of their duties. They are directed by these instructions to call upon every occupier of land, either purchased, or held under any other legal tenure, except a squatting license, provided his holding is of a larger extent than one acre. At each of these holdings they are enjoined to make inquiries as to the nature of the tenure under which the land is held, the number of acres occupied and fenced, the number cultivated with each crop, the produce of each crop, and the number of live stock of each kind kept. These particulars are inserted by them in a schedule to which the signature of the occupier is then obtained, as a guarantee, first, that a personal visit has really been paid to the holding, and secondly, that the information is authentic.

Division of the Colony into Districts.

Duties of Collectors.

4. After the returns are collected in this manner the contents of the schedules are transcribed by the collectors upon larger sheets containing columns corresponding with the blank spaces for entries in the schedules. The columns are then added, and summaries are thus made of the different parishes and of the entire county or district allotted to the collector, who then forwards both schedules and sheets to this office.

Summaries made by the Collectors.

5. Upon their receipt they are subjected to a slight checking, to ascertain that no gross errors exist, and a summary is immediately made of the entire colony, showing all the particulars on the single total lines of each county and unsettled district. This summary is then published in the *Government Gazette* as an "Approximate Summary," for general information.

Approximate Summary published.

6. Its appearance is always anxiously looked for by agriculturists, merchants, journalists, and others, and no pains are spared in my department to bring it out as early as possible. Great improvements have been effected in this regard during the last few years. In 1861 it was published on the 26th June; in 1862 it made its appearance on the 21st May, or a month and five days earlier; and in 1863, the Approximate Summary of the Returns, which form the subject of this Report, was brought out on the 7th May, or still sooner by a fortnight, which is perhaps as early as can be expected, considering that the returns are brought down to the 31st March, and some delay is sure to occur through accidents to collectors and other unforeseen causes.

Approximate Summary now brought out earlier than formerly.

Compilation of
the Returns in
the office.

7. After the publication of the "Approximate Summary," the returns are subjected to a further checking. Each entry on the sheets is examined with the corresponding entry upon the schedules, and all errors are corrected. Summary tables are then made of each county, showing its various parishes, and of the colony showing the various counties. Further tables are then constructed from these summaries, showing per centages of increase and decrease, averages of produce, classification of holdings as to size and tenure, and many other details. Summaries of Live Stock upon Farms and Stations are also given, and when a Report has been written, the whole is published in its present form.

Collectors'
Reports.

8. The collectors are also instructed to inquire into every instance of remarkably large or small yield, and to endeavor to ascertain the causes. Also to note any particular circumstances worthy of mention, such as peculiar descriptions of soil, remarkable varieties of grain or seed, &c. ; likewise to seek information wherever practicable as to the causes of the partial or entire failure of crops, and whether owing to aspect, hot winds, drought, moisture, or attacks of insects, and also as to the precise periods at which such visitations occurred. The whole of these matters, as well as any others respecting their districts which may be worth noticing they are expected to embody in reports. The reports so furnished by the collectors of the statistics, given herewith, are published after the tables ; and, as many of them contain valuable information, they will be found amply to repay perusal.

Minor Returns
collected.

9. In addition to the returns mentioned, the collectors are supplied with the forms requisite to procure statistics of the machinery used on farms, of the mills for grinding and dressing grain, of the various branches of manufacturing industry, and of the number of private schools and scholars throughout their districts. A great deal of interesting material is thus obtained which could only be got by the employment of regular collectors. The information thus arrived at, after being arranged in tables, is published in the annual statistics of the colony.

Mode of procur-
ing Returns of
Live Stock on
Stations.

10. Since the abolition of the assessment laws by the Land Act of 1862, the pastoral licensees have no longer been required to furnish sworn returns of the live stock upon their runs, and as from these returns the statistics of live stock running upon Crown lands were up to that time deduced, it became necessary to devise some other machinery to supply their place. This has been done by means of circulars which have been sent to each squatter requesting him to fill an appended schedule, containing inquiries respecting the number and description of live stock depastured by him, and to return the schedule, so filled, to this office. It is satisfactory to state that this request has been complied with in a very large majority of instances, and consequently there is no reason to doubt that the returns of live stock are now as accurate as heretofore.

Agricultural
Statistics of
Victoria will
bear comparison
with those of any
other country.

11. Upon the whole, the machinery employed to procure these statistics may be considered to answer its purpose admirably well, and I believe that the returns, both in point of accuracy, and also in regard to the interesting nature of the details they exhibit, are fully equal, if not superior, to the agricultural statistics of any other country.

Number of Occu-
piers.

12. The number of holders visited by the collectors in the year ending 31st March. 1863, was 16,416. Of these, 15,884 occupied holdings not attached to runs. The remaining 532 were squatters, but occupied purchased land, as well as the Crown land forming their runs. Of the holders of runs occupying only Crown lands no account is taken by the collectors.*

Holders of Land
not attached to
Runs under
various tenures.

13. Of the occupiers of land not attached to runs, the largest class were those possessing their entire holdings in freehold. These amounted to 9,742. Next in order were those whose land was exclusively rented from private individuals, amounting to 4,097 ; then, those having freehold land and purchased rented land in the same holding, amounting to 1,003 ; next, those renting land from the Crown, either under the occupation licenses, leases for new industries, or under the leasing clauses of the various Land Acts, amounting to 720 ; then, those having freehold land and land rented from the Crown in one holding, of whom 298 were returned ; then, those renting from the Crown and renting from private individuals in one holding, of which class there were 15 ; and lastly,

* The number of pastoral licenses issued throughout the Colony in the year 1862 was 1,249, which, supposing each to represent a holding, would leave 717 holders of runs without purchased land attached.

those combining all these tenures, viz.—having freehold land, land rented from the Crown, and land rented from private individuals, in one holding, of whom there were 9.

14. Of the holders of purchased land attached to runs, 488 were exclusively freeholders. The land of 33 was part held in freehold, and part was rented, and in 11 instances the holdings consisted of land entirely rented.

Holders of Purchased Land attached to Runs under various tenures.

15. If the holders of purchased land unattached to runs having any portion of their holdings in their own name be considered as freeholders, 11,052 would be classed as such, which would be upwards of 67 per cent. of all the holders returned; the leaseholders, implying those exclusively renting their land either from the Crown, from private individuals, or from both, would then amount to 4,832, or above 29 per cent. of the total, whilst the station-holders having purchased land connected with their runs would number as before, 532, or over 3 per cent. of the whole.

Number of Freeholders, Leaseholders, and Station-holders.

16. This division of the holders into three classes is the same mode of classification as has been adopted since 1860, that being the first year in which any attempt was made to procure returns of land tenure. The numbers of each of these classes in every thousand holders under all tenures are given below for the year under review, compared with those of the three previous years, by which it appears that the proportion of leaseholders has shown a tendency to increase, and that of freeholders and station-holders to diminish.

Freeholders, Leaseholders, and Station-holders in every thousand occupiers, 1860-63.

	Freeholders in a thousand.	Leaseholders in a thousand.	Station-holders in a thousand
Year ending 31st March, 1860 - - -	717	237	46
" " 1861 - - -	719	237	44
" " 1862 - - -	690	270	40
" " 1863 - - -	673	295	32

17. The number of holders of all descriptions increased by 1,456 upon the number returned in 1862. The increase of holders in that year upon those in 1861 was 1,307, and the increase in 1861 upon those in 1860 was 478; so that the augmentation in the number of holders has been greater in the year under review than in either of the two previous years.

Increase in number of Holders.

18. The number of holders in each of the last eight years was as follows. It will be observed that each successive year shows an increase upon the one preceding it, and that the holders have nearly quadrupled in the whole period :—

Number of Holders 1855-63.

	Number of Holders.
Year ending 31st March, 1856 - - - - -	4,326
" " 1857 - - - - -	7,523
" " 1858 - - - - -	10,259
" " 1859 - - - - -	11,573
" " 1860 - - - - -	13,175
" " 1861 - - - - -	13,653
" " 1862 - - - - -	14,960
" " 1863 - - - - -	16,416

19. The land in occupation, according to the returns, amounted to 4,722,050 acres, of which 2,679,364 acres, part purchased and part Crown land, or rather more than half, were divided amongst the 15,884 non-squatting landholders, and 2,042,686 acres, all purchased, were held by the 532 squatters.

Extent of Land in occupation attached and unattached to Runs.

20. The average size of the allotments not attached to runs was thus 169 acres, showing a diminished area since the previous year, when the average was 172 acres, but an increase upon the average of the year before, which amounted only to 140 acres. The average size of allotments connected with runs was 3,840 acres, or upwards of 1,000 acres more than it was in either of the two previous years, the returns of which show an average of 2,736 acres for 1862, and of 2,790 acres for 1861.

Average size of Allotments attached and unattached to Runs.

Land unattached
to Runs under
different
tenures.

21. The land not attached to runs comprises allotments exclusively freehold, amounting in the aggregate to 1,618,915 acres, in the occupation of 9,742 holders, or an average of 166 acres to each; allotments exclusively rented from private individuals amounting in all to 627,847 acres amongst 4,097 holders, or 153 acres to each; allotments comprising freehold land and land rented from private individuals in one holding, amounting to 236,535 acres, held by 1,003 occupiers, or 236 acres to each; allotments comprising freehold land and land rented from the Crown in one holding, amounting to 120,861 acres, amongst 298 occupiers, or 406 acres to each; allotments exclusively rented from the Crown, amounting to 59,172 acres, amongst 720 occupiers, or 82 acres to each; allotments comprising freehold land, land rented from the Crown, and land rented from private individuals in one holding, amounting to 11,354 acres, amongst 9 occupiers, or 1,662 acres to each; and allotments comprising land rented from the Crown and land rented from private individuals in one holding, amounting to 4,681 acres amongst 15 occupiers, or 275 acres to each.

Purchased land
attached to Runs
under different
tenures.

22. Of the purchased land attached to runs, 1,808,325 acres were held in allotments entirely freehold, or an average of 3,706 acres to each; 190,950 acres were comprised in holdings of which part was freehold and part was rented, and were held by 33 occupiers, or an average of 5,785 acres to each, and 43,412 acres were occupied by 11 holders in lots entirely rented, being an average of 3,947 acres to each.

Extent of Free-
hold and Rented
Land.

23. The quantity of land unconnected with runs held in freehold was 1,799,964 acres, or about two-thirds of the whole; that rented amounted to 879,399 acres, or about a third. Of the land attached to runs, 1,930,760 acres, or nineteen-twentieths were freehold, and only 111,926 acres, or one-twentieth was rented.

Tables respecting
Land Tenure
indicated.

24. The precise quantities of freehold land, land rented from the Crown, and land rented from private individuals, included in the same holdings in different combinations are given in Table XXVIII, in which, and in the three tables preceding it, and the table following it, full particulars will be found respecting the various kinds of tenure under which land is held in each county and district, and in the whole Colony of Victoria.

Classification of
Holdings as to
size.

25. Tables XI. to XXIV. show the classification of the holdings as to size. By the first two of these tables it is seen that all classes without exception increased in numbers, and that all increased in the aggregate extent of land included except those of from 1 to 5 acres, the area under which fell off by 313 acres. The class showing the largest increase in the included area was the highest, comprising lots of 500 acres and upwards, which augmented by 515,506 acres. The total increase of occupied land was 631,266 acres, and five-sixths of that increase was thus made up of these largest sized lots.

Area occupied
and increase in
each year, 1857-
63.

26. The total increase of occupied land just referred to indicates a larger augmentation to the extent of land settled upon than do the figures of any other year of the last seven. This will be made apparent by the following statement, which shows the number of occupied acres returned in each year from 1857 to 1863, and the increase in the number occupied, as shown by the returns of each year when compared with those of the year previous.

				Area Occupied.	Yearly Increase.	
				acres.	acres.	
Year ending 31st March, 1857	-	-	-	1,532,348 $\frac{3}{4}$	-	—
” ” 1858	-	-	-	2,113,134 $\frac{1}{2}$	-	580,785 $\frac{3}{4}$
” ” 1859	-	-	-	2,519,156 $\frac{3}{4}$	-	406,022 $\frac{1}{4}$
” ” 1860	-	-	-	3,015,607 $\frac{1}{4}$	-	496,450 $\frac{1}{2}$
” ” 1861	-	-	-	3,517,033 $\frac{1}{2}$	-	501,426 $\frac{1}{4}$
” ” 1862	-	-	-	4,090,784	-	573,750 $\frac{1}{2}$
” ” 1863	-	-	-	4,722,050 $\frac{1}{4}$	-	631,266 $\frac{1}{4}$

Average size of
Holdings and of
Farms.

27. The average area of holdings of all descriptions was 288 acres, a quantity higher by 15 acres than the average of the previous year. The average area of lots between 5 acres and 500 acres, which are practically found to be those used for farming purposes was 96 acres, or less by one acre than in 1862.

28. The average size of holdings has increased steadily year by year, that of farms has fluctuated considerably. This will be seen by the following figures, which show the size of holdings placed side by side with that of farms for each year since 1857:—

Average size of Holdings and of Farms, 1857-63.

					Average size of Holdings.	Average size of Farms.	
					acres.	acres.	
Year ending	31st	March,	1857	-	204	-	—
"	"		1858	-	206	-	90
"	"		1859	-	218	-	95
"	"		1860	-	229	-	94
"	"		1861	-	258	-	103
"	"		1862	-	273	-	97
"	"		1863	-	288	-	96

29. The number of holders of lots between 5 acres and 500 acres was 14,091 in 1863, against 12,713 in 1862. Lots of these sizes being considered as farms, their holders must, upon the same principle, be counted as farmers. This body would thus have received an accession to its number of 1,378 during the year.

Increase in num=
ber of Farmers.

30. The population at the end of March, 1863, was estimated at 550,614. The number of occupied acres divided by this number would give an average of 8·6 acres to each individual in the colony. The occupied land has been increasing in a much greater ratio than the population of the colony for the last seven years, as is seen by the following figures :—

Number of Acres
in Occupation to
each individual
of the popula-
tion, 1357-63.

				Average area in occupation to each individual of the population.	
				acres.	
Year ending 31st March, 1857	-	-	-	-	3.7
" " 1858	-	-	-	-	4.5
" " 1859	-	-	-	-	4.9
" " 1860	-	-	-	-	5.6
" " 1861	-	-	-	-	6.5
" " 1862	-	-	-	-	7.5
" " 1863	-	-	-	-	8.6

31. The area of enclosed land on the 31st March, 1863, amounted to 3,353,200 acres, of which 563,364 acres were fenced in during the previous twelve months. The total extent of enclosed land according to the returns of 1859, and of each subsequent year down to those of the present date is given below, as is also the proportion which the land fenced bore to the total area in occupation during each year.

Extent of
Enclosed Land,
1859-63.

Year ending 31st March,	1859	1860	1861	1862	1863	Total Area Enclosed. acres.	Per-centage of Occupied Land.
	-	-	-	-	-	1,724,376½	68·4
"	"	-	-	-	-	2,048,092	67·9
"	"	-	-	-	-	2,495,394	70·9
"	"	-	-	-	-	2,789,836	68·2
"	"	-	-	-	-	3,353,200	71·0

32. The land cultivated during the year amounted to 465,430 acres. Of this, 452,473 acres, or 97 per cent., was on allotments unconnected with runs, and 12,957, or about 3 per cent., was on purchased land attached to squatting holdings. On the former, the average number of acres cultivated by each holder was $28\frac{1}{2}$, and on the latter the average number was 24. On the former, 169 acres in every thousand acres occupied were cultivated, and on the latter only $6\frac{1}{2}$ acres in every thousand occupied.

Cultivation on Farms and Stations.

33. The exact kinds of tenure under which the land was held on which this cultivation took place, and the number of acres cultivated under each tenure, is given in Tables XXVI. and XXIX., by the first of which it appears that more than half, or 5,292 acres in every ten thousand cultivated, was on exclusively freehold allotments; that nearly a third, or 3,191 acres in every ten thousand cultivated, was on holdings exclusively

Cultivation on
Land held under
different tenures.

rented from private individuals; and that 951 acres in every ten thousand, or less than a tenth, was on holdings comprising, jointly in the same allotment, both freehold land and land rented from private individuals. It further appears that holdings under this last named tenure had on the average rather more than 44 acres in cultivation, which was larger than the average of any other tenure, inasmuch as the cultivated portion of allotments exclusively rented from private individuals, which stood next, averaged $36\frac{1}{4}$ acres; the same portion of allotments combining freehold land, land rented from the Crown, and land rented from private individuals, in one holding, averaged $35\frac{1}{2}$ acres; the same portion of land rented from the Crown and land rented from private individuals, in one holding, averaged 30 acres; and that on freehold farms averaged only $25\frac{1}{4}$ acres. Also, that the class of holders which cultivated the greatest proportion of their occupied land were those holding farms exclusively rented from private individuals, they having $23\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. of their land under tillage, whilst those having farms held exclusively in freehold had only 15 per cent. of their land cultivated.

Increase in Cultivation, 1856-63.

34. The increase of cultivated land during the year amounted to 25,535 acres. This increase exceeded by 5,000 acres that in the previous year, but was not so great as that in any other year since 1856. This will be seen by the following figures, which show the number of acres cultivated in each year, and the increase in the interval between every two years:—

				Area Cultivated. acres.	Yearly Increase. acres.
Year ending 31st March, 1856	-	-	-	115,135 $\frac{3}{8}$	—
„ „ 1857	-	-	-	179,982 $\frac{3}{4}$	64,847 $\frac{3}{8}$
„ „ 1858	-	-	-	237,729 $\frac{1}{8}$	57,746 $\frac{3}{8}$
„ „ 1859	-	-	-	298,959 $\frac{3}{4}$	61,230 $\frac{5}{8}$
„ „ 1860	-	-	-	358,727 $\frac{5}{8}$	59,767 $\frac{7}{8}$
„ „ 1861	-	-	-	419,380	60,652 $\frac{3}{8}$
„ „ 1862	-	-	-	439,895	20,515
„ „ 1863	-	-	-	465,430	25,535

Average Area Cultivated by each Holder, and proportion of Occupied Land Cultivated, 1857-63.

35. The average number of acres cultivated by each holder was 28·4, or an acre less per head than in the previous year, when also a slight diminution was shown upon the number in the year before. The cultivation amounted to rather less than a tenth of the occupied land, a proportion somewhat lower than in any other year of the last seven, in all of which it has exceeded a tenth. The following figures show the average area cultivated by each occupier, and the per centage of occupied land in cultivation during 1857, and in every subsequent year down to the present period:—

				Average area cultivated by each holder. acres.	Proportion of occupied land in cultivation. per cent.
Year ending 31st March, 1857	-	-	-	23·9	11·74
„ „ 1858	-	-	-	23·2	11·25
„ „ 1859	-	-	-	25·8	11·87
„ „ 1860	-	-	-	27·2	11·89
„ „ 1861	-	-	-	30·7	11·92
„ „ 1862	-	-	-	29·4	10·75
„ „ 1863	-	-	-	28·4	9·86

Proportion of Occupied Land Cultivated on large and small holdings.

36. With reference to the proportion of occupied land in cultivation, the classification of holdings as to size (Table XIII.) shows that the proportion that the land cultivated bears to the total quantity occupied is in an inverse ratio to the size of the allotments. Thus the holders of largest sized allotments, viz., those of 500 acres and upwards, cultivated less than 2 per cent. of their holdings, whilst the occupiers of the smallest sized ones, or those of less than 5 acres in extent, cultivated $63\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of their holdings; and the same rule holds good for all the intermediate classes.

Two-thirds of the cultivation due to holders of medium-sized lots.

37. The rule that two-thirds of the land in cultivation is in the possession of holders of lots ranging from 50 to 350 acres has remained unchanged for some years past. The

precise extent cultivated by them in the year which is the subject of this report was 308,217 acres, or as nearly as possible 66 per cent. of the whole area cultivated.

38. Holders of lots of from 350 to 500 acres in extent cultivated on the average 64 acres, which was the largest number cultivated by any class. Next in order were holders of lots between 200 and 350 acres, who cultivated on the average $57\frac{1}{2}$ acres; then occupiers of lots of 500 acres and upwards, whose average of cultivation was $52\frac{1}{2}$ acres. Holders of lots under 5 acres had on the average within a fraction of 2 acres cultivated, which was the smallest average shown by any class.

39. The land in cultivation during the year amounted to 100 acres for every 118 persons of the population, as estimated on the 31st March in the same year, or about four-fifths of an acre to each person. The cultivation is increasing in a much faster ratio than the population of the colony, as will be seen by the following figures:—

						Number of Inhabitants to every 100 acres in cultivation.
Year ending 31st March, 1857	-	-	-	-	-	228
„ „ 1858	-	-	-	-	-	199
„ „ 1859	-	-	-	-	-	161
„ „ 1860	-	-	-	-	-	149
„ „ 1861	-	-	-	-	-	129
„ „ 1862	-	-	-	-	-	124
„ „ 1863	-	-	-	-	-	118

Amount of Cultivation on holdings of different sizes.

Proportion of Land Cultivated to the Population of the Colony, 1857-63.

40. The principal crops grown consisted, as in previous years, of wheat, oats, barley, potatoes, hay, and green forage; and full particulars as to the acreage under each, and the quantity of produce raised, are shown in Table I., the figures, for the sake of comparison, being given for the two past seasons.

41. The wheat crop in the year under review covered 162,009 acres, a falling off upon the previous year's area of nearly 35,000 acres. The gross produce of wheat raised amounted to 3,008,487 bushels, or about 600,000 bushels less than in 1862. The average produce to the acre was 18.6 bushels, or an improvement to the extent of three-tenths of a bushel upon the average yield of 1862.

42. The area under oats was 108,195 acres, an increase of about 17,000 acres during the year. The gross produce was 2,504,301 bushels, and the acreable produce 23.1 bushels, the former being an increase of 368,000 bushels, and the latter a falling off of four-tenths of a bushel upon the gross and average yield as returned in the previous year.

43. Barley during the year was grown upon 6,829 acres, or about double the number cultivated with that crop in 1862. The yield of that year, however, was more than doubled, the average being 20.9 bushels to the acre against 19.9 in 1862, resulting in a gross amount of 143,056 bushels against 68,118 bushels.

44. The potato crop showed a diminution in area to the extent of 2,353 acres, in gross produce to that of 8,767 tons, and in acreable yield to that of two-tenths of a ton. The land under this crop in the year under review amounted to 24,821 acres, the yield from which was 50,597 tons, or about two tons to the acre.

45. Hay covered an area greater by 27,000 acres than it did in 1862. It also showed a gross produce of 18,000 tons above that in the same year, but the acreable yield was one-tenth of a ton less. The number of acres under hay in 1863 was 101,639, the gross produce was 110,680 tons, and the average yield per acre was 1.1 tons.

46. Green forage was grown upon 28,713 acres, an augmentation of upwards of 12,000 acres upon the area devoted to the same description of crop in 1863. It is probable that some of the crops which in the first instance were intended for grain were afterwards appropriated to green forage in consequence of the continued dry weather referred to in the collectors' reports, published herewith, affording no promise of their coming to maturity as grain crops, and hence the increase.

47. Relatively to every thousand acres under tillage with all descriptions of crops, wheat covered 348 acres in the year under review against 448 acres in 1862, oats occupied 232 acres against 207, barley 15 acres against 8, potatoes 53 acres against 62, hay 219 acres against 169, and green forage 62 acres against 38.

Proportion of each Crop to the total under Tillage.

Acreable yield and proportion to the total cultivation of each crop, 1856-63.

48. The average yield per acre of the principal crops during the last eight years, and the proportion that the land under each bore to the total area cultivated, are given below.

YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH.	WHEAT.		OATS.		BARLEY.	
	Average produce per acre.	Proportion of land in cultivation.	Average produce per acre.	Proportion of land in cultivation.	Average produce per acre.	Proportion of land in cultivation.
	bushels.	per cent.	bushels.	per cent.	bushels.	per cent.
1856	26·9	37·0	34·5	15·4	29·1	1·3
1857	23·2	44·5	25·6	13·9	31·1	1·2
1858	20·7	36·6	31·0	16·9	28·9	2·2
1859	20·0	26·2	27·9	25·9	21·4	1·8
1860	21·4	29·8	28·3	25·1	23·9	1·1
1861	21·5	38·4	30·5	20·6	20·3	1·0
1862	18·3	44·8	23·5	20·7	19·9	·8
1 63	18·6	34·8	23·1	23·2	20·9	1·5

YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH.	POTATOES.		HAY.		GREEN FORAGE.
	Average produce per acre.	Proportion of land in cultivation.	Average produce per acre.	Proportion of land in cultivation.	Proportion of land in cultivation.
	tons.	per cent.	tons.	per cent.	per cent.
1856	5·4	9·5	2·1	35·8	·8
1857	2·2	9·0	1·6	28·8	·4
1858	2·4	8·7	1·8	31·7	·8
1859	3·6	10·0	1·3	28·9	2·5
1860	1·8	7·7	1·4	27·4	2·9
1861	3·1	5·9	1·6	21·7	4·2
1862	2·2	6·2	1·2	16·9	3·8
1863	2·0	5·3	1·1	21·9	6·2

Minor Crops.

49. The minor crops during the year covered 33,223 acres, or 71 acres in every thousand cultivated, against 29,946 acres, or 68 acres in every thousand during the previous year.

Increase or decrease of the various Minor Crops.

50. With reference to these minor crops—the land under crop, as well as the gross and average produce of turnips, mangel wurzel, and cabbage showed augmentation during the year. The area and gross produce of beet, carrots, and parsnips also increased, but their average yield continued the same as in 1862, viz., 5 tons to the acre. The acreage, as well as the gross produce of rye and bere and sorghum, pease, beans, and millet, increased, but their acreable yield showed diminution. The gross and average produce of onions augmented, but the area cultivated with that crop decreased. The acreage and produce of maize decreased in 1862, but the number of bushels to the acre increased from 12·1 to 15·8.

Tobacco.

51. The tobacco crop, as far as the area it covered was concerned, more than doubled during the year, the increase being from 220 acres to 508 acres. The acreable produce, however, declined from 11·6 cwt. to 8·5 cwt., in consequence of which the increase in the gross yield did not keep pace with the augmented acreage. The crop, however, yielded 4,324 cwt., which is much the largest quantity of tobacco ever produced in one year in Victoria.

52. The number of acres under crop with vines was 2,007, and the number of vines 4,492,942, or an average of 2,239 to the acre. The area under vines increased by 543 acres upon that shown in the returns of 1862.

53. The number of gallons of wine manufactured in the previous season,* as shown by the present returns, was 91,893, or nearly double the quantity returned for the season before. The grapes sold amounted to 16,344 cwt., or a slight falling off upon the quantity sent to market according to the previous returns, which, however, was much more than compensated by the increased quantity of wine made.

54. The manufacture of brandy is yet in its infancy. The quantity produced was only 28 gallons, against 79 gallons in the previous year.

55. The ages of vines in each county and district are given in Table XXX. From this table it appears that the number of vines in full bearing throughout the colony is rather more than a million and a half, whilst the vines which have not yet come to maturity amount to nearly double that number.

56. A return of the agricultural machinery in use in each county and district is given in Table XXXI, by which it is shown, that the number of reaping, threshing, and mowing machines in the whole colony amounted to 833, of which 103 were worked by steam, and 730 by horse-power; that besides these there was one steam plough in the Murray District, one steam cultivator in the County of Bourke, and two steam irrigators in the Loddon District; that the amount of power employed in working all these machines was equal to that of 2,474 horses, and the number of hands required to keep them in operation was 7,178; that 87,018 acres were reaped, and that 12,312 acres were mowed during the year by machinery, and that 300 hundred acres were ploughed by the steam plough.

57. The number of Live Stock upon farms and stations for each county as regards the former, and for each Crown Lands Commissioner's District as regards the latter, will be found in Tables XXXII to XXXIV. The following figures show the numbers of each description of stock throughout the colony† according to the returns of the last two years.

Date.	Horses.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Pigs.
March, 31st 1862	84,057	628,092	6,239,258	43,480
March, 31st 1863	86,067	576,601	6,764,851	52,991
Increase	2,010	—	525,593	9,511
Decrease	—	51,491	—	—

58. The increase in the number of horses, added to that which took place between 1862 and 1861, amounts to 9,531; the increase in sheep in two years was 983,955. The cattle in two years fell off by 145,731 head, and the pigs during the same period diminished by 8,268.

59. The number of persons keeping live stock, exclusive of the squatters, was returned as 15,463 against 13,715 in 1862. These owned upwards of two-thirds of the horses and eleven-twelfths of the pigs appearing in the returns, but no more than half the cattle and only about a ninth of the sheep.

60. The number of milch cows was 116,138, or about a fifth of the total number of cattle returned. The milch cows kept on farms amounted to 92,949, or about four-fifths of the whole number, the remaining fifth being on stations.

61. I trust that the above remarks will be found sufficiently to illustrate the progress which the period of another year has effected in the development of our agricultural resources.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

WILLIAM HENRY ARCHER,

The Honorable The Chief Secretary.

Registrar-General.

* The returns of the produce of vines are always for a season prior to the returns of acreage under that crop, in consequence of the vine crop not coming in until after the time for collecting the agricultural statistics.

† See Note to Table XXXII.

SUMMARY TABLES

AND

TABULAR RESULTS.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF VICTORIA.

1862-3.

PRINCIPAL CROPS, 1862-3.

TABLE I.—Showing the Total Extent of Land under Cultivation, the Number of Acres under each of the Principal Crops, the Gross Produce of each Crop, the Proportion per cent. of the Acreage under each Crop to the Total Cultivation, and the Average Produce per Acre of each description of Crop during the two years ending 31st March, 1862 and 1863 ; also the Increase or Decrease of each of the Principal Crops in the latter Year.

Year ending 31st March.	Total Extent of Land under Cultivation.	WHEAT.			
		Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Per cent. of Total Cultivation.	Average Produce per Acre.
	acres.		bushels.		bushels.
1862	439,895	196,922	3,607,727	44·8	18·3
1863	465,430	162,008 $\frac{3}{4}$	3,008,487	34·8	18·6
Increase in 1863	25,535	...	...	...	·3
Decrease in 1863 ... ..	...	34,913 $\frac{1}{4}$	599,240	10·0	...

Year ending 31st March.	OATS.				BARLEY.			
	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Per cent. of Total Cultivation.	Average Produce per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Per cent. of Total Cultivation.	Average Produce per Acre.
		bushels.		bushels		bushels.		bushels
1862	91,061	2,136,430	20·7	23·5	3,419	68,118	·8	19·9
1863	108,195½	2,504,301	23·2	23·1	6,829½	143,056	1·5	20·9
Increase in 1863	17,134½	367,871	2·5	...	3,410½	74,938	·7	1·0
Decrease in 1863 ... ..	...	...	...	·4	...	...	...	...

Year ending 31st March.				POTATOES.				HAY.			
				Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Per cent. of Total Cultivation.	Average Produce per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Per cent. of Total Cultivation.	Average Produce per Acre.
1862	...	...	...	27,174	tons 59,364	6·2	2·2	74,681	tons 92,479	16·9	1·2
1863	...	...	...	24,820 $\frac{1}{4}$	50,597	5·3	2·0	101,639 $\frac{1}{4}$	110,680 $\frac{1}{4}$	21·9	1·1
Increase in 1863				...	...	...	...	26,958 $\frac{1}{4}$	18,201 $\frac{1}{4}$	5·0	...
Decrease in 1863				2,353 $\frac{1}{4}$	8,767	·9	·2	...	...	...	·1

[illegible]

MINOR CROPS, 1862-3.

TABLE II.—Showing the Extent of Land under each of the Minor Crops, with their Gross Produce and Average per Acre ; also the Number of Vines, the Quantity of Grapes Sold and of Wine and Brandy Manufactured, the Number of Acres under Gardens and Orchards, and the Extent of Land in Fallow, during the Years ending 31st March, 1862 and 1863 ; also the Increase or Decrease of each in the latter Year.

Year ending 31st March.	Total Extent of Land under Minor Crops.	MAIZE.			RYE AND BERE.			SORGHUM, PEASE, BEANS, AND MILLET.		
		Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.
	acres.		bushels.	bushels.		bushels.	bushels.		bushels.	bushels.
1862	29,946	1,714	20,788	12·1	66	1,245	18·8	696	11·050	15·9
1863	33,223½	1,249½	19,720	15·8	148½	1,853	12·5	1,261¼	17,404	13·8
Increase in 1863 ...	3,277½	...	...	3·7	82½	608	...	565¼	6,354	...
Decrease in 1863 ...	...	464½	1,068	...	...	...	6·3	...	...	2·1

Year ending 31st March.	TURNIPS.			MANGEL-WURZEL.			BEET, CARROTS, AND PARSNIPS.		
	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.
		tons.	tons.		tons.	tons.		tons.	tons.
1862	187	1,120	6·0	806	6,142	7·6	194	985	5·0
1863	196¼	1,456	7·4	806¼	8,085¾	10·0	221⅞	1,106	5·0
Increase in 1863 ...	9¼	336	1·4	¼	1,943¾	2·4	27⅞	121	...
Decrease in 1863 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Year ending 31st March.	CABBAGE.			ONIONS.			TOBACCO.		
	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.	Acres under Crop.	Gross Produce.	Average per Acre.
		tons.	tons.		cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	cwt.
1862	236	1,691	7·2	249	6,262	25·1	220	2,552	11·6
1863	369¼	3,207	8·7	142½	6,548	46·0	508½	4,324	8·5
Increase in 1863 ...	133¼	1,516	1·5	...	286	20·9	288½	1,772	...
Decrease in 1863 ...	...	...	...	106½	...	...	...	...	3·1

Year ending 31st March.	VINES.					Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Land in Fallow.
	Acres under Crop.	Number of Vines.	Grapes Sold.	Wine Manufactured.	Brandy Manufactured.				
			cwt.	gallons.	gallons.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
1862	1,464	3,818,335	16,972	47,568	79	333	5,409	1,537	16,835
1863	2,006¾	4,492,942	16,344¼	91,893	28	247¾	5,847¾	1,876¼	18,341½
Increase in 1863 ...	542¾	674,607	...	44,325	...	...	438¾	339¼	1,506½
Decrease in 1863 ...	...	...	627¾	...	51	85¼	...	...	...

SUMMARY OF VICTORIA—COUNTIES AND UNSETTLED DISTRICTS—1.

TABLE III.—Showing the Number of Holders of Purchased Land and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, the Aggregate Extent of their Holdings, the Quantity of Land Enclosed, the Total Area in Cultivation, and the Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in each County and Unsettled District, and in the entire Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

STAT.—6.

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF VICTORIA, 1862-3.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.				Number of Holdings exceeding One Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.						
					PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
					Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.
				acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.		
Anglesey	...	...	...	82	27,052	1,577	28,629	778	29,407	25,581	1,649	295	269	6	2	...	1	573
Bourke	...	...	...	4,078	436,306	232,371	668,677	10,956	679,633	535,170	88,325½	21,643	12,928	1,241	18	11	137	35,978
Dalhousie	...	...	...	1,086	125,782	48,450	174,232	5,110	179,342	168,126	47,562½	13,204	22,404	414	12	15	177	36,226
Dundas	...	...	...	256	167,434	5,509	172,943	8,023	180,966	83,854	3,032	1,480	457	56	1	...	...	1,994
Evelyn	...	...	...	292	39,996	27,499	67,495	110	67,605	59,677	4,638½	1,415	617	22	6	2	18	2,080
Follett	...	...	...	10	14,034	14	14,048	...	14,048	13,312	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grant	...	...	...	2,564	441,487½	156,620	598,107½	6,370	604,477½	454,756½	64,210¾	25,757½	9,580	1,863	72½	23	601½	37,897½
Grenville	...	...	...	560	418,269	17,248	435,517	10,541	446,058	262,748	17,158	5,682	5,211	292	4	...	...	11,189
Hampden	...	...	...	258	346,157½	5,147	351,304½	4,058½	355,363	255,224½	7,724¾	2,779	1,336	23	...	...	9	4,147
Heytesbury	...	...	...	122	34,155	7,645	41,800	2,177	43,977	37,456	4,127	2,645	273	130	...	...	11	3,059
Mornington	...	...	...	599	147,342	38,716	186,058	11,121	197,179	163,482	6,440	1,827	949	86	8	27	11	2,908
Normanby	...	...	...	676	180,499	13,322	193,821	12,172	205,993	125,930	9,074	4,546	1,166	120	1	5	4	5,842
Polwarth	...	...	...	217	103,681½	5,440	109,121½	8,556½	117,678	111,276	9,220¾	3,282	1,141	52	...	...	4½	4,479¼
Ripon	...	...	...	383	189,633	20,166	209,799	2,141	211,940	128,222	24,847	8,482	7,218	273	1	...	3	15,977
Talbot	...	...	...	1,495	206,439	49,580	256,019	1,380	257,399	212,114	69,875	27,562	27,521	615	13	2	17	55,730
Villiers	...	...	...	1,228	281,754	150,791	432,545	25,691	458,236	279,541	37,252	18,643	2,206	955	1	...	231	22,036
Gipps Land	...	...	...	528	127,304	19,270¾	146,574¾	13,864	160,438¾	129,185	6,862¼	3,052¼	954½	119½	3	31½	4½	4,165¼
The Loddon	...	...	...	1,004	129,384	41,391	170,775	2,200	172,975	121,609	30,671	7,893	4,153	388	9	30	7	12,480
The Murray	...	...	...	705	201,840	7,130	208,970	12,713	221,683	129,943	26,775	11,153	8,794	122	1,098	...	19	21,186
Rodney	...	...	...	78	53,186	856	54,042	876	54,918	32,621	3,382	509	904	50	...	2	4	1,469
The Wimmera	...	...	...	195	57,849	4,049	61,898	836	62,734	23,372	2,493	159	114	2	...	...	2	277
Total	...	...	...	16,416	3,729,584½	852,791¾	4,582,376¼	139,674	4,722,050¼	3,353,200	465,430	162,008¾	108,195½	6,829½	1,249½	148½	1,261¼	279,693

SUMMARY OF VICTORIA—COUNTIES AND UNSETTLED DISTRICTS—1.

TABLE III.—(continued).—Showing the Number of Holders of Purchased Land and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, the Aggregate Extent of their Holdings, the Quantity of Land Enclosed, the Total Area in Cultivation, and the Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in each County and Unsettled District, and in the entire Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.							EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.								
							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.		
							Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.
							acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Anglesey ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	...	...	76	624	5	629
Bourke ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,931	62	223	40	224	6,480	28,648	256	28,904
Dalhousie ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,833	9	12	13	2	2,869	6,478	43	6,521
Dundas ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	1	1	...	...	102	467	23	490
Evelyn ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	760	1	11	4	1	777	1,009	94	1,103
Follett ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	4	83	...	83
Grant ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,762½	47½	323½	86¼	60½	3,280¼	16,421¼	115½	16,536¾
Grenville ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	744	...	10	...	...	754	4,608	...	4,608
Hampden ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	281¼	...	3½	¼	...	284¾	708½	8	716½
Heytesbury ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	359	...	...	...	...	359	178	...	178
Mornington ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	548	8	8	...	...	584	799	70	869
Normanby ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	378	4	13	...	...	395	1,661	50	1,711
Polwarth ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	154¼	...	11¼	...	...	165½	341½	15	356½
Ripon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,283	1	42	19	2	1,347	6,713	26	6,739
Talbot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,954½	4	46	17	38	4,059½	8,524	12	8,536
Villiers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,814	21	66	14	5	3,420	2,541	159	2,700
Gipps Land ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	319¼	4¾	9¼	¾	¾	334¾	609	58½	667½
The Loddon ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	524	23	26	22	10	605	13,420	27	13,447
The Murray ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	370	10	1	5	1	387	3,366	44	3,410
Rodney ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	...	...	...	...	65	1,438	...	1,438
The Wimmera ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	1	5	66	1,996	...	1,996
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	24,820¾	196¼	806¼	221⅞	369¼	26,414¾	100,633¼	1,006	101,639¼

SUMMARY OF VICTORIA—COUNTIES AND UNSETTLED DISTRICTS—1.

TABLE III.—(continued).—Showing the Number of Holders of Purchased Land and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, the Aggregate Extent of their Holdings, the Quantity of Land Enclosed, the Total Area in Cultivation, and the Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in each County and Unsettled District, and in the entire Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.														
					GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.
					Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
					acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	189	190	...	8	2	5	54	7	76	105
Bourke	...	...	...	...	1,117	359	806	40	75	3,703	6,100	56	38½	301	83	2,630	897	4,005½	6,858
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	28	22	16	5	4	757	832	1	16	14	9	302½	34	376½	738
Dundas	...	...	...	...	47	...	2	...	...	31	80	2	19	3	1	75	7	107	259
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	11	43	2	1	...	87	144	...	29½	113	7	45	47	241½	293
Follett	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	9	...	...	12	...	21	...
Grant	...	...	...	...	1,479	17	82	9	56	939	2,582	35¼	25¼	705½	46¾	336	225	1,373¾	2,540½
Grenville	...	...	...	...	5	7	5	...	...	266	283	...	2	13	...	64	15	94	230
Hampden	...	...	...	...	...	...	7¼	½	25	2,132½	2,165¼	...	14½	3	...	66¼	13½	97¼	314
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	98	98	1	...	...	...	32	...	33	400
Mornington	...	...	...	...	48	55	42	...	25	1,121	1,291	5	109	86	...	114	45	359	429
Normanby	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	434	441	...	20	12	16	216	22	286	399
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,580	3,580	...	2	7	...	41¼	38	88¼	551¼
Ripon	...	...	...	...	26	7	...	...	...	222	255	2	3	20	...	76	33	134	395
Talbot	...	...	...	...	33	...	87	3	4	...	127	1	...	63½	10	415	96	585½	837
Villiers	...	...	...	...	25	...	9	...	...	8,353	8,387	26	80	15	3	383	58	565	144
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	36¼	¾	127	...	5½	1,264	1,433½	¼	3½	2¾	1	149¾	77¾	234¾	27
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	130	30	112	15	29	222	538	6	62¼	190	25	584	184	1,051¼	2,549¾
The Murray	...	...	...	...	20	14	1	3	27	16	81	1	51	414	6	155	71	698	1,013
Rodney	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	2	77	85	1	10	21	10	59	6	107	218
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	5	...	...	18	5	6	21	25	38	...	95	41
Total					3,024¼	555¾	1,305¼	81½	254½	23,491½	28,712¾	142½	508½	2,006¾	247¾	5,847¾	1,876¼	10,629½	18,341½

SUMMARY OF VICTORIA.—COUNTIES AND UNSETTLED DISTRICTS—2.

TABLE IV.—Showing the Gross Produce of each description of Crop in each County and Unsettled District, and in the entire Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.						QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.												
						CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).					
						Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.
						bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	...	5,208	5,095	90	70	...	20	10,483	131	...	...	...	...	131
Bourke	...	...	...	...	...	376,527	311,634	24,006	245	102	1,921	714,435	13,108	861	2,219	332	2,686	19,206
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	...	252,713	500,726	7,795	241	281	2,044	763,800	4,626	31	37	42	8	4,744
Dundas	...	...	...	...	...	22,854	8,663	871	25	...	...	32,413	140	1	...	...	...	141
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	...	17,510	9,223	356	92	10	171	27,362	2,115	3	85	24	8	2,235
Follett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	7
Grant	...	...	...	...	...	358,199	187,448	37,858	1,873	259	7,203	592,840	5,293½	151	4,043	370	84	9,941½
Grenville	...	...	...	...	...	108,522	116,232	7,574	80	...	...	232,408	952	...	40	...	...	992
Hampden	...	...	...	...	...	51,489	25,466	458	...	...	201	77,614	724	...	29¼	2	...	755¼
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	...	56,517	5,972	3,068	...	...	124	65,681	955	...	...	...	...	955
Mornington	...	...	...	...	...	23,986	13,667	1,526	144	375	164	39,862	1,334	21	79	...	84	1,518
Normanby	...	...	...	...	...	71,594	22,902	2,231	80	142	68	97,017	713	6	66	...	...	785
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	...	56,325	21,601	952	...	...	73	78,951	345½	...	27	...	...	372½
Ripon	...	...	...	...	...	187,127	188,984	6,841	40	...	24	383,016	1,898	2	341	49	17	2,307
Talbot	...	...	...	...	...	649,735	697,958	13,247	281	65	79	1,361,365	4,874	15	207	43	36	5,175
Villiers	...	...	...	...	...	366,221	50,976	24,237	25	...	4,804	446,263	11,148	192	705	161	55	12,261
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	...	57,208	17,792	1,815	110	277	77	77,279	472	22	49½	4	3	550½
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	...	136,946	88,190	6,695	125	330	55	232,341	1,086	123	157	59	220	1,645
The Murray	...	...	...	...	...	198,919	205,425	2,536	16,289	...	320	423,489	541	28	1	16	...	586
Rodney	...	...	...	...	...	8,050	23,985	880	...	12	44	32,971	59	...	...	...	...	59
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	...	2,837	2,362	20	...	...	12	5,231	75	...	...	4	6	85
Total						3,008,487	2,504,301	143,056	19,720	1,853	17,404	5,694,821	50,597	1,456	8,085¾	1,106	3,207	64,451¾

SUMMARY OF VICTORIA.—COUNTIES AND UNSETTLED DISTRICTS—2.

TABLE IV.—(continued).—Showing the Gross Produce of each description of Crop in each County and Unsettled District, and in the entire Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.								QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.								
								HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
											Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.			
								Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.						
								tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.	Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manu- factured.
														cwt.	gallons.	gallons.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	759	7	766	...	74	4,667	29	30	...
Bourke	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27,254	294	27,548	3,516	256	729,430	3,583½	3,325	...
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,682	30	6,712	36	108	33,780	248	65	...
Dundas	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	617	34	651	...	267	5,300	70	48	...
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	803	77	880	...	100	315,300	270	11,560	...
Follett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	110	...	110	...	115	50	...	...	...
Grant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,101	116½	18,217½	1,166	298	1,658,170	2,849	69,966	...
Grenville	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,570	...	5,570	...	40	59,120	339	252	...
Hampden	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	982	13	995	...	344	3,392	103	...	...
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	315	...	315	45	...	...	...	...	...
Mornington	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	947	53	1,000	169	27	92,190	232	230	...
Normanby	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,912	38	1,950	...	160	19,235	98	100	...
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	601	20	621	...	30	4,880	127½	390	...
Ripon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,498	21	9,519	36	41	45,419	54	...	...
Talbot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,851	82	9,933	15	...	171,775	2,625	572	...
Villiers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,486	196	4,682	945	1,245	18,020	167	37	...
Gipps Land...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	812¾	38	850¾	35	35	4,500	89½	193	...
The Loddon...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,583	32	13,615	490	576	486,154	3,236	2,846	28
The Murray...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,461	30	3,491	20	483	772,430	1,932	1,546	...
Rodney	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,308	...	1,308	25	33	43,380	144	705	...
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,946	...	1,946	50	92	25,750	148	28	...
Total								109,598¾	1,081½	110,680¼	6,548	4,324	4,492,942	16,344¼	91,893	28

INCREASE OF ENCLOSED LAND.

TABLE V.—Showing the Aggregate Extent of Enclosed Land in each County and Unsettled District in the two Years ending 31st March, 1862 and 1863, with the Increase or Decrease in each during the Year.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Aggregate Extent of Enclosed Land in each County and Pastoral District.		Increase.	Decrease.
					1862.	1863.		
					acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	18,461	25,581	7,120	...
Bourke	...	...	...	...	507,495	535,170	27,675	...
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	150,457	168,126	17,669	...
Dundas	...	...	...	...	48,089	83,854	35,765	...
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	66,577	59,677	...	6,900
Follett	...	...	...	...	12,268	13,312	1,044	...
Grant	...	...	...	...	378,324	454,756½	76,432½	...
Grenville	...	...	...	...	164,849	262,748	97,899	...
Hampden	...	...	...	...	117,970	255,224½	137,254½	...
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	43,583	37,456	...	6,127
Mornington	...	...	...	...	128,885	163,482	34,597	...
Normanby	...	...	...	...	87,045	125,930	38,885	...
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	69,833	111,276	41,443	...
Ripon	...	...	...	...	103,936	123,222	24,286	...
Talbot	...	...	...	...	234,564	212,114	...	22,450
Villiers	...	...	...	...	216,341	279,541	63,200	...
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	86,872	129,185	42,313	...
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	189,465	121,609	...	67,856
The Murray	...	...	...	...	115,928	129,943	14,015	...
Rodney	...	...	...	...	15,208	32,621	17,413	...
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	33,686	23,372	...	10,314
Total					2,789,836	3,353,200	563,364	...

NOTE.—It is probable that the falling off in the extent of Enclosed Land in several of the Counties may be accounted for by the fact of some of the Collectors in 1862 having returned fencing upon unalienated land held in connection with stations which they were not required to do, and which was not done in 1863. If this view be correct, it would follow that the total increase of Fencing upon Purchased Land was greater than appears from the Table.

INCREASE OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.

TABLE VI.—Showing the Aggregate Extent of Land in Occupation in each County and Unsettled District in the two Years ending 31st March, 1862 and 1863, with the Increase or Decrease in each during the Year.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Aggregate Extent of Land in Occupation in each County and Pastoral District.		Increase.	Decrease.
					1862.	1863.		
					acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	34,456	29,407	...	5,049
Bourke	...	...	...	...	642,580	679,633	37,053	...
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	163,914	179,342	15,428	...
Dundas	...	...	...	...	112,691	180,966	68,275	...
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	86,045	67,605	...	18,440
Follett	...	...	...	...	13,217	14,048	831	...
Grant	...	...	...	...	545,659	604,477½	58,818½	...
Grenville	...	...	...	...	418,835	446,058	27,223	...
Hampden	...	...	...	...	263,285	355,363	92,078	...
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	37,869	43,977	6,108	...
Mornington	...	...	...	...	159,195	197,179	37,984	...
Normanby	...	...	...	...	163,213	205,993	42,780	...
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	104,924	117,678	12,754	...
Ripon	...	...	...	...	171,731	211,940	40,209	...
Talbot	...	...	...	...	291,303	257,399	...	33,904
Villiers	...	...	...	...	318,047	458,236	140,189	...
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	98,037	160,438¾	62,401¾	...
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	173,623	172,975	...	648
The Murray	...	...	...	...	183,099	221,683	38,584	...
Rodney	...	...	...	...	45,618	54,918	9,300	...
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	63,443	62,734	...	709
Total					4,090,784	4,722,050½	631,266½	...

INCREASE OF TILLAGE.

TABLE VII.—Showing the Aggregate Extent of Land in Cultivation in each County and Unsettled District in the two Years ending 31st March, 1862 and 1863, with the Increase or Decrease in each during the Year.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Extent of Land under Crop.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1862.	1863.		
	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Anglesey	1,539	1,649	110	...
Bourke	86,678	88,325½	1,647½	...
Dalhousie	44,410	47,562½	3,152½	...
Dundas	2,620	3,032	412	...
Evelyn	6,086	4,638½	...	1,447½
Follett	111	110	...	1
Grant	64,328	64,210¾	...	117¾
Grenville	13,273	17,158	3,885	...
Hampden	4,220	7,724¾	3,504¾	...
Heytesbury	3,527	4,127	600	...
Mornington	8,549	6,440	...	2,109
Normanby	7,955	9,074	1,119	...
Polwarth	6,378	9,220¾	2,842¾	...
Ripon	23,465	24,847	1,382	...
Talbot	64,454	69,875	5,421	...
Villiers	35,305	37,252	1,947	...
Gipps Land	5,168	6,862¼	1,694¼	...
The Loddon	28,918	30,671	1,753	...
The Murray	27,869	26,775	...	1,094
Rodney	2,768	3,382	614	...
The Wimmera	2,274	2,493	219	...
Total	439,895	465,430	25,535	...

AVERAGE AREA OF HOLDINGS AND PROPORTION CULTIVATED.

TABLE VIII.—Showing by Counties and Unsettled Districts the Average Extent of Holdings, the Area of each under Crop, and the proportion per cent. of Occupied Land in Cultivation, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Average Extent of Holdings.	Average Area placed in Cultivation by each Holder.	Proportion of Occupied Land in Cultivation.
	acres.	acres.	per cent.
Anglesey	358·6	20·1	6·0
Bourke	166·8	21·7	13·0
Dalhousie	165·1	43·8	26·5
Dundas	706·9	11·8	1·7
Evelyn	231·5	15·9	6·9
Follett	1,404·8	11·0	·8
Grant	235·8	25·0	10·6
Grenville	796·6	30·6	3·8
Hampden	1,377·4	30·0	2·2
Heytesbury	360·5	33·8	9·4
Mornington	329·2	10·8	3·3
Normanby	304·7	13·4	4·4
Polwarth	542·3	42·5	7·8
Ripon	553·4	64·9	11·7
Talbot	172·2	46·8	27·1
Villiers	373·2	30·3	8·1
Gipps Land	303·9	13·0	4·3
The Loddon	172·3	30·6	17·7
The Murray	314·4	38·0	12·1
Rodney	704·1	43·4	6·2
The Wimmera	321·7	12·8	4·0
Total	287·7	28·4	9·8

PROPORTION OF LAND UNDER VARIOUS CROPS.

TABLE IX.—Showing the Proportion to the Total Land in Cultivation, of that placed under each of the Principal Crops in each County and Unsettled District in Victoria, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Hay.	Green Forage.
					per cent.	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.	per cent.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	17.9	16.3	.4	4.6	38.1	11.6
Bourke	...	...	...	...	24.5	14.7	1.4	6.6	32.8	6.8
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	27.8	47.1	.9	5.9	13.7	1.8
Dundas	...	...	...	...	48.8	15.1	1.7	3.3	16.2	2.7
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	30.5	13.3	.5	16.4	23.8	3.1
Follett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.8	75.4	1.8
Grant	...	...	...	...	40.1	14.9	2.9	4.3	25.9	4.1
Grenville	...	...	...	...	33.1	30.4	1.8	4.4	26.8	1.6
Hampden	...	...	...	...	35.9	17.3	.3	3.7	9.2	28.1
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	64.1	6.6	3.1	8.7	4.3	2.4
Mornington	...	...	...	...	28.4	14.7	1.4	8.5	13.5	20.0
Normanby	...	...	...	...	50.1	12.8	1.4	4.2	18.8	4.8
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	35.6	12.4	.6	1.7	3.8	38.8
Ripon	...	...	...	...	34.1	29.1	1.1	5.2	27.2	1.0
Talbot	...	...	...	...	39.4	39.3	.9	5.7	12.2	.2
Villiers	...	...	...	...	50.2	5.9	2.4	8.9	7.4	22.6
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	44.5	15.9	1.8	4.5	9.8	20.9
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	25.7	13.5	1.3	1.7	43.8	1.8
The Murray	...	...	...	...	41.7	32.9	.4	1.4	12.7	.3
Rodney	...	...	...	...	15.1	26.6	1.5	1.9	42.5	2.6
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	6.4	4.6	.1	2.3	80.0	.8
Total					34.8	23.2	1.5	5.3	21.9	6.2

AVERAGE PRODUCE.

TABLE X.—Showing the Average Produce per Acre of the Principal Crops in each County and Unsettled District of Victoria, for the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Potatoes.	Hay.
					bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	17.7	18.9	15.0	1.7	1.2
Bourke	...	...	...	...	17.4	24.1	19.3	2.2	1.0
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	19.1	22.3	18.8	1.6	1.0
Dundas	...	...	...	...	15.4	19.0	15.6	1.4	1.3
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	12.4	15.0	16.2	2.8	.8
Follett	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.8	1.3
Grant	...	...	...	...	13.9	19.5	20.3	1.9	1.1
Grenville	...	...	...	...	19.1	22.3	26.0	1.3	1.2
Hampden	...	...	...	...	18.5	19.1	19.9	2.6	1.4
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	21.4	21.9	23.6	2.6	1.8
Mornington	...	...	...	...	13.1	14.4	17.8	2.4	1.2
Normanby	...	...	...	...	15.7	19.6	18.6	1.9	1.1
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	17.2	18.9	18.3	2.2	1.7
Ripon	...	...	...	...	22.1	26.2	25.1	1.5	1.4
Talbot	...	...	...	...	23.6	25.4	21.5	1.2	1.2
Villiers	...	...	...	...	19.6	23.1	25.4	3.4	1.7
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	18.7	18.6	15.2	1.5	1.3
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	17.4	21.2	17.3	2.1	1.0
The Murray	...	...	...	...	17.8	23.4	20.8	1.5	1.0
Rodney	...	...	...	...	15.8	26.5	17.6	.9	.9
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	17.8	20.7	10.0	1.3	1.0
Average for the Colony					18.6	23.1	20.9	2.0	1.1

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS--1.

INCREASE OF EACH CLASS OF HOLDINGS--NUMBER.

TABLE XI.—Showing the Number of Holdings of each Class in the Two Years ending the 31st March, 1862 and 1863, with the Increase of each class.

SIZE OF HOLDINGS.							NUMBER OF HOLDINGS OF EACH CLASS.		Increase.
							1862.	1863.	
1 acre to 5 acres	...	...	...	...	...	...	998	1,054	56
5 " 15 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	2,273	273
15 " 30 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,648	1,917	269
30 " 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,533	1,638	105
50 " 100 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,864	3,104	240
100 " 200 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,843	3,279	436
200 " 350 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,444	1,457	13
350 " 500 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	381	423	42
500 acres and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,249	1,271	22
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,960	16,416	1,456

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS--2.

INCREASE OF EACH CLASS OF HOLDINGS--EXTENT.

TABLE XII.—Showing the Aggregate Extent of Land comprised in Holdings of each class in the Two Years ending 31st March, 1862 and 1863, with the Increase or Decrease of each class.

SIZE OF HOLDINGS.							AGGREGATE EXTENT OF LAND COMPRISED IN THE DIFFERENT CLASSES OF HOLDINGS.		Increase.	Decrease.
							1862.	1863.		
1 acre to 5 acres	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres. 3,421	acres. 3,108	...	313
5 " 15 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,175	19,505½	2,330½	...
15 " 30 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	34,012	39,868¼	5,856¼	...
30 " 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	58,400	62,681½	4,281½	...
50 " 100 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	201,524	222,066	20,542	...
100 " 200 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	392,036	453,416	61,380	...
200 " 350 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	377,172	380,037	2,865	...
350 " 500 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	155,113	173,931	18,818	...
500 acres and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,851,931	3,367,437	515,506	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,090,784	4,722,050¼	631,266¼	...

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS--3.

LAND HELD AND CULTIVATED BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XIII.—Showing the Proportion of Land Occupied and Cultivated by holders of Allotments classified as to size in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

SIZE OF HOLDINGS.							HOLDERS.		LAND IN OCCUPATION.			LAND IN CULTIVATION.			
							Number.	Proportion per cent.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		Proportion per cent.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		Proportion per cent.	Per centage of Land in occupation.
									Total.	Average of each class.		Total.	Average of each class.		
1 acre to 5 acres	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,054	6·4	3,108	2·9	·1	1,973¼	1·9	·4	63·5
5 " 15 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,273	13·8	19,505½	8·6	·4	11,938¾	5·3	2·6	61·2
15 " 30 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,917	11·7	39,868¼	20·8	·8	19,802¾	10·3	4·3	49·6
30 " 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,638	10·0	62,681½	38·3	1·3	29,639¾	18·1	6·4	47·3
50 " 100 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,104	18·9	222,066	71·5	4·7	90,093¼	29·0	19·4	40·5
100 " 200 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,279	20·0	453,416	138·0	9·6	134,473½	41·0	28·9	29·7
200 " 350 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,457	8·9	380,037	260·8	8·1	83,649¾	57·4	17·9	22·0
350 " 500 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	423	2·6	173,931	411·2	3·7	27,196¼	64·3	5·8	15·7
500 acres and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,271	7·7	3,367,437	2,649·4	71·3	66,664	52·4	14·3	1·9
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,416	100·0	4,722,050¼	287·7	100·0	465,430	28·4	100·0	9·9

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—4.

LAND UNDER VARIOUS CROPS, AND PRODUCE RAISED BY EACH CLASS.

TABLE XIV.—Showing the Relative Proportion of Land Cultivated with Cereals, Green Crops, Hay, and other Tillage, and of Produce raised on Allotments classified as to size, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

SIZE OF HOLDINGS.						CEREALS.					
						ACREAGE.			PRODUCE.		
						Total under crop.	Proportion per cent.	Per centage of the land in cultivation.	Gross.	Average per acre.	Per centage to the total raised.
1 acre to 5 acres	...	...	...	...	...	455 $\frac{3}{4}$	·2	23·1	bushels. 7,909	bushels. 17·4	·1
5 " 15 "	...	...	...	...	...	4,080 $\frac{3}{4}$	1·4	34·2	77,217	18·9	1·4
15 " 30 "	...	...	...	...	...	9,141	3·3	46·2	171,303	18·7	3·0
30 " 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	16,138 $\frac{3}{4}$	5·8	54·4	323,112	20·0	5·7
50 " 100 "	...	...	...	...	...	58,880 $\frac{3}{4}$	21·1	65·4	1,185,267	20·1	20·8
100 " 200 "	...	...	...	...	...	91,318 $\frac{1}{4}$	32·6	67·9	1,878,148	20·6	32·9
200 " 350 "	...	...	...	...	...	54,456 $\frac{1}{4}$	19·5	65·1	1,113,480	20·4	19·6
350 " 500 "	...	...	...	...	...	16,750 $\frac{1}{2}$	5·9	61·6	342,939	26·5	6·0
500 acres and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	28,471	10·2	42·9	595,446	20·9	10·5
Total	...	...	...	...	...	279,693	100·0	60·1	5,694,821	20·4	100·0

SIZE OF HOLDINGS.						GREEN CROPS.					
						ACREAGE.			PRODUCE.		
						Total under crop.	Proportion per cent.	Per centage of the land in cultivation.	Gross.	Average per acre.	Per centage to the total raised.
1 acre to 5 acres	...	...	...	...	...	380 $\frac{1}{4}$	1·5	19·3	tons. 1,125 $\frac{1}{2}$	tons. 3·0	1·8
5 " 15 "	...	...	...	...	...	1,698 $\frac{1}{4}$	6·4	14·2	5,268	3·1	8·2
15 " 30 "	...	...	...	...	...	2,311 $\frac{3}{8}$	8·7	11·7	5,669 $\frac{1}{4}$	2·5	8·8
30 " 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	2,013 $\frac{1}{2}$	7·6	6·8	5,011 $\frac{1}{2}$	2·4	7·7
50 " 100 "	...	...	...	...	...	4,970 $\frac{3}{4}$	18·8	5·5	10,594 $\frac{1}{4}$	2·1	16·4
100 " 200 "	...	...	...	...	...	7,366	27·9	5·5	17,570	2·4	27·3
200 " 350 "	...	...	...	...	...	4,274 $\frac{1}{4}$	16·2	5·1	10,448 $\frac{3}{4}$	2·4	16·2
350 " 500 "	...	...	...	...	...	1,025 $\frac{1}{2}$	3·9	3·9	2,346	2·3	3·7
500 acres and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	2,374 $\frac{1}{2}$	9·0	3·4	6,418 $\frac{1}{2}$	2·7	9·9
Total	...	...	...	...	...	26,414 $\frac{3}{8}$	100·0	5·7	64,451 $\frac{3}{4}$	2·4	100·0

SIZE OF HOLDINGS.						HAY.						OTHER TILLAGE.		
						ACREAGE.			PRODUCE.			ACREAGE.		
						Total under crop.	Proportion per cent.	Per centage of the land in cultivation.	Gross.	Average per acre.	Per centage to the total raised.	Total under crop.	Proportion per cent.	Per centage of the land in cultivation.
1 acre to 5 acres	...	...	...	...	..	337 $\frac{1}{2}$	·2	17·2	tons. 414 $\frac{1}{2}$	tons. 1·2	·4	799 $\frac{3}{4}$	1·4	40·4
5 " 15 "	...	...	...	...	...	2,753 $\frac{1}{2}$	2·7	23·1	2,954 $\frac{1}{2}$	1·1	2·7	3,405 $\frac{7}{8}$	5·9	28·5
15 " 30 "	...	...	...	...	...	5,523 $\frac{1}{2}$	5·4	27·9	5,373	·9	4·9	2,826 $\frac{3}{4}$	4·9	14·2
30 " 50 "	...	...	...	...	...	8,390	8·3	28·3	8,881 $\frac{1}{2}$	1·1	8·0	3,096 $\frac{7}{8}$	5·4	10·5
50 " 100 "	...	...	...	...	...	19,575 $\frac{1}{4}$	19·3	21·7	20,638 $\frac{1}{2}$	1·1	18·7	6,666 $\frac{1}{2}$	11·6	7·4
100 " 200 "	...	...	...	...	...	25,900 $\frac{1}{2}$	25·5	19·2	28,503 $\frac{1}{4}$	1·1	25·8	9,889 $\frac{1}{4}$	17·1	7·4
200 " 350 "	...	...	...	...	...	16,923	16·7	20·2	18,974	1·1	17·1	7,996 $\frac{1}{8}$	13·8	9·6
350 " 500 "	...	...	...	...	...	6,476	6·4	23·5	7,406 $\frac{1}{2}$	1·2	6·6	2,944 $\frac{1}{4}$	5·1	11·0
500 acres and upwards	...	...	...	...	...	15,760	15·5	23·6	17,534 $\frac{1}{2}$	1·1	15·8	20,058	34·8	30·1
Total	...	...	...	...	...	101,639 $\frac{1}{4}$	100·0	21·8	110,680 $\frac{1}{4}$	1·1	100·0	57,683 $\frac{3}{8}$	100·0	12·4

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—5.

NUMBER OF HOLDINGS OF EACH CLASS.

TABLE XV.—Showing the Number of Holdings of different Sizes in each County and Unsettled District in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	NUMBER OF HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	82	...	11	5	8	16	12	10	...	20
Bourke ...	4,078	426	879	487	342	604	627	363	109	241
Dalhousie...	1,086	17	78	108	111	261	282	137	38	54
Dundas ...	256	17	47	22	16	29	66	13	6	40
Evelyn ...	292	16	21	25	23	56	64	37	16	34
Follett ...	10	2	2	1	1	...	...	1	...	3
Grant ...	2,564	141	367	406	314	508	463	181	48	136
Grenville ...	560	23	52	106	43	90	120	30	11	85
Hampden ...	258	15	30	24	37	39	53	7	4	49
Heytesbury ...	122	3	9	7	4	16	47	20	4	12
Mornington ...	599	55	57	46	38	84	123	82	29	85
Normanby ...	676	51	72	48	62	136	180	52	13	62
Polwarth ...	217	12	20	15	11	48	69	24	3	15
Ripon ...	383	10	26	31	41	105	98	37	5	30
Talbot ...	1,495	37	108	204	209	411	305	141	34	46
Villiers ...	1,228	121	245	123	87	151	263	98	26	114
Gipps Land ...	528	22	83	65	63	70	109	40	17	59
The Loddon ...	1,004	66	102	117	142	227	186	78	29	57
The Murray ...	705	5	32	46	57	218	186	76	25	60
Rodney ...	78	...	7	3	10	10	13	15	4	16
The Wimmera ...	195	15	25	28	19	25	13	15	2	53
Total ...	16,416	1,054	2,273	1,917	1,638	3,104	3,279	1,457	423	1,271
Per centage ...	100.0	6.4	13.8	11.7	10.0	18.9	20.0	8.9	2.6	7.7

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—6.

EXTENT OF LAND IN HOLDINGS OF EACH CLASS.

TABLE XVI.—Showing the Extent of Land occupied by Holdings of various Sizes in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	EXTENT IN ACRES OF LAND OCCUPIED BY HOLDERS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	29,407	...	92	106	336	1,152	1,768	2,821	...	23,132
Bourke ...	679,633	1,326	7,467	9,922	13,028	42,551	87,701	95,474	45,388	376,776
Dalhousie...	179,342	49	680	2,331	4,223	18,466	38,529	35,650	15,610	63,804
Dundas ...	180,966	46	372	476	658	2,229	8,595	3,523	2,385	162,682
Evelyn ...	67,605	48	162	488	877	3,988	9,106	10,089	6,926	35,921
Follett ...	14,048	6	24	20	38	...	...	320	...	13,640
Grant ...	604,477½	398	3,228½	8,227	12,060	36,842	62,169	46,169	19,946	415,438
Grenville ...	446,058	66	421	2,148	1,604	6,795	17,458	7,523	4,434	405,609
Hampden ...	355,363	37½	241	534	1,367½	2,637	7,205	2,113	1,716	339,512
Heytesbury ...	43,977	10	85	146	151	1,159	6,435	5,071	1,579	29,341
Mornington ...	197,179	139	479	1,060	1,452	5,576	17,455	22,147	11,806	137,065
Normanby ...	205,993	153	677	1,030	2,473	10,188	25,396	13,553	4,709	147,814
Polwarth ...	117,678	30	146	295	421	3,489	9,895	6,129	1,187	96,086
Ripon ...	211,940	30	198	625	1,570	8,125	13,343	9,441	2,138	176,470
Talbot ...	257,399	103	982	4,334	7,935	29,764	41,457	35,737	14,251	122,836
Villiers ...	458,236	361	2,128	2,540	3,338	10,316	37,240	25,105	10,617	366,591
Gipps Land ...	160,438¾	53½	714	1,406¼	2,352	4,752	15,430	10,877	7,158	117,696
The Loddon ...	172,975	194	883	2,546	5,519	16,041	24,808	20,502	11,771	90,711
The Murray ...	221,683	14	252	980	2,176	15,511	25,631	19,634	9,980	147,505
Rodney ...	54,918	...	57	65	368	834	1,777	3,973	1,580	46,264
The Wimmera ...	62,734	44	217	589	735	1,651	2,018	4,186	750	52,544
Total ...	4,722,050¼	3,108	19,505½	39,868¼	62,681½	222,066	453,416	380,037	173,931	3,367,437
Per centage ...	100.0	.1	.4	.8	1.3	4.7	9.6	8.1	3.7	71.3

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—7.

EXTENT CULTIVATED BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XVII.—Showing the Extent of Land Cultivated on Holdings of various sizes in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	EXTENT OF ACRES OF LAND CULTIVATED BY HOLDERS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	1,649	...	34	55	93	376	321	172	...	598
Bourke ...	88,325½	643½	4,100	3,808	4,552	14,013	21,007	16,782	6,944	16,476
Dalhousie ...	47,562½	40	444½	1,370	2,648	8,661	15,359	10,217	3,377	5,446
Dundas ...	3,032	38	207	294	251	478	880	168	156	560
Evelyn ...	4,638½	34	95	137	178	973	1,105½	1,012	423	681
Follett ...	110	6	18	12	...	...	...	24	...	50
Grant ...	64,210¾	334½	2,373½	4,373½	5,636½	13,284¾	18,571½	10,369½	3,146½	6,120½
Grenville ...	17,158	46	285	1,163	936	3,459	6,492	2,216	457	2,104
Hampden ...	7,724¾	25	188¾	381¾	874¼	1,232¾	2,015¼	362¼	143½	2,501¼
Heytesbury ...	4,127	10	73	90	63	337	1,503	1,060	224	767
Mornington ...	6,440	43	108	265	215	671	1,217	1,210	559	2,152
Normanby ...	9,074	103	373	317	642	2,053	2,846	1,228	283	1,229
Polwarth ...	9,220¾	22¾	63¾	175½	170	1,428¾	2,208	1,129¾	87¼	3,935¼
Ripon ...	24,847	28	157	430	1,154	5,913	8,313	5,696	1,095	2,061
Talbot ...	69,875	93	650	2,781	4,895	17,782	21,746	12,994	4,322	4,612
Villiers ...	37,252	294	1,565	1,484	1,760	4,287	12,259	7,150	1,813	6,640
Gipps Land ...	6,862¼	22½	294¼	544⅞	719¾	925	1,796¼	952	345	1,263
The Loddon ...	30,671	160	677	1,427	3,304	7,290	8,093	5,168	1,761	2,791
The Murray ...	26,775	12	118	490	940	6,298	7,923	4,568	1,791	4,635
Rodney ...	3,382	...	30	39	263	278	443	895	234	1,200
The Wimmera ...	2,493	18	84	165	345	353	375	276	35	842
Total ...	465,430	1,973½	11,938¾	19,802¾	29,639¾	90,093¼	134,473½	83,649¾	27,196¼	66,664
Per centage ...	100·0	·4	2·6	4·3	6·4	19·4	28·9	17·9	5·8	14·3

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—8.

EXTENT PLACED UNDER CEREALS BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XVIII.—Showing the Extent of Land placed under Cereal Crops on Holdings of different sizes, in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	EXTENT IN ACRES UNDER CEREAL CROPS ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey	573	...	9	14	21	157	183	58	...	131
Bourke	35,978	82	464	681	1,110	6,360	10,578	7,530	3,141	6,032
Dalhousie	36,226	27	244	914	1,972	6,376	11,824	8,456	2,476	3,937
Dundas	1,994	11	100	224	195	348	739	104	133	140
Evelyn	2,080	4	32	31	83	437	520	495	214	264
Follett ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grant	37,897½	87½	986½	2,239	3,229	8,221	11,320½	6,613	1,829	3,372
Grenville	11,189	8	132	637	431	2,099	4,764	1,493	265	1,360
Hampden	4,147	6	102½	268½	714	924½	1,640½	237	129	125
Heytesbury	3,059	7	49	72	50	278	1,284	918	199	202
Mornington	2,908	19	50	137	95	368	705	624	287	623
Normanby	5,842	37	226	202	423	1,491	2,268	697	108	390
Polwarth	4,479¼	6	25	106	67	1,153	1,836¼	978	84	224
Ripon	15,977	12	38	184	634	3,876	5,463	4,230	664	876
Talbot	55,730	19	245	1,419	3,660	14,583	17,999	10,584	3,733	3,488
Villiers	22,036	98	979	1,024	1,281	3,292	8,456	4,012	769	2,125
Gipps Land	4,165½	7½	146¾	321½	448¾	495¼	1,340	601¼	224½	580
The Loddon	12,480	15	160	300	865	2,900	3,683	2,489	715	1,353
The Murray	21,186	6	84	329	654	5,283	6,482	3,741	1,587	3,020
Rodney	1,469	...	1	11	141	163	200	555	193	205
The Wimmera	277	4	7	27	65	76	33	41	...	24
Total	279,693	455¾	4,080¾	9,141	16,138¾	58,880¾	91,318¼	54,456¼	16,750½	28,471
Per centage	100·0	·2	1·4	3·3	5·8	21·1	32·6	19·5	5·9	10·2

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—9.

EXTENT PLACED UNDER GREEN CROPS BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XIX.—Showing the Extent of Land placed under Green Crops, on Holdings of different sizes, in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	EXTENT IN ACRES UNDER GREEN CROPS ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	76	...	7	5	3	20	8	19	...	14
Bourke ...	6,480	61	601	471	434	1,196	1,728	1,074	235	680
Dalhousie...	2,869	3	62	108	158	513	1,016	590	161	258
Dundas ...	102	5	5	10	5	18	28	6	6	19
Evelyn ...	777	10	26	42	51	182	199	149	61	57
Follett ...	4	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...
Grant ...	3,280 $\frac{1}{4}$	85 $\frac{1}{2}$	310	617	399 $\frac{1}{2}$	611	692 $\frac{1}{4}$	298 $\frac{1}{2}$	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	195
Grenville ...	754	8	13	145	19	124	202	126	21	96
Hampden ...	284 $\frac{3}{4}$	3	24 $\frac{3}{4}$	23 $\frac{3}{4}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{3}{4}$	82 $\frac{3}{4}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	10	23 $\frac{3}{4}$
Heytesbury ...	359	2	24	18	11	55	144	65	14	26
Mornington ...	584	19	25	33	34	83	146	113	39	92
Normanby ...	395	13	22	16	23	88	113	63	17	40
Polwarth ...	165 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{4}$	5 $\frac{1}{4}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{3}{4}$	28 $\frac{1}{4}$	66 $\frac{1}{4}$	25 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	14 $\frac{3}{4}$
Ripon ...	1,347	4	23	80	59	268	418	275	59	161
Talbot ...	4,059 $\frac{1}{2}$	12	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	360	359	1,008	1,168 $\frac{1}{2}$	648	155 $\frac{1}{2}$	306
Villiers ...	3,420	140	459	267	205	404	1,079	546	86	234
Gipps Land ...	334 $\frac{3}{8}$	1 $\frac{3}{4}$	26 $\frac{3}{4}$	40 $\frac{1}{8}$	34 $\frac{3}{4}$	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{4}$	39 $\frac{3}{4}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	53
The Loddon ...	605	5	15	37	115	108	97	148	43	37
The Murray ...	387	2	...	10	39	116	86	64	30	40
Rodney ...	65	...	5	1	2	8	12	9	3	25
The Wimmera ...	66	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	2	12	16	28 $\frac{1}{4}$	2	...	...	3
Total ...	26,414 $\frac{3}{8}$	380 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,698 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,311 $\frac{3}{8}$	2,013 $\frac{1}{2}$	4,970 $\frac{3}{4}$	7,366	4,274 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,025 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,374 $\frac{1}{2}$
Per centage ...	100.0	1.5	6.4	8.7	7.6	18.8	27.9	16.2	3.9	9.0

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—10.

EXTENT PLACED UNDER HAY BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XX.—Showing the Extent of Land placed under Hay, on Holdings of different sizes, in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	EXTENT IN ACRES UNDER HAY ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	629	...	16	34	62	183	95	41	...	198
Bourke ...	28,904	94	1,061	1,414	1,809	4,219	6,112	6,004	2,555	5,636
Dalhousie...	6,521	1	82	316	457	1,524	2,111	886	494	650
Dundas ...	490	7	30	38	22	59	46	22	15	251
Evelyn ...	1,103	8	18	44	27	260	222	220	96	208
Follett ...	83	4	18	10	...	...	...	15	...	36
Grant ...	16,536 $\frac{3}{8}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	592	895	1,431 $\frac{1}{2}$	3,199 $\frac{3}{4}$	5,006	2,584	951	1,815
Grenville ...	4,608	21	124	339	479	1,134	1,434	491	169	417
Hampden ...	716 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	18	54	88	124	72	70	2	286
Heytesbury ...	178	...	...	...	2	2	71	51	9	43
Mornington ...	869	3	11	33	29	76	228	188	91	210
Normanby ...	1,711	6	62	58	134	359	352	226	105	409
Polwarth ...	356 $\frac{1}{2}$	9	21	17	27	26	88 $\frac{1}{2}$	111	...	57
Ripon ...	6,739	7	46	160	434	1,625	2,274	1,020	368	805
Talbot ...	8,536	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	254 $\frac{1}{2}$	752	695	2,026	2,287	1,373	410	709
Villiers ...	2,700	11	33	86	126	286	864	560	220	514
Gipps Land ...	667 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	24	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	64 $\frac{1}{2}$	92 $\frac{1}{2}$	139	120	42	135
The Loddon ...	13,447	67	248	965	1,921	3,360	3,264	1,857	757	1,008
The Murray ...	3,410	...	27	123	237	709	774	650	125	765
Rodney ...	1,438	...	18	14	109	84	143	207	32	831
The Wimmera ...	1,996	5	50	121	236	227	318	227	35	777
Total ...	101,639 $\frac{1}{4}$	337 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,753 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,523 $\frac{1}{2}$	8,390	19,575 $\frac{1}{4}$	25,900 $\frac{1}{2}$	16,923	6,476	15,760
Per centage ...	100.0	.2	2.7	5.4	8.3	19.3	25.5	16.7	6.4	15.5

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—11.

EXTENT PLACED UNDER GREEN FORAGE, ETC., BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XXI.—Showing the Extent of Land placed under all Crops, exclusive of Cereals, Green Crops, and Hay, on Holdings of different sizes in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	EXTENT OF ACRES UNDER GREEN FORAGE, GARDENS, LAND IN FALLOW, ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	371	...	2	2	7	16	35	54	...	255
Bourke ...	16,963½	406½	1,974	1,242	1,199	2,238	2,589	2,174	1,013	4,128
Dalhousie ...	1,946½	9	56½	32	61	248	408	285	246	601
Dundas ...	446	15	72	22	29	53	67	36	2	150
Evelyn ...	678½	12	19	20	17	94	164½	148	52	152
Follett ...	23	2	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	14
Grant ...	6,496¼	99	485	622½	576½	1,253	1,553¼	874	295	738
Grenville ...	607	9	16	42	7	102	92	106	2	231
Hampden ...	2,576½	13½	43½	35½	31¾	121½	220	41¾	2½	2,066½
Heytesbury ...	531	1	...	...	...	2	4	26	2	496
Mornington ...	2,079	2	22	62	57	144	138	285	142	1,227
Normanby ...	1,126	47	63	41	62	115	113	242	53	390
Polwarth ...	4,219½	4½	12½	39	70¼	221½	217	15¾	¼	3,639½
Ripon ...	784	5	50	6	27	144	158	171	4	219
Talbot ...	1,549½	32½	108	250	181	165	291½	389	23½	109
Villiers ...	9,096	45	94	107	148	305	1,860	2,032	738	3,767
Gipps Land ...	1,695½	13½	96¾	132¾	171¾	287¾	239	191	68	495
The Loddon ...	4,139	73	254	125	403	922	1,049	674	246	393
The Murray ...	1,792	4	7	28	10	190	581	113	49	810
Rodney ...	410	...	6	13	11	23	88	124	6	139
The Wimmera ...	154	6¼	25	5	28	21¾	22	8	...	38
Total ...	57,683¾	799¾	3,405⅞	2,826¾	3,096⅞	6,666½	9,889¼	7,996½	2,944¼	20,058
Per centage ...	100·0	1·4	5·9	4·9	5·4	11·6	17·1	13·8	5·1	34·8

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—12.

PRODUCE OF CEREALS RAISED BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XXII.—Showing the Gross Produce of Cereals grown on Holdings of different sizes in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	PRODUCE OF CEREALS GROWN ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	bushels. 10,483	bushels. ...	bushels. 155	bushels. 182	bushels. 294	bushels. 2,971	bushels. 3,120	bushels. 720	bushels. ...	bushels. 3,041
Bourke ...	714,435	769	8,869	10,280	20,770	124,404	218,529	146,464	63,382	120,968
Dalhousie ...	763,800	508	4,527	16,950	41,235	126,660	248,561	184,864	53,798	86,697
Dundas ...	32,413	142	1,239	4,030	2,823	5,265	13,359	1,590	1,324	2,641
Evelyn ...	27,362	55	391	433	799	5,960	6,134	6,290	3,556	3,744
Follett ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grant ...	592,840	1,683	14,240	37,090	53,611	123,593	178,297	100,736	30,228	53,362
Grenville ...	232,408	180	3,251	12,384	9,136	44,240	97,923	30,270	4,745	30,279
Hampden ...	77,614	126	1,903	4,484	11,974	18,049	32,439	4,221	2,398	2,020
Heytesbury ...	65,681	126	1,356	1,593	780	6,132	26,190	21,042	3,602	4,860
Mornington ...	39,862	225	581	1,346	1,220	4,484	9,934	8,177	3,801	10,094
Normanby ...	97,017	655	4,405	2,816	6,976	24,848	35,524	12,904	2,789	6,100
Polwarth ...	78,951	69	442	1,898	1,528	19,651	32,965	17,782	1,143	3,473
Ripon ...	383,016	280	954	3,983	15,550	89,850	132,230	102,038	14,952	23,179
Talbot ...	1,361,365	386	5,074	34,636	88,016	348,132	444,367	254,151	87,334	99,269
Villiers ...	446,263	2,260	22,603	20,915	26,522	63,831	174,813	78,329	15,314	41,676
Gipps Land ...	77,279	82	2,939	6,430	8,540	8,626	25,466	10,663	3,623	10,910
The Loddon ...	232,341	265	2,565	4,868	15,842	55,685	72,131	42,401	15,403	23,181
The Murray ...	423,489	66	1,528	6,347	12,070	107,870	122,187	76,059	31,032	66,330
Rodney ...	32,971	...	30	152	3,840	3,626	3,409	14,219	4,515	3,180
The Wimmera ...	5,231	32	165	486	1,586	1,390	570	560	...	442
Total ...	5,694,821	7,909	77,217	171,303	323,112	1,185,267	1,878,148	1,113,480	342,939	595,446
Per centage ...	100·0	·1	1·4	3·0	5·7	20·8	32·9	19·6	6·0	10·5

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—13.

PRODUCE OF GREEN CROPS RAISED BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XXIII.—Showing the Gross Produce of Green Crops grown on Holdings of different sizes in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	PRODUCE OF GREEN CROPS GROWN ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	131	...	12	7	7	31	15	33	...	26
Bourke ...	19,206	214	2,263	1,907	1,524	2,966	4,844	2,687	602	2,199
Dalhousie...	4,744	5	117	164	243	886	1,637	994	275	423
Dundas ...	141	7	10	15	4	17	48	6	8	26
Evelyn ...	2,235	25	87	122	159	458	571	463	194	156
Follett ...	7	...	...	4	...	...	...	3	...	...
Grant ...	9,941½	266	736½	1,471½	1,095	1,938½	2,478	903	218	835
Grenville ...	992	11	17	164	24	162	290	178	29	117
Hampden ...	755¼	6	56¾	92½	82	153½	224½	33½	38	68½
Heytesbury ...	955	4	71	59	24	144	350	172	37	94
Mornington ...	1,518	37	50	92	97	177	373	311	131	250
Normanby ...	785	22	35	22	40	153	254	129	49	81
Polwarth ...	372½	9	17½	35	14½	64	128½	63	8	33
Ripon ...	2,307	6	61	132	98	352	691	455	114	398
Talbot ...	5,175	14¾	59½	511	474½	1,176¾	1,578½	716	213	431
Villiers ...	12,261	486	1,605	740	639	1,436	3,613	2,351	340	1,051
Gipps Land ...	550½	1¾	46¾	61¼	48½	61½	122½	90¼	17	101
The Loddon ...	1,645	5	18	47	366	183	197	764	39	26
The Murray ...	586	3	...	14	44	184	144	88	33	76
Rodney ...	59	...	4	...	4	9	8	9	1	24
The Wimmera ...	85	3	1	9	24	42	3	...	...	3
Total ...	64,451¾	1,125½	5,268	5,669¼	5,011½	10,594¼	17,570	10,448¾	2,346	6,418½
Per centage ...	100.0	1.8	8.2	8.8	7.7	16.4	27.3	16.2	3.7	9.9

CLASSIFICATION OF HOLDINGS—14.

PRODUCE OF HAY RAISED BY EACH CLASS OF LANDHOLDERS.

TABLE XXIV.—Showing the Gross Produce of Hay grown on Holdings of different sizes in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total.	PRODUCE OF HAY GROWN ON HOLDINGS OF—								
		More than 1 acre and under 5 acres.	5 acres and under 15 acres.	15 acres and under 30 acres.	30 acres and under 50 acres.	50 acres and under 100 acres.	100 acres and under 200 acres.	200 acres and under 350 acres.	350 acres and under 500 acres.	500 acres and upwards.
Anglesey ...	766	...	15	62	65	225	99	30	...	270
Bourke ...	27,548	121	1,039	1,172	1,709	3,836	5,585	6,135	2,379	5,572
Dalhousie...	6,712	1	76	253	491	1,447	2,156	1,033	530	725
Dundas ...	651	6	25	63	19	41	98	24	14	361
Evelyn ...	880	7	18	20	23	228	146	177	62	199
Follett ...	110	6	18	15	...	...	...	20	...	51
Grant ...	18,217½	80	614½	909¼	1,389½	3,341½	5,427¼	2,853	1,274½	2,328
Grenville ...	5,570	26	154	416	551	1,232	1,853	662	189	487
Hampden ...	995	1	28½	55	105	185	121	103	3	393½
Heytesbury ...	315	...	...	...	3	5	105	120	13	69
Mornington ...	1,000	6	14	42	46	101	289	189	80	233
Normanby ...	1,950	7	67	53	162	398	342	284	96	541
Polwarth ...	621	10	27½	21	45	40	163½	202	...	112
Ripon ...	9,519	13	56	195	662	2,073	3,109	1,585	667	1,159
Talbot ...	9,933	27½	285	704	847	2,518	2,664½	1,539	564	784
Villiers ...	4,682	19	65	132	210	486	1,511	1,128	381	750
Gipps Land ...	850¾	...	37	98¾	90	87	206	129	38	165
The Loddon ...	13,615	79	314	855	1,899	3,399	3,446	1,674	841	1,108
The Murray ...	3,491	...	23	179	230	643	746	585	158	927
Rodney ...	1,308	...	13	19	113	141	157	206	67	592
The Wimmera ...	1,946	5	65	109	222	212	279	296	50	708
Total ...	110,680¼	414½	2,954½	5,373	8,881½	20,638½	28,503¼	18,974	7,406½	17,534½
Per centage ...	100.0	.4	2.7	4.9	8.0	18.7	25.8	17.1	6.6	15.8

LAND TENURE—1.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE XXV.—Showing the Relative Proportions of Land Occupied and Cultivated by Freeholders, Leaseholders, and Stationholders, respectively, throughout the Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

DESCRIPTION OF TENURE.			HOLDINGS.		LAND IN OCCUPATION.			LAND IN CULTIVATION.					
			Number.	Proportions per cent.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		Proportions per cent.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		Proportions per cent.	Per cent-age of Land in Occupation.		
					Total.	Average of each Class.		Total.	Average of each Class.				
Not attached to Runs	Freehold	...	11,052	67·32	1,987,664½	179·89	42·09	295,209	26·72	63·43	14·85		
	Rented	...	4,832	29·44	691,699¼	143·09	14·65	157,264¼	32·53	33·79	22·74		
Held in connection with Runs....		...	532	3·24	2,042,686½	3,839·63	43·26	12,956¾	24·35	2·78	·64		
Total			16,416	100·00	4,722,050¼	287·72	100·00	465,430	28·36	100·00	9·84

NOTE.—In this Table Holdings unattached to Runs, of which any portion is Freehold, are classed as such as regards their number and also as to the extent of Land Occupied and Cultivated upon them; consequently, in the columns of Land in Occupation, 57,381 acres Rented from the Crown and 130,319 acres Rented from Private Individuals are included with the Freehold Land because worked jointly with it in the same Holdings.

LAND TENURE—2.

SUMMARY OF ALL THE VARIOUS DESCRIPTIONS OF TENURE.

TABLE XXVI.—Showing the Relative Proportions of Land Occupied and Cultivated by Holders of Land under all the different descriptions of Tenure throughout the Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

DESCRIPTION OF TENURE.	HOLDINGS.		LAND IN OCCUPATION.				LAND IN CULTIVATION.			
	Number.	Proportions per cent.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		Proportions per cent.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		Proportions per cent.	Per cent-age of Land in Occupation.	
			Total.	Average of each Class.		Total.	Average of each Class.			
NOT ATTACHED TO RUNS.										
Exclusively Freehold... ..	9,742	59·34	1,618,914 $\frac{3}{4}$	166·18	34·29	246,293 $\frac{1}{2}$	25·28	52·92	15·22	
Exclusively Rented from the Crown ...	720	4·39	59,171 $\frac{1}{2}$	82·18	1·25	8,225	11·39	1·77	10·52	
Exclusively Rented from Private Individuals	4,097	24·96	627,846 $\frac{3}{4}$	153·24	13·30	148,530 $\frac{1}{2}$	36·25	31·91	23·66	
Freehold and Rented from the Crown in one Holding	298	1·82	120,861	405·58	2·54	4,397	14·76	·94	3·64	
Freehold and Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding	1,003	6·11	236,534 $\frac{3}{4}$	235·79	5·01	44,269 $\frac{1}{2}$	44·14	9·51	18·71	
Rented from the Crown and Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding	15	·09	4,681	275·35	·10	508 $\frac{3}{4}$	29·88	·11	11·00	
Freehold, Rented from the Crown and Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding	9	·05	11,354	1,662·0	·24	249	35·57	·05	2·19	
PURCHASED LAND ATTACHED TO RUNS.										
Exclusively Freehold... ..	488	2·97	1,808,324 $\frac{1}{2}$	3,705·59	38·30	11,915 $\frac{1}{2}$	24·41	2·56	·61	
Exclusively Rented	11	·07	43,412	3,946·55	·92	223	20·27	·05	·52	
Freehold and Rented in one Holding ...	33	·20	190,950	5,784·55	4·05	818 $\frac{1}{4}$	24·70	·18	·43	
Total	16,416	100·00	4,722,050 $\frac{1}{4}$	287·65	100·00	465,430	28·36	100·00	9·86	

LAND TENURE—3.

OCCUPIERS UNDER DIFFERENT KINDS OF TENURE.

TABLE XXVII.—Showing the Number of Holders of Land under different kinds of Tenure in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	Total Number of Occupiers.	OCCUPIERS OF LAND NOT ATTACHED TO RUNS.								OCCUPIERS OF PURCHASED LAND ATTACHED TO RUNS.			
		Total Number.	Exclusively Freeholders.	Exclusively Renting from the Crown.	Exclusively Renting from Private Individuals.	Occupying Freehold Land and Land Rented from the Crown in one Holding.	Occupying Freehold Land and Land Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding.	Occupying Land Rented from the Crown and Land Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding.	Occupying Freehold Land, Land Rented from the Crown, and Land Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding.	Total Number.	Exclusively Freeholders.	Exclusively Renting their Land.	Occupying Freehold Land and Land Rented in one Holding.
Anglesey	82	56	37	3	7	6	3	...	...	26	24	...	2
Bourke	4,078	4,076	2,584	38	1,164	5	282	2	1	2	2	...	...
Dalhousie	1,086	1,070	672	36	271	3	87	1	...	16	15	...	1
Dundas	256	224	147	42	12	19	2	...	2	32	28	...	4
Evelyn	292	289	174	1	94	1	19	...	...	3	2	...	1
Follett	10	6	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...
Grant	2,564	2,506	1,496	186	687	8	126	3	...	58	53	3	2
Grenville	560	512	237	115	102	38	18	...	2	48	43	1	4
Hampden	258	214	112	31	49	7	15	...	...	44	43	...	1
Heytesbury	122	114	43	1	62	2	5	1	...	8	8	...	...
Mornington	599	595	436	13	84	14	46	2	...	4	3	1	...
Normanby	676	644	435	47	72	65	25	...	...	32	30	1	1
Polwarth	217	211	93	48	46	13	11	...	...	6	6	...	...
Ripon	383	364	183	18	122	8	33	...	...	19	16	...	3
Talbot	1,495	1,483	984	42	387	5	64	1	...	12	9	2	1
Villiers	1,228	1,191	405	14	594	23	151	2	2	37	28	1	8
Gipps Land	528	489	240	47	129	24	47	...	2	39	38	...	1
The Loddon	1,004	974	754	15	146	16	41	2	...	30	27	1	2
The Murray	705	669	551	18	44	32	23	1	...	36	35	...	1
Rodney	78	63	48	1	6	4	4	...	...	15	15	...	...
The Wimmera	195	134	106	4	18	5	1	...	...	61	59	1	1
Total	16,416	15,884	9,742	720	4,097	298	1,003	15	9	532	488	11	33

LAND TENURE—4.

LAND OCCUPIED UNDER DIFFERENT KINDS OF TENURE.

TABLE XXVIII.—Showing the Number of Acres of Land held under different kinds of Tenure in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Total Number of Acres of Occupied Land.	OCCUPIED ACRES OF LAND NOT ATTACHED TO RUNS.									
						Total Number.	Exclusively Freehold.	Exclusively Rented from the Crown.	Exclusively Rented from Private Individuals.	FREEHOLD AND RENTED FROM THE CROWN IN ONE HOLDING.			FREEHOLD AND RENTED FROM PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS IN ONE HOLDING.		
										Freehold.	Rented from the Crown.	Total.	Freehold.	Rented from Private Individuals.	Total.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	29,407	5,757	3,878	330	419	450	448	898	94	138	232
Bourke	...	...	...	...	679,633	673,633	393,323	4,993	188,303	1,362	3,253	4,615	35,228	43,268	78,496
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	179,342	148,258	86,316	3,851	41,208	245	70	315	8,500	7,748	16,248
Dundas	...	...	...	...	180,966	45,861	32,491	4,925	429	1,885	1,458	3,343	72	171	243
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	67,605	64,993	34,032	20	22,844	16	90	106	3,468	4,523	7,991
Follett	...	...	...	...	14,048	88	74	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grant	...	...	...	...	604,477½	300,815	154,917	5,674	111,688	4,126	439	4,565	11,182	11,609	22,791
Grenville	...	...	...	...	446,058	173,190	139,434	6,633	13,078	7,315	3,765	11,080	1,009	1,425	2,434
Hampden	...	...	...	...	355,363	32,558	22,592	3,293	2,791	1,444½	765½	2,210	851	821	1,672
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	43,977	19,580	9,429	100	7,547	302	1,340	1,642	184	533	717
Mornington	...	...	...	...	197,179	173,664	115,596	868	26,574	3,499	9,145	12,644	6,852	9,288	16,140
Normanby	...	...	...	...	205,993	104,698	69,798	6,564	8,558	7,777	5,608	13,385	3,869	2,524	6,393
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	117,678	45,219	29,042	6,981	4,511	1,715½	1,575½	3,291	465	929	1,394
Ripon	...	...	...	...	211,940	81,363	57,834	1,693	13,669	732	448	1,180	4,228	2,759	6,987
Talbot	...	...	...	...	257,399	205,712	152,576½	572½	39,949	445	445	890	5,731	5,653	11,384
Villiers	...	...	...	...	458,236	237,023	69,571	1,912	93,394	26,514	11,933	38,447	11,445	21,124	32,569
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	160,438¾	101,821¾	58,625¼	7,001	16,082¾	5,446	5,804	11,250	4,135¾	2,946	7,081¾
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	172,975	138,524	87,182	635	30,227	1,242	1,532	2,774	8,109	9,426	17,535
The Murray	...	...	...	...	221,683	103,619	85,880	2,610	5,071	2,855	2,692	5,547	2,321	1,928	4,249
Rodney	...	...	...	...	54,918	13,169	9,424	180	291	805	696	1,501	1,208	565	1,773
The Wimmera...	...	...	...	...	62,734	9,818	6,900	336	1,199	678	500	1,178	23	182	205
Total	...	...	...	...	4,722,050¼	2,679,363¾	1,618,914¾	59,171½	627,846¾	68,854	52,007	120,861	108,974¾	127,560	236,534¾

LAND TENURE—4.

LAND OCCUPIED UNDER DIFFERENT KINDS OF TENURE.

TABLE XXVIII.—(continued).—Showing the Number of Acres of Land held under different kinds of Tenure in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	OCCUPIED ACRES OF LAND NOT ATTACHED TO RUNS.							ACRES OF PURCHASED LAND ATTACHED TO RUNS.					
	RENTED FROM THE CROWN AND RENTED FROM PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS IN ONE HOLDING.			FREEHOLD RENTED FROM THE CROWN AND RENTED FROM PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS IN ONE HOLDING.				Total Number.	Exclusively Freehold.	Exclusively Rented.	FREEHOLD AND RENTED IN ONE HOLDING.		
	Rented from the Crown.	Rented from Private Individuals.	Total.	Freehold.	Rented from the Crown.	Rented from Private Individuals.	Total.				Freehold.	Rented.	Total.
Anglesey ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,650	20,690	...	1,940	1,020	2,960
Bourke	150	100	250	393	2,560	700	3,653	6,000	6,000	...	...	...	...
Dalhousie	160	160	320	...	...	...	...	31,084	28,098	...	2,623	363	2,986
Dundas ... ..	...	...	...	1,170	1,640	1,020	4,430	135,105	120,449	...	10,767	3,889	14,656
Evelyn ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,612	1,280	...	1,200	132	1,332
Follett ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,960	13,960	...	...	...	...
Grant	257	923	1,180	...	...	...	...	303,662½	265,262½	27,400	6,000	5,000	11,000
Grenville ... ..	...	...	...	143	143	245	531	272,868	253,456	884	16,912	1,616	18,528
Hampden ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	322,805	320,637	...	633	1,535	2,168
Heytesbury	140	5	145	...	...	...	...	24,397	24,397	...	...	...	...
Mornington	1,108	734	1,842	...	...	...	...	23,515	21,395	2,120	...	...	...
Normanby ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	101,295	96,355	1,600	2,700	640	3,340
Polwarth ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72,459	72,459	...	...	...	...
Ripon ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130,577	110,683	...	16,156	3,738	19,894
Talbot	60	280	340	...	...	...	...	51,687	46,187	2,700	2,500	300	2,800
Villiers	42	129	171	275	275	409	959	221,213	118,657	6,700	55,195	40,661	95,856
Gipps Land ... ..	...	...	...	640	756	385	1,781	58,617	57,177	...	1,280	160	1,440
The Loddon	138	33	171	...	...	...	...	34,451	31,361	640	1,490	960	2,450
The Murray	131	131	262	...	...	...	...	118,064	108,464	...	2,400	7,200	9,600
Rodney ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,749	41,749	...	...	...	...
The Wimmera ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52,916	49,608	1,368	640	1,300	1,940
Total	2,186	2,495	4,681	3,221	5,374	2,759	11,354	2,042,686½	1,808,324½	43,412	122,436	68,514	190,950

LAND TENURE—5.

LAND CULTIVATED ON HOLDINGS OCCUPIED UNDER DIFFERENT KINDS OF TENURE.

TABLE XXIX.—Showing the Number of Acres of Land Cultivated upon Holdings occupied under different kinds of Tenure in each County and Unsettled District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Total Number of Acres of Cultivated Land.	CULTIVATED ACRES OF LAND NOT ATTACHED TO RUNS ON HOLDINGS.								CULTIVATED ACRES OF PURCHASED LAND ATTACHED TO RUNS ON HOLDINGS.			
						Occupied under all Tenures.	Exclusively Freehold.	Exclusively Rented from the Crown.	Exclusively Rented from Private Individuals.	Freehold and Rented from the Crown in one Holding.	Freehold and Rented from Pri- vate Individuals in one Holding.	Rented from the Crown and Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding.	Freehold, Rented from the Crown, and Rented from Private Individuals in one Holding.	Occupied under all Tenures.	Exclusively Freehold.	Exclusively Rented.	Freehold and Rented in one Holding.
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	1,649	1,011	723	37	104	43	104	...	...	638	570	...	68
Bourke	...	...	...	...	88,325½	88,315½	45,495½	442	31,933	418	9,948	65	14	10	10	...	...
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	47,562½	46,544½	25,126½	793	14,719	86	5,677	143	...	1,018	818	...	200
Dundas	...	...	...	...	3,032	2,654	1,588	511	121	274	44	...	116	378	327	...	51
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	4,638½	4,612½	2,630	...	1,478½	...	504	...	...	26	11	...	15
Follett	...	...	...	...	110	36	22	...	14	...	...	...	...	74	74	...	...
Grant	...	...	...	...	64,210¾	63,078¾	32,896¼	1,476	23,525½	133	4,961	87	...	1,132	1,096	32	4
Grenville	...	...	...	...	17,158	16,273	9,069	1,239	4,079	961	901	...	24	885	710	160	15
Hampden	...	...	...	...	7,724¾	6,894	4,141½	321½	1,407	114½	909½	...	...	830¾	822½	...	8¼
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	4,127	4,002	1,518	14	2,258	46	161	5	...	125	125	...	...
Mornington	...	...	...	...	6,440	6,164	4,674	62	825	30	542	31	...	276	276	...	...
Normanby	...	...	...	...	9,074	8,808	5,790	704	1,005	593	716	...	...	266	223	22	21
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	9,220¾	8,012	4,160	617	2,336	156	743	...	...	1,208¾	1,208¾	...	...
Ripon	...	...	...	...	24,847	24,503	8,155	299	11,377	141	4,531	...	...	344	297	...	47
Talbot	...	...	...	...	69,875	69,690	38,321	361½	24,807	174	5,966½	60	...	185	168	4	13
Villiers	...	...	...	...	37,252	36,563	11,841	60	20,771	265	3,478	53	95	689	455	5	229
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	6,862¼	6,126	2,931¾	549	1,582½	113½	930½	18¾	...	736¼	727¼	...	9
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	30,671	29,299	23,123	80	4,449	144	1,457	46	...	1,372	1,256	...	116
The Murray	...	...	...	...	26,775	25,781	20,875	647	1,418	456	2,385	...	...	994	987	...	7
Rodney	...	...	...	...	3,382	2,364	1,834	...	94	175	261	...	...	1,018	1,018	...	...
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	2,493	1,742	1,379	12	227	74	50	...	...	751	736	...	15
Total	...	...	...	...	465,430	452,473¼	246,293½	8,225	148,530½	4,397	44,269½	508¾	249	12,956¾	11,915½	223	818¼

AGES OF VINES.

TABLE XXX.—Showing the Number of Vines of different Ages, in each County and Unsettled District, and in the entire Colony, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	NUMBER AND AGES OF VINES.					
	Under 1 Year.	Under 2 Years.	Under 3 Years.	3 Years and upwards.	Unspecified.	Total.
Anglesey	2,115	100	452	2,000	...	4,667
Bourke	64,350	163,150	212,616	281,814	7,500	729,430
Dalhousie	2,600	10,280	3,320	17,580	...	33,780
Dundas ... ..	...	450	1,650	1,000	2,200	5,300
Evelyn	25,700	62,200	84,850	142,550	...	315,300
Follett ... ..	...	...	...	...	50	50
Grant	375,860	273,742	285,700	683,048	39,820	1,658,170
Grenville	27,000	4,500	4,620	23,000	...	59,120
Hampden	280	1,194	110	1,808	...	3,392
Heytesbury ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mornington	3,925	19,510	34,125	33,430	1,200	92,190
Normanby	500	10,220	...	6,635	1,880	19,235
Polwarth ... ..	...	70	150	4,660	...	4,880
Ripon	11,132	17,402	9,360	7,525	...	45,419
Talbot	47,900	34,975	47,600	34,800	6,500	171,775
Villiers	10	4,180	2,770	11,060	...	18,020
Gipps Land	1,150	700	425	2,225	...	4,500
The Loddon	139,165	106,833	51,505	175,370	13,281	486,154
The Murray	378,691	187,752	146,467	54,020	5,500	772,430
Rodney	9,900	10,800	9,680	13,000	...	43,380
The Wimmera	9,000	3,000	100	13,650	...	25,750
Total	1,099,278	911,058	895,500	1,509,175	77,931	4,492,942

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY.

TABLE XXXI.—Showing the Number of Steam Ploughs, and of Reaping, Threshing, and Mowing Machines, &c., in operation in each County and Unsettled District, also the nature and amount of Power employed, the Number of Hands engaged, and the Extent of Land upon which the Machines were used during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.	DESCRIPTION OF MACHINES.						POWER EMPLOYED.		Amount of Horse-power employed.	Number of Hands employed.	NUMBER OF ACRES.		
	Steam Ploughs.	Reaping.	Threshing.	Mowing.	Steam Irrigators.	Total.	Steam.	Horse.			Ploughed by Steam Plough.	Reaped by Machinery.	Mowed by Machinery.
Anglesey	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	9	...	75	20
Bourke	1*	86	38	4	...	129	16	113	385	1,103	...	9,280	1,199
Dalhousie	150	38	...	...	188	27	161	410	1,404	...	16,599	224
Dundas	1	5	1	...	7	...	7	24	53	...	84	100
Evelyn	231	...
Follett
Grant	19	32	4	...	55	...	55	152	444	...	2,385	1,087
Grenville	11	17	7	...	35	4	31	123	283	...	1,257	4,811
Hampden	2	3	...	...	5	1	4	20	36	...	...	337
Heytesbury	5	2	...	...	7	2	5	28	57	...	160	4
Mornington	1	5	...	...	6	...	6	22	67	...	89	37
Normanby	3	17	1	...	21	1	20	71	163	...	146	...
Polwarth	3	...	...	3	2	1	29	20	...	458	11
Ripon	121	31	1	...	153	16	137	428	1,546	...	10,894	1,052
Talbot	58	29	...	...	87	11	76	260	774	...	29,622	350
Villiers	3	12	...	...	15	12	3	108	234	...	462	...
Gipps Land	9	6	...	...	15	3	12	58	136	...	1,434	190
The Loddon	43	16	...	2	61	8	53	220	435	...	4,388	1,334
The Murray	1	34	4	...	39	4	35	114	331	300	9,151	1,174
Rodney	8	1	...	...	9	...	9	17	75	...	303	382
The Wimmera	1	...	...	1	...	1	3	8	...	...	...
Total	2	555†	260	18	2	837	107	730	2,474	7,178	300	87,018	12,312

* This Machine is set down as a Steam Cultivator.

† Of these, 99 are also Mowing Machines and 29 are also Strippers.

LIVE STOCK—1.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

TABLE XXXII.—Showing the Number of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Pigs upon Farms, and the Number upon Stations, on the 31st March, 1863.

DESCRIPTION OF LAND.	DESCRIPTION OF LIVE STOCK.						
	Horses.	CATTLE.			Sheep.	Pigs.	Total.
		Milch Cows.	Exclusive of Milch Cows.	Total.			
Farms and Land unconnected with Stations ...	62,704	92,949	192,818	285,767	743,109	48,496	1,140,076
Crown and Alienated Land connected with Stations	23,363	23,189	267,645	290,834	6,021,742	4,495	6,340,434
Total 	86,067	116,138	460,463	576,601	6,764,851	52,991	7,480,510

NOTE.—The return of Sheep represents very nearly the entire number in the colony; but the returns of Horses, Cattle, and Pigs do not include those which are kept in towns or upon gold-fields, except the stock is running upon commons, nor of Horses and Working Bullocks upon the roads. The return of Stock upon Stations has been compiled from statements voluntarily furnished by the Squatters themselves in reply to enquiries from the Registrar-General's Department. The sworn returns of the Live Stock in their possession, which have hitherto been furnished periodically by the Licensees of Runs to the Crown Lands Department, have not been required from them since the middle of 1862, in consequence of the abolition of the Assessment upon Stock by the Land Act of that year (25 Vict. No. 145).

LIVE STOCK—2.

STOCK ON LAND UNCONNECTED WITH STATIONS.

TABLE XXXIII.—Showing the Number of Holders of Live Stock, and the Numbers of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Pigs kept upon Land unconnected with Stations, in each County and Unsettled District, during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

COUNTIES AND DISTRICTS.					Number of Holders of Stock.	LIVE STOCK.						
						Horses.	CATTLE.			Sheep.	Pigs.	Total.
							Milch Cows.	Exclusive of Milch Cows.	Total.			
Anglesey	...	...	...	...	53	327	200	767	967	2,150	300	3,744
Bourke	...	...	...	...	4,096	13,588	25,204	36,539	61,743	176,829	11,060	263,220
Dalhousie	...	...	...	...	1,001	4,304	5,244	11,490	16,734	2,382	3,328	26,748
Dundas	...	...	...	...	223	778	841	3,483	4,324	68,013	451	73,566
Evelyn	...	...	...	...	228	1,115	1,819	3,693	5,512	2,226	504	9,357
Follett	...	...	...	...	6	98	32	537	569	524	14	1,205
Grant	...	...	...	...	2,338	7,170	14,640	15,275	29,915	56,117	8,212	101,414
Grenville	...	...	...	...	497	1,741	3,975	6,496	10,471	58,143	1,629	71,984
Hampden	...	...	...	...	214	1,112	1,626	4,097	5,723	16,613	957	24,405
Heytesbury	...	...	...	...	114	662	688	3,692	4,380	20	673	5,735
Mornington	...	...	...	...	595	4,201	4,577	11,207	15,784	5,446	1,337	26,768
Normanby	...	...	...	...	645	2,373	3,061	10,041	13,102	53,241	1,738	70,454
Polwarth	...	...	...	...	211	1,234	1,048	4,332	5,380	20,718	900	28,232
Ripon	...	...	...	...	369	2,093	3,838	6,129	9,967	134,018	1,166	147,244
Talbot	...	...	...	...	1,470	5,429	5,386	10,017	15,403	42,946	4,152	67,930
Villiers	...	...	...	...	1,185	5,601	6,771	29,640	36,411	71,722	6,243	119,977
Gipps Land	...	...	...	...	490	3,240	3,284	15,942	19,226	10,880	1,661	35,007
The Loddon	...	...	...	...	865	2,976	5,648	7,977	13,625	6,808	2,361	25,770
The Murray	...	...	...	...	668	3,778	4,199	9,099	13,298	13,937	1,305	32,318
Rodney	...	...	...	...	61	472	295	931	1,226	109	280	2,087
The Wimmera	...	...	...	...	134	412	573	1,434	2,007	267	225	2,911
Total	...	...	...	...	15,463	62,704	92,949	192,818	285,767	743,109	48,496	1,140,076

LIVE STOCK—3.

STOCK ON STATIONS.

TABLE XXXIV.—Showing the Number of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Pigs kept upon Squatting Stations in each Crown Lands Commissioner's District during the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

PASTORAL DISTRICTS.	Horses.	CATTLE.			Sheep.	Pigs.	Total.
		Milch Cows.	Exclusive of Milch Cows.	Total.			
Ararat	685	477	3,414	3,891	408,514	122	413,212
Ballarat	453	517	1,742	2,259	85,470	134	88,316
Beechworth	1,136	4,783	17,895	22,678	38,533	331	62,678
Benalla	1,740	1,741	25,496	27,237	328,091	143	357,211
Castlemaine	1,109	672	10,838	11,510	236,893	201	249,713
Echuca	1,093	469	19,807	20,276	337,252	301	358,922
East Wimmera	1,092	445	4,045	4,490	538,736	104	544,422
Gisborne... ..	919	420	4,976	5,396	202,470	393	209,178
Grant	1,764	2,013	20,935	22,948	542,439	604	567,755
Melbourne	569	1,410	3,579	4,989	13,852	44	19,454
North Gipps Land	970	970	15,744	16,714	32,562	240	50,486
Omeo	573	342	11,885	12,227	8,270	16	21,086
Portland	1,535	1,504	16,327	17,831	525,766	211	545,343
Settled Districts	341	253	4,421	4,674	25,107	84	30,206
South Gipps Land	1,660	1,471	18,593	20,064	24,420	358	46,502
Swan Hill	724	60	6,111	6,171	142,680	9	149,584
Warrnambool	3,557	2,710	64,834	67,544	805,034	724	876,859
West Wimmera and Hamilton	3,443	2,932	17,003	19,935	1,725,653	476	1,749,507
Total	23,363	23,189	267,645	290,834	6,021,742	4,495	6,340,434

NOTE.—This Return has been compiled from statements voluntarily furnished by the Squatters themselves in reply to enquiries from the Registrar-General's Department.

THIS PAGE IS BLANK

TILLAGE AND PRODUCE.

DETAILED TABLES.

* * * COUNTIES AND UNSETTLED DISTRICTS ARRANGED IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER.

THIS PAGE IS BLANK

COUNTY OF ANGLESEY—1.

TABLE XXXV.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																																	
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Lands (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).				HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.					OTHER CROPS.																	
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	Land in Fallow.				
Avenel and Mangalore, &c. ...	12	acres. 2,296	acres. ...	acres. 2,296	acres. 694	acres. 2,990	acres. 1,927	acres. 298	acres. 95	acres. 16	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	acres. 111	a. 23	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	acres. 23	acres. 107	a. ...	acres. ...	acres. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	acres. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	a. ...	
Merton ...	11	4,752	919	5,671	...	5,671	5,233	122	6	45	51	7	7	40	1	41	15	15
Seymour ...	23	6,114	144	6,258	...	6,258	5,189	741	159	94	3	2	...	1	259	13	13	319	...	319	114	114
Wyndham and King Parrot Creek	12	2,090	336	2,426	...	2,426	2,066	103	3	6	9	5	5	55	2	57	20	20
Yea and Vicinity ...	24	11,800	178	11,978	84	12,062	11,166	385	32	108	3	143	28	28	103	2	105	1	40	41
Total ...	82	27,052	1,577	28,629	778	29,407	25,581	1,649	295	269	6	2	...	1	573	76	76	624	5	629	1	189	190

COUNTY OF ANGLESEY—2.

TABLE XXXVI.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
																			No. of Vines.	Grapes gather- ed, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy Manu- factured.
Avenel and Mangalore, &c. ...	bushels. 1,666	bushels. 326	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. 1,992	tons. 28	tons. ...	tons. ...	tons. ...	tons. ...	tons. 28	tons. 128	tons. ...	tons. 128	cwt. ...	cwt. ...	No. 100	cwt. 2	gallons. ...	gallons. ...
Merton	27	671	...	...	...	...	698	12	...	...	...	...	12	49	2	51	...	...	120	2	...	...
Seymour	3,110	2,472	30	70	...	20	5,702	22	...	...	...	...	22	413	...	413	...	10	2,700	10	30	...
Wyndham and King Parrot Creek	30	75	...	...	...	...	105	6	...	...	...	...	6	55	2	57	...	64	1,100	4	...	...
Yea and Vicinity	375	1,551	60	...	...	...	1,986	63	...	...	...	...	63	114	3	117	...	...	647	11	...	...
Total	5,208	5,095	90	70	...	20	10,483	131	...	...	...	...	131	759	7	766	...	74	4,667	29	30	...

COUNTY OF

TABLE XXXVII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations; Crop, in the Year

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.										
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.		
																acres.	acres.
Blackwood ...	56	5,921	2,275	8,196	...	8,196	7,947	1,912	879	503	40	...	...	7	1,428	...
Bolinda ...	8	9,654	4,300	13,954	...	13,954	6,954	387	98	10	...	...	...	...	108	...
Boroondara ...	195	3,001	3,251	6,252	...	6,252	6,672	2,427	76	72	15	...	...	12	175	...
Bulla Bulla ...	51	11,753	3,731	15,484	...	15,484	15,484	3,053	738	129	82	1	...	1	951	...	
Bulleen ...	137	4,993	2,810	7,803	...	7,803	7,800	2,085	182	78	1	1	...	3	265	...	
Bullengarook ...	22	1,755	1,683	3,438	...	3,438	3,117	547	141	187	2	...	...	...	330	...
Buttlejorrk ...	25	30,298	3,345	33,643	...	33,643	33,643	647	117	103	13	...	...	...	238	...
Bylands (part of) ¹	39	6,846	1,066	7,912	...	7,912	6,143	1,478	686	271	11	...	...	...	966	...
Chintin ...	42	7,497	4,878	12,375	...	12,375	10,184	1,233	695	276	3	...	...	...	974	...
Coimadai ...	9	1,000	1,120	2,120	...	2,120	2,120	185	124	6	3	...	...	...	133	...
Cut-paw-paw ...	81	2,149	2,516	4,665	...	4,665	3,291	1,002	19	14	13	...	...	...	46	...
Dandenong ...	47	6,851	2,480	9,331	...	9,331	8,220	349	87	27	5	3	...	4	126	...	
Darraweit Guim ...	15	9,732	9,527	19,259	...	19,259	8,069	454	109	69	6	...	...	...	184	...
Derrimut ...	29	13,795	1,786	15,581	...	15,581	4,701	466	19	18	5	...	...	...	42	...
Deutgam ...	9	16,238	858	17,096	...	17,096	5,184	203	40	60	1	...	...	...	101	...
Djerriwarrh ...	40	9,627	2,568	12,195	...	12,195	11,905	1,120	286	178	30	...	...	2	496	...
Doutta Galla ...	96	4,304	4,935	9,239	...	9,239	9,239	3,035	38	9	1	...	...	...	48	...
Forbes (part of) ²	26	4,014	1,499	5,513	...	5,513	4,758	499	225	157	...	...	...	...	382	...
Gisborne ...	147	12,599	11,500	24,099	28	24,127	22,282	6,400	1,404	3,243	110	1	...	16	4,774	...	
Goldie ...	27	...	...	...	3,941	3,941	2,163	299	108	26	...	...	...	...	134	...
Gorong (part of) ³	42	5,928	1,773	7,701	...	7,701	7,701	1,030	254	287	7	...	...	1	549	...
Havelock ...	17	16,098	573	16,671	...	16,671	1,878	651	451	115	5	...	...	...	571	...
Holden ...	14	8,986	940	9,926	...	9,926	2,777	673	251	88	...	...	...	...	339	...
Jika Jika ...	446	6,810	5,309	12,119	...	12,119	12,113	4,843	75	37	8	...	...	7	127	...
Kalkallo ...	70	12,263	12,442	24,705	...	24,705	24,705	1,692	391	73	31	...	...	4	499	...
Keelbundora ...	180	4,907	18,978	23,885	...	23,885	23,885	2,882	411	65	34	...	...	4	523	...
Kerrie ...	44	3,652	4,933	8,585	240	8,825	7,615	1,111	691	156	13	...	...	...	860	...
Korkuperrimul ...	76	4,373	6,138	10,511	...	10,511	9,702	3,418	1,360	690	339	1	...	...	2,390	...
Koroit ...	17	9,055	3,150	12,205	160	12,365	5,158	576	238	113	13	...	...	...	364	...
Lancefield ...	76	6,550	4,563	11,113	...	11,113	11,064	3,294	1,482	985	65	...	...	1	2,533	...
Macedon ...	38	864	715	1,579	2	1,581	1,301	126	7	18	...	...	...	...	25	...
Maribyrnong ...	31	18,206	2,855	21,061	...	21,061	17,206	496	19	10	22	...	...	...	51	...
Merriang ...	36	14,437	9,433	23,870	...	23,870	18,072	932	223	49	13	...	...	3	296	...
Merrimu ...	27	4,359	329	4,688	80	4,768	4,593	1,381	490	78	127	4	...	...	699	...
Mickleham ...	47	4,284	6,117	10,401	13	10,414	10,377	1,419	474	136	...	...	...	...	610	...
Monegeetta ...	52	3,591	9,697	13,288	...	13,288	6,508	2,277	1,165	682	16	...	...	5	1,868	...
Moorabbin ...	322	3,655	1,580	5,235	...	5,235	4,998	2,039	9	4	1	...	...	2	19	...
Moorabool East ...	2	2,271	...	2,271	...	2,271	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moorabool West ...	6	1,089	115	1,204	...	1,204	711	78	45	23	...	...	...	...	63	...
Morang (part of) ⁴	83	6,580	3,271	9,851	...	9,851	9,755	710	246	43	5	2	...	1	297	...	
Mordialloc ...	114	6,558	1,135	7,693	...	7,693	6,719	588	31	7	3	...	...	...	41	...
Mulgrave ...	160	6,122	2,078	8,200	...	8,200	8,167	1,158	29	35	...	...	...	...	65	...
Myrniong ...	30	5,176	1,631	6,807	...	6,807	6,807	1,952	744	541	30	...	...	...	1,315	...
Newham ...	35	3,616	1,736	5,352	270	5,622	5,393	1,360	540	636	...	...	...	...	1,176	...
Nunawading ...	205	8,370	2,350	10,720	...	10,720	10,057	1,022	56	18	...	...	...	2	76	...
Prahran ...	143	2,529	374	2,903	...	2,903	2,843	923	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pywhietjorrk ...	20	11,958	1,497	13,455	...	13,455	5,093	377	69	41	24	...	...	9	143	...
Rochford ...	76	6,438	3,705	10,143	120	10,263	9,968	3,036	1,663	869	12	...	...	10	2,554	...
Springfield ...	38	4,266	1,592	5,858	...	5,858	5,461	1,234	785	219	...	...	...	2	1,006	...
Tarnneit ...	47	11,587	7,798	19,385	...	19,385	6,371	1,704	245	107	42	...	...	...	394	...
Touroorrong (part of) ⁵	44	4,982	5,754	10,736	5,560	16,296	11,943	959	289	160	1	4	...	3	457	...	
Truganina ...	23	11,256	4,487	15,743	...	15,743	7,891	355	5	39	...	...	...	...	44	...
Tullamarine ...	73	8,119	4,408	12,527	...	12,527	12,527	4,292	170	28	27	...	...	5	230	...
Wallan Wallan ...	82	7,274	6,344	13,618	...	13,618	12,897	1,718	582	525	3	...	...	...	1,110	...
Will-will-rook ...	56	5,887	6,520	12,407	...	12,407	12,407	3,064	116	5	6	...	...	...	127	...
Wollert ...	66	5,429	9,924	15,353	...	15,353	14,221	658	204	10	6	...	...	...	220	...
Yangardook ...	27	12,788	2,320	15,108	82	15,190	12,629	2,409	1,068	536	39	...	...	...	1,643	...
Yan Yean (part of) ⁶	52	5,484	4,505	9,989	...	9,989	9,989	659	350	51	1	...	...	14	416	...
Yuroke ...	56	8,482	5,174	13,656	...	13,656	13,616	3,365	328	13	7	...	...	13	361	...
Remainder of County	4	...	...	...	460	460	98	82	16	...	...	...	...	...	16	...
Total	...	4,078	436,306	232,371	668,677	10,956	679,633	535,170	88,325	21,643	12,928	1,241	18	11	137	35,978	

¹ Remainder in Dalhousie.² Remainder in Dalhousie.³ Remainder in Grant.

BOURKE—1.

Quantity of Land Enclosed; Total Area in Cultivation; and Number of Acres under each description of ending 31st March, 1863.

EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.								OTHER CROPS.								Land in Fallow.
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.			
acres.	a.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.		
90	2	1	5	...	98	154	3	157	60	...	1	...	...	113	174	...	...	1	...	16	...	17	37
11	...	...	...	...	11	164	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	85	85	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	17
297	...	20	1	8	326	670	...	670	32	26	6	1	...	78	143	5	3	48	1	254	106	417	696		
34	...	4	2	...	40	1,303	90	1,393	8	12	7	1	2	530	560	...	2	2	7	14	9	34	75		
546	...	2	1	22	571	404	12	416	17	15	8	...	1	123	164	...	...	2	...	79	40	121	548
80	...	1	...	...	81	18	5	23	7	...	...	...	...	40	47	...	...	2	2	5	2	11	55
37	1	...	...	...	38	334	...	334	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	1	...	6	2	14	26
115	2	...	...	...	117	258	...	258	2	...	5	...	...	4	11	...	...	1	...	9	1	11	113
179	...	...	...	...	179	33	...	33	...	1	...	...	...	20	21	...	1	...	2	2	1	6	20
2	...	...	...	...	2	21	...	21	6	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	22
5	...	4	...	...	9	779	...	779	17	1	...	...	...	13	31	...	...	4	1	50	...	55	82
46	12	1	...	9	68	81	...	81	...	3	...	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	...	31	3	34	35
34	...	...	...	...	34	204	...	204	...	5	...	...	...	20	25	...	...	2	2	...	...	4	3
1	3	3	...	...	7	284	...	284	...	...	1	...	...	14	15	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	114
8	...	4	...	...	12	81	...	81	...	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...
5	...	3	...	...	8	494	...	494	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	1	3	...	3	4	11	91
12	...	...	...	...	12	2,182	1	2,183	32	2	66	6	...	355	461	...	1	3	27	46	7	84	247
51	...	...	...	...	51	48	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	15
440	...	12	...	...	452	834	39	873	16	...	11	1	...	113	141	...	1	9	...	25	14	49	111
156	...	...	...	...	156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
27	...	...	...	...	27	84	8	92	20	...	...	...	...	105	125	...	...	...	1	13	...	14	223
28	...	...	...	...	28	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	35
10	...	...	...	...	10	260	...	260	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...	...	1	...	1	3	5	49
85	4	30	2	12	133	2,662	18	2,680	398	43	109	...	44	318	912	18	1 $\frac{3}{4}$	56 $\frac{1}{4}$	13	382	277	748	243		
42	...	8	...	...	50	641	10	651	...	25	...	1	...	94	120	...	2	3	...	23	...	28	344
356	...	26	1	1	384	1,266	8	1,274	94	70	9	14	5	39	231	...	...	24 $\frac{3}{4}$	2	103	151	280 $\frac{3}{4}$	190
154	...	...	...	...	154	64	...	64	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	6	9	16	15
46	...	3	...	...	49	434	6	440	160	4	20	...	...	170	354	1	2	13	13	23	...	52	133
10	...	1	...	...	11	150	...	150	...	...	19	...	...	...	19	...	...	2	...	2	1	5	27
550	...	10	...	...	560	29	7	36	3	1	...	...	...	100	104	...	...	...	2	12	2	16	45
37	...	1	...	...	38	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	2	13	25
16	...	4	2	1	23	311	12	323	...	...	18	1	...	50	69	2	...	...	...	2	...	4	26
66	1	4	2	...	73	509	...	509	...	3	...	1	3	...	3	10	4	...	1	8	1	14	30		
25	...	1	...	...	26	226	...	226	1	...	1	...	...	388	390	...	1	1	...	6	1	9	31
18	...	3	...	...	21	609	...	609	1	6	16	...	4	...	27	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	142
350	...	...	...	...	350	37	...	37	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	19
353	16	22	11	83	485	347	1	348	90	30	3	1	2	31	157	15	...	38	...	662	108	823	210		
...		
7	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	...	2	2	...	17	335	...	335	...	23	1	...	...	...	24	...	3 $\frac{1}{4}$	4	...	19	9	35 $\frac{1}{4}$	2
72	4	1	1	9	87	155	...	155	14	10	...	...	5	18	47	...	...	1	...	147	...	148	110
161	6	5	1	33	206	414	2	416	10	5	...	...	...	28	43	...	...	13	4	66	20	103	325
39	...	1	...	...	40	92	...	92	4	...	2	...	4	187	197	...	5	2	...	11	...	18	290
136	...	...	...	...	136	39	1	40	...	2	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...
94	3	...	...	14	111	395	...	395	7	13	...	...	...	57	77	...	...	18	...	112	30	160	203
91	5	6	4	29	135	145	...	145	39	20	2	1	...	30	92	8	...	17	...	321	72	418	133		
2	...	1	...	...	3	106	3	109	1	...	2	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	3	4	...	7	110
417	2	3	...	...	422	40	1	41	...	1	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	14	1	15	1
143	...	1	...	...	144	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	63
16	...	10	...	...	26	906	...	906	10	3	44	2	2	...	61	1	...	2	...	4	...	7	310
102	...	...	...	...	102	306	...	306	2	6	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	14	...	6	12	32	54
1	...	...	...	...	1	246	...	246	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59
33	...	12	5	...	50	3,135	...	3,135	22	3	439	8	...	116	588	6	3	10	...	29	2	50	239		
114	...	2	...	...	116	287	...	287	4	3	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	192
15	...	1	...	...	16	2,731	...	2,731	7	4	...	...	...	46	57	...	...	4	...	24	...	28	105
24	1	2	...	...	27	250	...	250	4	7	...	...	...	20	31	...	...	...	...	21	...	21	109
25	...	...	...	...	25	459	...	459	16	...	13	...	...	75	104	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	176
14	...	5	...	3	22	205	...	205	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	10	...	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	4
26	...	3	...	...	29	2,364	29	2,393	2	6	...	...	...	290	298	...	...	...	...	14	...	14	270
64	...	...	...	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
5,931	62	223	40	224	6,480	28,648	256	28,904	1,117	359	806	40	75	3,703	6,100	56	38 $\frac{1}{2}$	301	83	2,630	897	4,005 $\frac{1}{2}$	6,858		

4 Remainder in Evelyn.

5 Remainder in Evelyn.

6 Remainder in Evelyn.

STAT.—i.

COUNTY OF BOURKE—2.

TABLE XXXVIII.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop for the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered ex- clusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bush.	bush.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
Blackwood ...	17,766	12,998	658	...	...	190	31,612	202	7	15	2	...	226	166	4	170	...	...	500	2	...	...
Bolinda ...	2,324	400	...	...	...	...	2,724	13	...	...	...	...	13	188	...	188	...	...	...	...	...	...
Boroondara ...	980	908	96	...	...	220	2,204	638	...	208	10	74	930	510	...	510	400	40	108,300	156	20	...
Bulla Bulla ...	11,587	3,103	1,915	...	...	17	16,622	75	...	30	...	...	105	1,549	94	1,643	...	...	15,500	72	1,200	...
Bulleen ...	2,591	1,106	10	40	...	120	3,867	1,628	...	30	20	440	2,118	315	24	339	...	...	3,100	62	18	...
Bullengarook ...	1,387	3,427	40	...	...	...	4,854	114	...	...	...	...	114	12	8	20	...	...	5,000	2	...	...
Buttlejorrk ...	1,841	2,635	575	...	...	...	5,051	68	8	...	...	...	76	414	...	414	...	...	3,000	...	...	...
Bylands (part of) ¹	8,781	5,427	110	...	...	...	14,318	282	20	...	...	...	302	211	...	211	...	...	1,000	5	...	...
Chintin ...	12,671	6,942	30	...	...	...	19,643	290	...	...	...	...	290	43	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coimadai ...	1,880	125	50	...	...	...	2,055	3	...	...	...	...	3	28	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cut-paw-paw ...	260	80	385	...	...	...	725	11	...	21	...	...	32	1,022	...	1,022	...	...	2,270	65	...	...
Dandenong ...	768	180	75	...	...	10	1,033	106	126	20	...	90	342	69	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darraweit Guim ...	1,426	1,921	89	...	...	...	3,436	96	...	...	...	...	96	159	...	159	...	...	...	...	...	...
Derrimut ...	223	330	115	...	...	...	668	2	30	31	...	...	63	314	...	314	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deutgam ...	640	1,440	30	...	...	...	2,110	16	...	60	...	...	76	139	...	139	...	...	...	...	...	...
Djerriwarrh ...	3,402	2,486	683	...	...	12	6,583	13	...	3	...	...	16	499	...	499	...	...	7,200	35	220	...
Doutta Galla ...	519	225	20	...	...	...	764	31	...	...	...	...	31	2,266	2	2,268	...	20	86,350	40	170	...
Forbes (part of) ²	3,260	2,829	...	...	...	...	6,089	89	...	...	...	...	89	51	...	51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gisborne ...	30,129	85,179	1,468	...	...	238	117,014	869	...	40	...	...	909	1,041	48	1,089	...	16	21,000	...	...	...
Goldie ...	1,236	450	...	...	...	...	1,686	352	...	...	...	...	352	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gorong (part of) ³	4,584	3,256	145	...	...	12	7,997	70	...	...	...	...	70	167	10	177	...	...	...	...	...	...
Havelock ...	9,712	3,014	50	...	...	...	12,776	39	...	...	...	...	39	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Holden ...	4,675	2,290	...	...	...	...	6,965	24	...	...	...	...	24	330	...	330	...	...	1,000	...	...	...
Jika Jika ...	1,023	545	160	...	...	110	1,838	258	40	152	18	48	516	2,836	24	2,860	1,110	23	120,060	1,434	665	...
Kalkallo ...	3,823	779	70	...	12	...	4,684	108	...	208	...	...	316	325	10	335	...	20	4,000	154	36	...

Keelbundora	...	...	4,401	1,196	625	...	30	74	6,326	1,255	...	198	...	3	1,456	1,147	10	1,157	...	...	127,700	374	143	...
Kerrie	...	...	11,752	3,770	300	...	...	...	15,822	236	...	...	...	...	236	60	...	60	...	...	1,200	...	...	...
Korkuperrimul	...	...	24,717	16,113	7,128	30	...	...	47,988	51	...	...	...	...	51	526	2	528	8	...	25,300	196	...	...
Kororoit	...	...	4,386	2,633	250	...	...	...	7,269	6	...	3	...	...	9	271	...	271	...	...	4,100	6	7	...
Lancefield	...	...	42,969	33,455	1,177	...	...	20	77,621	1,305	...	117	...	...	1,422	42	5	47	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macedon	...	...	102	253	...	...	...	...	855	92	...	5	...	...	97	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maribyrnong	...	...	303	150	390	...	...	...	843	32	...	37	18	2	89	332	20	352	63	...	...	...	20	...
Merriang	...	...	2,638	797	156	...	60	40	3,691	171	5	28	5	...	209	326	...	326	...	70	...	...	...	...
Merrimu	...	...	8,415	1,710	2,853	125	...	...	13,103	53	...	12	...	...	65	388	...	388	...	30	1,000	12	...	...
Mickleham	...	...	3,027	1,975	...	...	...	...	5,002	20	...	16	...	...	36	473	...	473	...	...	...	...	...	...
Monegetta	...	...	22,225	19,684	159	...	...	37	42,105	669	...	...	...	...	669	47	...	47	...	12	...	...	...	...
Moorabbin	...	...	60	40	20	...	...	100	220	658	299	325	164	1,097	2,543	313	2	315	990	...	51,300	479	210	...
Moorabool East	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moorabool West	...	...	605	480	...	...	...	...	1,085	17	...	...	...	...	17	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Morang (part of) ⁴	...	...	1,679	250	...	20	...	6	1,955	15	...	...	...	...	15	222	...	222	...	2	6,000	...	...	...
Mordialloc	...	...	230	62	15	...	...	...	307	128	66	10	10	112	326	101	...	101	...	...	900	...	...	...
Mulgrave	...	...	285	574	...	...	...	...	859	326	150	59	7	309	851	288	2	290	...	...	16,700	105	...	...
Myrniong	...	...	15,404	14,586	595	...	...	...	30,585	55	...	8	...	...	63	154	...	154	...	...	4,000	...	...	...
Newham	...	...	8,701	13,948	...	...	...	...	22,649	228	...	...	...	...	228	40	2	42	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nunawading	...	...	438	275	...	...	...	100	813	196	40	...	...	140	376	292	...	292	...	...	41,900	34	88	...
Prahran	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	173	56	102	54	359	744	122	...	122	660	...	28,200	220	20	...
Pywhaitjorrk	...	...	1,357	970	405	...	...	90	2,822	1	...	...	...	...	1	145	3	148	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rochford	...	...	37,847	27,293	229	...	...	179	65,548	958	10	60	...	...	1,028	52	2	54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Springfield	...	...	13,432	5,505	...	...	...	20	18,957	261	...	12	...	...	273	21	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tarrneit	...	...	3,134	1,696	906	...	...	...	5,736	33	...	200	...	...	233	1,047	...	1,047	25	...	3,300	12	...	...
Touroorrong (part of) ⁵	...	...	2,855	2,480	12	30	...	36	5,413	258	...	...	...	...	258	204	...	204	...	...	17,000	...	200	...
Truganina	...	...	71	699	...	...	...	...	770	2	...	...	...	...	2	247	...	247	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tullamarine	...	...	2,663	633	526	...	...	26	3,848	97	...	152	24	...	273	2,925	...	2,925	260	20	17,400	204	270	...
Wallan Wallan	...	...	7,036	8,422	5	...	...	...	15,463	180	...	17	...	...	197	220	...	220	...	...	...	...	...	...
Will-will-rook	...	...	1,767	140	90	...	...	...	1,997	32	...	2	...	...	34	2,050	...	2,050	...	...	3,650	48	29	...
Wollert	...	...	1,782	235	93	...	...	...	2,110	53	4	8	...	...	65	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yangardook	...	...	17,563	9,014	1,036	...	...	...	27,613	24	...	...	...	...	24	476	...	476	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yan Yean (part of) ⁶	...	...	2,420	281	30	...	...	64	2,795	25	...	30	...	12	67	91	...	91	...	3	...	...	...	...
Yuroke	...	...	4,655	240	232	...	...	200	5,327	30	...	...	...	...	30	1,774	22	1,796	...	...	1,500	5	18	...
Remainder of County	...	...	120	...	...	...	...	...	120	71	...	...	...	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	376,527	311,634	24,006	245	102	1,921	714,435	13,108	861	2,219	332	2,686	19,206	27,254	294	27,548	3,516	256	729,430	3,583½	3,325	...

¹ Remainder in Dalhousie.

² Remainder in Dalhousie.

³ Remainder in Grant.

⁴ Remainder in Evelyn.

⁵ Remainder in Evelyn.

⁶ Remainder in Evelyn.

COUNTY OF DALHOUSIE—1.

TABLE XXXIX.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Baynton	10	1,426	603	2,029	1,110	3,139	2,799	750	300	299	39	...	...	...	...	638
Broadford	41	10,194	2,016	12,210	...	12,210	12,139	1,310	592	330	17	...	2	...	...	941
Bylands (part of) ¹	76	4,944	1,323	6,267	...	6,267	5,967	1,762	396	252	2	...	...	...	...	650
Carlsruhe	96	10,581	6,065	16,646	...	16,646	16,646	4,426	1,696	1,785	61	...	...	...	14	3,556
Cobaw	12	1,066	523	1,589	...	1,589	1,215	363	224	94	2	...	...	...	1	321
Edgecombe (part of) ²	58	3,373	2,854	6,227	...	6,227	6,227	4,074	831	2,662	20	...	...	5	12	3,530
Emberton	19	501	5,064	5,565	...	5,565	5,565	2,187	214	1,841	3	...	...	...	2	2,060
Forbes (part of) ³	13	906	674	1,580	...	1,580	1,448	219	73	66	...	2	...	...	...	141
Glenburnie	22	3,787	896	4,683	30	4,713	4,056	358	134	102	1	...	...	...	...	237
Glenhope	4	640	...	640	308	948	686	23	4	12	...	...	...	...	...	16
Goldie	19	941	760	1,701	1,137	2,838	2,343	605	291	103	2	...	...	...	...	396
Heathcote	31	3,240	790	4,030	30	4,060	3,919	1,290½	217	577	22	...	4	...	...	820
Langley	19	7,837	1,544	9,381	...	9,381	8,779	499	162	290	1	...	...	...	...	453
Lauriston	172	10,779	6,929	17,708	...	17,708	17,702	10,652	2,482	5,983	112	...	1	74	...	8,652
Lowrey	11	10,848	...	10,848	696	11,544	8,562	149	26	24	...	2	...	...	...	52
Metcalf	39	6,501	1,714	8,215	40	8,255	8,255	1,922	480	1,112	1	4	...	...	2	1,599
Moranding	51	6,009	1,856	7,865	...	7,865	7,649	2,013	712	491	6	...	...	...	...	1,209
Newham	35	4,052	920	4,972	...	4,972	4,860	1,107	348	545	4	...	...	...	3	900
Pyalong	19	3,372	65	3,437	...	3,437	3,437	429	91	237	8	...	...	...	...	336
Redesdale	15	...	...	...	1,236	1,236	529	171	41	73	...	...	...	...	...	114
Seymour	8	2,471	280	2,751	...	2,751	1,962	578	203	156	16	1	...	...	...	376
Spring Plains	6	2,928	80	3,008	523	3,531	675	294	189	...	35	...	...	...	...	224
Tallarook (part of) ⁴	15	2,449	824	3,273	...	3,273	3,273	1,135	208	700	16	3	...	...	4	931
Tooboorack	22	2,042	1,468	3,510	...	3,510	3,449	482	49	98	2	...	...	...	...	149
Trentham	28	2,477	765	3,242	...	3,242	3,199	750	320	252	4	...	...	...	2	578
Tylden	96	11,553	7,431	18,984	...	18,984	18,984	5,112	1,552	2,646	24	...	...	...	26	4,248
Willowmavin	71	5,524	340	5,864	...	5,864	5,794	2,161	596	281	4	...	...	...	...	881
Woodend	78	5,341	2,666	8,007	...	8,007	8,007	2,741	773	1,393	12	...	3	37	...	2,218
Total	1,086	125,782	48,450	174,232	5,110	179,342	168,126	47,562½	13,204	22,404	414	12	15	177	...	36,226

¹ Remainder in Bourke.² Remainder in Talbot.³ Remainder in Bourke.⁴ Remainder in Anglesey.

COUNTY OF DALHOUSIE.—1.

TABLE XXXIX.—(continued).—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																							Land in Fallow.
	GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							
	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lu- cerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artifi- cial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
Baynton	110	...	...	...	...	110	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Broadford	82	...	...	3	...	85	216	...	216	...	3	...	2	...	7	12	...	...	2	...	12	...	14	42
Bylands (part of) ¹	174	...	...	...	...	174	549	...	549	2	...	...	...	...	305	307	...	...	...	3	33	1	37	45
Carlsruhe	303	1	6	...	...	310	433	...	433	...	...	...	...	...	98	98	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	12
Cobaw	42	...	...	...	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Edgecombe (part of) ²	73	...	1	...	...	74	400	...	400	4	...	4	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	53
Emberton	35	...	...	...	...	35	85	...	85	2	2	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
Forbes (part of) ³	34	...	...	...	...	34	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...
Glenburnie	51	...	...	...	...	51	25	...	25	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	8	1	12	31
Glenhope	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
Goldie	97	...	...	...	...	97	108	...	108	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
Heathcote	29	...	1	...	...	30	392	6	398	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	3½	1	1	24	6	35½	6
Langley	32	...	1	...	...	33	9	...	9	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
Lauriston	300	...	...	1	...	301	1,164	9	1,173	4	6	1	...	...	112	123	...	...	...	...	32	12	44	359
Lowrey	52	...	...	...	...	52	25	9	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	5	...	8	3
Metcalf	81	...	...	...	...	81	234	...	234	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	...	½	...	...	5½	...	6	...
Moranding	123	...	...	...	...	123	627	...	627	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	21	...	21	32
Newham	139	1	...	...	...	140	61	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...
Pyalong	66	...	...	...	...	66	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...
Redesdale	47	...	...	...	...	47	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Seymour	33	1	...	6	...	40	59	...	59	4	...	...	...	2	73	79	...	4	4	...	4	2	14	10
Spring Plains ...	9	...	...	...	1	10	54	...	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	1	6	...
Tallarook (part of) ⁴	29	...	...	...	...	29	115	5	120	4	...	...	...	...	17	21	...	...	1	...	8	3	12	22
Tooboorack	24	1	...	...	...	25	277	...	277	1	2	...	2	...	...	5	...	...	3	1	15	3	22	4
Trentham	135	2	1	1	...	139	23	...	23	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	2	3	5	2
Tylden	338	2	2	2	1	345	351	...	351	...	6	4	...	...	52	62	...	...	...	1	32	...	33	73
Willowmavin	170	...	...	...	...	170	961	10	971	3	...	...	1	...	79	83	...	1	...	1	35	2	39	17
Woodend	220	1	...	...	...	221	247	4	251	...	...	5	...	...	13	18	1	1	...	...	11	...	13	20
Total	2,833	9	12	13	2	2,869	6,478	43	6,521	28	22	16	5	4	757	832	1	16	14	9	302½	34	376½	738

¹ Remainder in Bourke.

² Remainder in Talbot.

³ Remainder in Bourke.

⁴ Remainder in Anglesey.

COUNTY OF DALHOUSIE--2.

TABLE XL.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.												
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.
Baynton	4,726	5,340	850	...	...	...	10,916	138	...	...	...	...	138
Broadford	7,789	6,419	250	...	50	...	14,508	143	...	...	...	...	143
Bylands (part of) ¹	5,198	4,416	33	...	...	...	9,647	275	...	...	...	...	275
Carlsruhe	34,096	38,136	1,271	...	...	152	73,655	431	...	12	...	...	443
Cobaw	5,614	2,940	40	...	...	6	8,600	53	...	...	...	...	53
Edgecombe (part of) ²	16,468	51,768	353	...	132	124	68,845	85	...	2	...	...	87
Emberton	3,532	32,620	90	...	...	25	36,267	34	...	...	...	...	34
Forbes (part of) ³	780	1,497	...	26	...	...	2,303	59	...	...	...	...	59
Glenburnie	2,071	2,086	20	...	...	...	4,177	99	...	...	...	...	99
Glenhope	60	250	...	...	...	...	310	5	...	...	...	...	5
Goldie	4,942	2,010	35	...	...	...	6,987	209	...	...	...	...	209
Heathcote	4,560	13,665	506	...	49	...	18,780	30	...	6	...	...	36
Langley	3,045	3,935	12	...	...	...	6,992	41	...	2	...	...	43
Lauriston	55,685	142,278	2,660	...	20	975	201,618	479	...	...	10	...	489
Lowrey	320	580	...	50	...	...	950	134	...	...	...	...	134
Metcalf	10,135	21,606	12	60	...	35	31,848	91	...	...	...	...	91
Moranding	10,946	8,851	30	...	...	...	19,827	245	...	...	...	...	245
Newham	6,422	13,550	31	...	...	26	20,029	265	2	...	...	...	267
Pyalong	2,215	6,115	75	...	...	...	8,405	111	...	...	...	...	111
Redesdale	552	1,169	...	...	...	...	1,721	69	...	...	...	...	69
Seymour	4,148	2,942	257	45	...	...	7,392	39	...	...	...	...	39
Spring Plains	2,520	...	300	...	...	...	2,820	4	...	...	...	3	7
Tallarook (part of) ⁴	3,862	31,345	477	60	...	80	35,824	41	...	...	...	...	41
Tooboorack	730	2,163	20	...	...	...	2,913	21	3	...	...	...	24
Trentham	6,654	6,871	72	...	...	20	13,617	247	10	1	5	...	263
Tylden	32,613	62,607	173	...	...	251	95,644	560	8	14	27	5	614
Willowmavin	8,013	4,349	70	...	...	...	12,432	294	...	...	...	...	294
Woodend	15,017	31,218	158	...	30	350	46,773	424	8	...	...	...	432
Total	252,713	500,726	7,795	241	281	2,044	763,800	4,626	31	37	42	8	4,744

¹ Remainder in Bourke.² Remainder in Talbot.³ Remainder in Bourke.⁴ Remainder in Anglesey.

COUNTY OF DALHOUSIE—2.

TABLE XL.—(continued).—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.								
	HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.			
						Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gallons.	gallons.
Baynton	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Broadford	186	...	186	...	...	7,400	15	...	...
Bylands (part of) ¹	356	...	356	6	...	1,350	12	...	...
Carlsruhe	554	...	554	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cobaw ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Edgecombe (part of) ²	378	...	378	...	...	200	1	...	...
Emberton	60	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Forbes (part of) ³	29	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenburnie	42	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenhope ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Goldie	101	...	101	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heathcote	460	6	466	...	53	6,750	58	60	...
Langley	9	...	9	...	...	600	6	...	...
Lauriston	1,487	10	1,497	...	...	2,650	38	...	...
Lowrie	25	6	31	...	...	310	1	...	...
Metcalf	206	...	206	...	10	100	2	...	...
Moranding	626	...	626	...	...	250	3	...	...
Newham	57	...	57	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pyalong	19	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Redesdale	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Seymour	90	...	90	...	12	1,000	45	...	...
Spring Plains	45	...	45	...	12	4,140	19	...	...
Tallarook (part of) ⁴	167	4	171	...	...	2,560	6	...	...
Tooboorack	262	...	262	...	...	4,500	24	5	...
Trentham	28	...	28	...	...	150	4	...	...
Tylden	377	...	377	...	...	320	7	...	...
Willowmavin	828	2	830	10	6	1,500	7	...	...
Woodend	286	2	288	20	15	...	...	...	...
Total	6,682	30	6,712	36	108	33,780	248	65	...

¹ Remainder in Bourke.

² Remainder in Talbot.

³ Remainder in Bourke.

⁴ Remainder in Anglesey.

COUNTY OF

TABLE XLI.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.										
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.		
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	
Balmoral	18	4,426	976	5,402	1,322	6,724	4,323	65	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	5
Berwick	22	1,163	...	1,163	2,460	3,623	791	288	229	27	9	...	...	...	...	265
Bochara	16	6,474	250	6,724	400	7,124	995	311	177	54	3	...	...	...	...	234
Brim-brim	2	680	...	680	40	720	640	13	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2
Brit-brit	3	50	...	50	298	348	260	34	27	...	3	...	...	...	...	30
Bruck-bruck	10	529	...	529	806	1,335	517	68	40	14	3	1	...	...	...	58
Carapook	7	20,620	...	20,620	602	21,222	10,456	88	79	2	1	...	...	...	...	82
Casterton East and vicinity	14	31,711	92	31,803	...	31,803	30,868	206	15	20	11	...	...	...	...	46
Cavendish	9	18,601	2,200	20,801	...	20,801	5,961	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coleraine	35	2,807	21	2,828	499	3,327	967	578	293	142	4	...	...	...	...	439
Hamilton North	79	14,615	531	15,146	320	15,466	12,810	950	447	153	21	...	...	...	...	621
Harrow	3	2,021	...	2,021	...	2,021	1,920	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilgay	11	4,744	...	4,744	875	5,619	4,766	77	41	14	...	...	...	...	...	55
Kanawalla	3	31,753	539	32,292	...	32,292	6,880	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koonong Wootong	6	16,800	900	17,700	233	17,933	776	43	1	8	1	...	...	...	...	10
Munthum	4	383	...	383	168	551	170	59	45	1	...	...	...	...	...	46
Redruth	6	8,721	...	8,721	...	8,721	225	35	11	4	...	...	...	...	...	15
Warrayure	8	1,336	...	1,336	...	1,336	529	95	72	14	...	...	...	...	...	86
Total	256	167,434	5,509	172,943	8,023	180,966	83,854	3,032	1,480	457	56	1	...	...	...	1,994

COUNTY OF

TABLE XLII.—Gross Produce of each description

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF						
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.
Balmoral ...	bushels. ...	bushels. 20	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. 20
Berwick ...	4,975	723	164	...	...	...	5,862
Bochara ...	1,202	357	...	...	...	...	1,559
Brim-brim ...	...	50	...	...	...	...	50
Brit-brit ...	374	...	51	...	...	...	425
Bruck-bruck ...	730	320	55	25	...	...	1,130
Carapook ...	1,300	45	30	...	...	...	1,375
Casterton East and vicinity	220	300	35	...	...	...	555
Cavendish ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coleraine ...	5,166	4,056	87	...	...	...	9,309
Hamilton North ...	5,352	2,145	434	...	...	...	7,931
Harrow ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hilgay ...	1,092	335	...	...	...	...	1,427
Kanawalla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koonong Wootong ...	15	...	15	...	...	...	30
Munthum ...	1,350	25	...	...	...	...	1,375
Redruth ...	80	70	...	...	...	...	150
Warrayure ...	998	217	...	...	...	...	1,215
Total ...	22,854	8,663	871	25	...	...	32,413

DUNDAS—1.

of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the 31st March, 1863.

EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
...	43	...	43	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	7	1	9	7
14	14	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1
6	6	28	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	41
1	1	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...
4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	2
2	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	3	...
11	11	76	...	76	38	...	2	...	...	14	54	...	...	...	...	13	4	17	2
2	2	34	2	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	3	...	11	6
15	15	57	8	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	54
26	26	133	...	133	...	...	...	...	...	11	11	...	...	2	1	20	1	24	135
...	29	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	10
5	1	...	...	...	6	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	...	5	...
1	1	6	1	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	10	...
6	6	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...
1	1	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
3	3	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
100	1	1	...	...	102	467	23	490	47	...	2	...	...	31	80	2	19	3	1	75	7	107	259

DUNDAS—2.

of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

PRODUCE.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco	Vines.			
											Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured
tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
...	36	...	36	...	...	2,000	8	48	...
29	29	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	3	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	9	...	9	...	15	...	...	...	...
6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...
24	24	112	...	112	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	22	3	25	...	80	...	...	...	...
21	21	124	19	143	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	27	193	...	193	...	...	3,300	62	...	...
...	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	1	...	...	...	10	15	...	15	...	50	...	...	...	...
1	1	11	...	11	...	110	...	...	...	...
6	6	30	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
140	1	...	...	...	141	617	34	651	...	267	5,300	70	48	...

COUNTY OF

TABLE XLIII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.			Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						EXTENT OF LAND							
				PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
				Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.
EVELYN NORTH.				acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	
Burgoyne	...	...	15	4,272	452	4,724	...	4,724	3,232	248	44	42	...	...	...	2	88
Linton	...	...	17	1,516	840	2,356	...	2,356	2,203	108	73	16	2	...	...	...	91
Morang (part of) ¹	...	...	15	777	2,778	3,555	...	3,555	3,525	163	75	28	...	...	...	...	103
Nillumbik	...	...	112	5,519	5,898	11,417	...	11,417	11,415	1,903	315	190	9	5	...	13	532
Tarrawarra	...	...	10	6,586	496	7,082	...	7,082	5,737	74	2	15	...	...	...	...	17
Toorourrong (part of) ²	...	...	15	1,362	3,050	4,412	...	4,412	2,563	342	197	47	6	1	...	...	251
Yan Yean (part of) ³	...	...	19	890	1,978	2,868	110	2,978	2,978	288½	186	8	5	...	...	2	201
			203	20,922	15,492	36,414	110	36,524	31,653	3,126½	892	346	22	6	...	17	1,283
EVELYN SOUTH.																	
Bulleen...	...	...	1	187	...	187	...	187	187	30	5	7	...	...	...	...	12
Gruyere	...	...	5	3,756	300	4,056	...	4,056	3,386	105	5	5	...	...	...	...	10
Mooroolbark	...	...	23	3,887	880	4,767	...	4,767	4,569	306	137	71	...	...	2	...	210
Warrandyte	...	...	25	2,257	3,703	5,960	...	5,960	4,613	189	36	61	...	...	...	...	97
Yering	...	...	35	8,987	7,124	16,111	...	16,111	15,269	882	340	127	...	...	...	1	468
			89	19,074	12,007	31,081	...	31,081	28,024	1,512	523	271	...	...	2	1	797
SUMMARY OF EVELYN.																	
Evelyn North	...	...	203	20,922	15,492	36,414	110	36,524	31,653	3,126½	892	346	22	6	...	17	1,283
Evelyn South	...	...	89	19,074	12,007	31,081	...	31,081	28,024	1,512	523	271	...	...	2	1	797
Total	...	...	292	39,996	27,499	67,495	110	67,605	59,677	4,638½	1,415	617	22	6	2	18	2,080

1 Remainder in Bourke. 2 Remainder in Bourke. 3 Remainder in Bourke.

COUNTY OF

TABLE XLIV.—Gross Produce of each description

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF						
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.
EVELYN NORTH.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.
Burgoyne ...	605	632	...	...	...	20	1,257
Linton ...	459	60	10	...	...	...	529
Morang (part of) ¹ ...	495	80	...	...	...	...	575
Nillumbik ...	4,175	3,066	196	80	...	139	7,656
Tarrawarra ...	50	290	...	...	...	...	340
Toorourrong (part of) ² ...	1,608	550	70	12	...	...	2,240
Yan Yean (part of) ³ ...	1,032	110	80	...	...	...	1,222
	8,424	4,788	356	92	...	159	13,819
EVELYN SOUTH.							
Bulleen... ..	60	140	...	...	...	...	200
Gruyere ...	100	125	...	...	...	...	225
Mooroolbark ...	2,217	911	...	...	10	...	3,138
Warrandyte ...	269	248	...	...	...	...	517
Yering ...	6,440	3,011	...	...	...	12	9,463
	9,086	4,435	...	...	10	12	13,543
SUMMARY OF EVELYN.							
Evelyn North ...	8,424	4,788	356	92	...	159	13,819
Evelyn South ...	9,086	4,435	...	...	10	12	13,543
Total ...	17,510	9,223	356	92	10	171	27,362

1 Remainder in Bourke. 2 Remainder in Bourke. 3 Remainder in Bourke.

EVELYN—1.

of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the 31st March, 1863.

UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
21	...	...	...	...	21	85	...	85	...	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	2	...	2	...	4	4
11	...	...	...	...	11	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	...	...	...	...	27	29	...	29	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
534	1	4	...	...	539	528	2	530	8	23	...	...	...	56	87	...	...	7	7	15	34	63	152
10	...	3	...	...	13	33	10	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
26	...	...	...	...	26	59	...	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	...
7	...	...	...	...	7	43	2	45	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	½	24	...	5	...	29½	...
636	1	7	...	...	644	783	14	797	8	33	...	...	...	62	103	...	1½	33	7	27	36	104½	195
2	...	...	...	...	2	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	3	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	15	80	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	...	...	3	...	37	40	...	40	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	...	2	4	9	8
20	...	...	...	...	20	40	...	40	...	2	...	...	...	14	16	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	10
68	...	4	1	1	74	118	...	118	3	6	2	1	...	11	23	...	28	76	...	10	5	119	80
124	...	4	4	1	133	226	80	306	3	10	2	1	...	25	41	...	28	80	...	18	11	137	98
636	1	7	...	...	644	783	14	797	8	33	...	...	...	62	103	...	1½	33	7	27	36	104½	195
124	...	4	4	1	133	226	80	306	3	10	2	1	...	25	41	...	28	80	...	18	11	137	98
760	1	11	4	1	777	1,009	94	1,103	11	43	2	1	...	87	144	...	29½	113	7	45	47	241½	293

EVELYN—2.

of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

PRODUCE.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.			
tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.	Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy, manufactured.
57	...	...	...	...	57	81	...	81	...	...	4,000	38	...	...
13	...	...	...	...	13	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
68	...	...	...	...	68	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,451	3	40	...	...	1,494	437	3	440	...	...	18,300	85	60	...
21	...	10	...	...	31	18	12	30	...	...	...	...	...	...
54	...	...	...	...	54	34	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	...	...	...	...	9	20	2	22	...	...	36,000	37	...	...
1,673	3	50	...	...	1,726	614	17	631	...	...	58,300	160	60	...
6	...	...	...	...	6	8	...	8	...	...	1,400	25	20	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	15	60	75	...	...	...	...	...	...
102	...	...	24	...	126	17	...	17	...	...	21,200	22	...	...
74	...	...	...	...	74	28	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...
260	...	35	...	8	303	121	...	121	...	100	234,400	63	11,480	...
442	...	35	24	8	509	189	60	249	...	100	257,000	110	11,500	...
1,673	3	50	...	...	1,726	614	17	631	...	...	58,300	160	60	...
442	...	35	24	8	509	189	60	249	...	100	257,000	110	11,500	...
2,115	3	85	24	8	2,235	803	77	880	...	100	315,300	270	11,560	...

COUNTY OF FOLLETT—1.

TABLE XLV.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																															
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.					GREEN CROPS, (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).					HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.					OTHER CROPS.					Land in Fallow.							
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.		Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.		
Casterton West and vicinity	4	13,002	14	13,016	...	13,016	13,016	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...
Dartmoor ...	2	42	...	42	...	42	42	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lindsay ...	1	10	...	10	...	10	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mumbannar ...	1	20	...	20	...	20	20	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Remainder of County ...	2	960	...	960	...	960	224	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	23	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	9	...	...	3	...	12	...
Total ...	10	14,034	14	14,048	...	14,048	13,312	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	83	...	83	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	9	...	...	12	...	21	...

COUNTY OF FOLLETT—2.

TABLE XLVI.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																				
				CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.				
				Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.		
bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manu- factured.	
Casterton West and vicinity	53	...	53	...	...	50	...	...	...
Dartmoor	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lindsay	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mumbannar	4	...	...	...	...	4	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Remainder of County	3	...	...	...	...	3	28	...	28	...	115	...	...	...	...
Total	7	...	...	...	...	7	110	...	110	...	115	50	...	...	...

COUNTY OF

TABLE XLVII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS. PEASE, AND BEANS.										
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.		
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.		
Anakie ...	35	13,726	6,845	20,571	...	20,571	14,092	970	531	150	24	...	...	2	707
Ballark ...	7	10,000	...	10,000	70	10,070	10,070	117	29	20	...	...	...	...	49
Balliang ...	3	11,170	...	11,170	...	11,170	2,795	12	...	...	6	...	...	...	6
Barrabool...	162	5,565	10,774	16,339	6	16,345	16,268	8,110	2,960	749	205	5	2	186	4,107		
Bellarine ...	193	7,760	11,389	19,149	...	19,149	17,981	7,070	3,808	527	99	...	12	30	4,476		
Borhoneyghurk ...	8	1,507	151	1,658	10	1,668	1,377	273	131	83	...	...	...	...	214
Bulban ...	13	18,770	30	18,800	...	18,800	8,200	303	42	146	9	...	...	...	197
Bungal ...	3	1,560	...	1,560	...	1,560	1,560	116	12	44	...	...	...	...	56
Bungaree ...	88	1,738	244	1,982	1,404	3,386	2,457	642	126	208	6	...	...	2	342
Bungeeltap ...	1	6,000	...	6,000	...	6,000	6,000	40	...	6	...	...	...	...	6
Buninyong ...	79	3,365	901	4,266	50	4,316	4,140	966	59½	250	6½	...	...	4	320
Burtwarrah ...	17	673	76	749	...	749	441	170	70	34	29	...	...	...	133
Carrah ...	47	29,454	1,547	31,001	...	31,001	5,501	1,097	599	201	98	...	...	1	899
Carrung-e-murnong ...	6	6,530	1,110	7,640	30	7,670	910	174	84	53	15	...	...	...	152
Cocoroc ...	3	16,945	...	16,945	...	16,945	11,145	150	47	12	...	...	...	...	59
Conewarre ...	183	10,603	4,762	15,365	360	15,725	15,725	4,341	1,557	555	176	2	1	75	2,366		
Coole Barghurk ...	18	12,225	306	12,531	...	12,531	2,076	660	463	125	1	...	...	...	589
Corio ...	17	81	63	144	...	144	144	131	22	18	6½	...	...	2	48½
Darriwil ...	66	9,603	3,029	12,632	...	12,632	12,632	2,729	1,504	416	121	...	...	...	2,041
Duneed ...	264	16,388	9,756	26,144	27	26,171	26,131	5,708	1,837	750	223½	20	...	161½	2,992		
Duridwarrah ...	8	473	6	479	...	479	459	138	76	23	...	...	...	...	99
Gherang Gherang ...	25	5,638	917	6,555	...	6,555	6,358	134	101	18	...	...	...	...	119
Gherineghap ...	91	8,662	7,385	16,047	...	16,047	16,055	2,045	815	168	96	17	...	5	1,101		
Gnarwarre ...	42	7,878	11,877	19,755	...	19,755	11,679	1,454	709	287	51	...	...	16	1,063
Gorong (part of)¹ ...	72	12,347½	1,469	13,816½	5	13,821½	12,172½	1,801½	621½	852½	2	...	...	3	1,479
Gorrockburkghap ...	4	12,302	220	12,522	...	12,522	10,298	199	141	35	...	...	...	...	176
Jan Juc ...	18	3,095	323	3,418	...	3,418	2,605	648	340	83	23	...	...	10	456
Kerrit Bareet ...	16	664	1,166	1,830	...	1,830	1,552	451¼	97	185	5	...	...	...	287
Lake Lake Wollard	25	956	12,138	13,094	...	13,094	12,851	241	107	51	30	...	...	...	188
Lal Lal ...	23	7,180	2,580	9,760	140	9,900	9,332	582½	193½	199½	16	...	...	1	410
Lara ...	4	614	100	714	...	714	714	321	36	26	...	...	...	...	62
Meredith ...	25	6,645	500	7,145	...	7,145	4,113	705	217	132	21	...	...	10	380
Modewarre ...	76	9,170	14,362	23,532	...	23,532	22,764	2,298	1,493	447	...	...	...	11	1,951
Moolap ...	192	8,424	5,882	14,306	...	14,306	14,304	3,953	921	137	55	2	3	22	1,140		
Moradoranook ...	1	16,088	...	16,088	...	16,088	6,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moorpanyal ...	94	3,475	2,240	5,715	...	5,715	5,432	2,341	563	110	30	2	...	...	705
Moranghurk ...	41	13,312	859	14,171	...	14,171	7,191	1,584	411	172	52	18	...	...	653
Mouyong ...	3	20,708	...	20,708	...	20,708	20,708	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murgheboluc ...	42	8,594	5,211	13,805	...	13,805	10,105	964	365	200	35½	1	...	...	601½
Murtcaim...	20	2,381	1,031	3,412	...	3,412	3,046	823½	156	259	70	...	...	...	485
Narmbool...	4	...	...	...	609	609	520	67	...	...	...	...	...	14	14
Paraparap ...	24	25,276	144	25,420	...	25,420	15,813	409	199	80	9	...	...	5	293
Parwan ...	35	1,841	230	2,071	...	2,071	2,071	1,026	773	2	55	...	...	...	830
Paywit ...	89	5,955	5,716	11,671	...	11,671	11,347	1,936	1,117	233	11	1	...	8	1,370		
Puebla ...	29	7,074	727	7,801	100	7,901	7,417	636	230	144	25	...	...	31	430
Tutegong (part of)²	23	10,173	779	10,952	...	10,952	9,725	340	198	68	...	...	...	...	266
Wabdallah ...	45	3,273	907	4,180	...	4,180	4,180	1,482	811	208	114	...	...	...	1,133
Warrenheip ...	167	2,797	552	3,349	3,481	6,830	5,508	1,592	277	686	9	...	...	2	974
Werribee...	12	20,536	190	20,726	78	20,804	19,691	201	55	21	1	...	5	...	82		
Wormbete ...	1	111	...	111	...	111	30	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	20
Worniyaloak ...	34	2,650	21,693	24,343	...	24,343	24,306	735	227	192	42	...	...	...	461
Wurdiyouang ...	26	4,105	2,176	6,281	...	6,281	1,784	387	107	33	17	4	...	...	161
Yalloak ...	3	10,651	...	10,651	...	10,651	9,660	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Youang ...	37	14,776	4,257	19,033	...	19,033	5,321	897	499	181	68	½	...	...	748½
Total ...	2,564	441,487½	156,620	598,107½	6,370	604,477½	454,756½	64,210¾	25,757½	9,580	1,863	72½	23	601½	37,897½		

¹ Remainder in Bourke.

COUNTY OF GRANT—2.

TABLE XLVIII.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bush.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
Anakie	9,378	3,751	752	...	...	20	13,901	63	6	32	...	...	101	204	...	204	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ballark	362	130	...	...	...	...	492	23	...	...	...	...	23	40	20	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balliang ... ..	...	...	60	...	...	...	60	3	...	20	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barrabool	40,553	12,947	4,012	120	40	2,366	60,038	575½	...	1,229	102	7	1,913½	3,038	16*	3,054	...	...	348,908	1,725	19,934	...
Bellarine	38,459	7,507	1,248	...	54	241	47,509	500	1	114	21	...	636	1,249	25	1,274	762	25	70,200	40	193	...
Borhoneyghurk...	1,910	1,100	...	...	...	...	3,010	21½	7	4	...	...	32½	31	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bulban	489	3,320	150	...	...	...	3,959	...	...	...	...	...	...	131	...	131	...	...	12,600	76	...	...
Bungal	240	920	...	...	...	...	1,160	6	...	...	...	...	6	51	...	51	...	20	...	...	...	...
Bungaree	2,740	5,049	50	...	...	40	7,879	278	...	...	10	2	290	103	...	103	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bungeeltap ... ..	...	72	...	...	...	...	72	7	...	...	...	...	7	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buninyong	1,083	4,978	180	...	...	20	6,261	300½	25	8	23	44	400½	429	2½	431½	3	...	12,500	...	70	...
Burtwarrah	973	828	770	...	...	...	2,571	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carrah	10,295	4,237	2,634	...	...	16	17,182	30	2	12	...	...	44	221	...	221	...	...	20,000	5	80	...
Carrung-e-murnong	1,978	910	300	...	...	...	3,188	8	...	...	...	...	8	21	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cocoroc	510	400	...	...	...	...	910	...	...	...	...	...	...	225	...	225	...	...	...	...	...	...
Conewarre	21,156	9,073	2,840	30	15	872	33,986	394	20	332	58	...	804	1,229	...	1,229	50	...	11,250	39	53	...
Coole Barghurk ...	9,992	3,586	16	...	...	...	13,594	...	...	2	...	...	2	35	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...
Corio	404	320	130	...	...	28	882	35	...	20	8	...	63	33	...	33	...	...	36,250	94	1,186	...
Darriwil	25,859	9,426	2,439	...	...	...	37,724	14	...	4	...	...	18	517	...	517	...	...	157,600	...	9,940	...
Duneed	29,034	13,288	3,388	380	...	1,799	47,889	512	16	822½	78	4	1,432½	1,690½	5	1,695½	...	...	226,960	455	21,550	...
Durdidwarrah ...	792	510	...	...	...	...	1,302	7	...	...	...	...	7	36	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gherang Gherang ...	1,498	406	...	...	...	...	1,904	18	...	4	...	...	22	13	...	13	...	...	4,000	...	...	...
Gherineghap	10,684	3,353	3,053	513	...	62	17,665	89	3	31	7	12	142	829	...	829	115	...	394,200	182	4,496	...

STAT.—n.	Gnarwarre ...	9,065	5,523	788	...	...	170	15,546	81½	...	66	...	...	147½	279½	...	279½	...	...	25,420	40	1,950	...
	Gorong (part of) ¹	10,114	19,599	65	...	...	40	29,818	308	...	14	...	...	322	103½	20	123½	...	65	...	...	...	...
	Gorrockburkghap	2,082	973	...	...	...	...	3,055	½	...	...	...	...	½	25	...	25	...	20	...	...	...	...
	Jan Juc	5,493	1,839	505	...	...	150	7,987	57	...	20	...	...	77	123	...	123	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kerrit Bareet	1,630	4,150	166	...	...	...	5,946	278	4	15	...	4	301	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lake Lake Wollard	1,348	789	600	...	...	...	2,737	18	...	...	...	...	18	49	...	49	...	...	12,500	...	...	...
	Lal Lal	4,653	4,865	440	...	...	30	9,988	104½	6	...	...	...	110½	47	10	57	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Lara ...	365	920	...	...	...	...	1,285	1	...	...	...	...	1	49	...	49	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Meredith	2,639	1,968	390	...	...	80	5,077	56	...	...	...	...	56	320	...	320	90	45	100	...	...	...
	Modewarre	21,367	8,504	...	...	...	250	30,121	129	...	...	...	...	129	261	...	261	...	...	26,000	...	1,980	...
	Moolap	8,935	2,116	618	45	15	249	11,978	128	14	1,030	11	3	1,186	1,520	6	1,526	45	...	5,182	19	...	...
	Moradoranook	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Moorpanyal	8,806	1,386	449	20	...	...	10,661	2	...	21	...	...	23	1,265	6	1,271	...	...	132,800	32	7,100	...
	Moranghurk	5,929	3,280	1,093	640	...	...	10,942	...	...	19	...	...	19	1,254	...	1,254	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Mouyong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Murgheboluc	4,982	3,431	965	20	...	...	9,398	55½	5	18	...	...	78½	328½	...	328½	...	...	20,000	...	1,000	...
	Murtcaim	2,478	7,603	2,480	...	...	...	12,561	5	...	30	...	...	35	320	6	326	...	6	...	...	...	...
	Narmbool	...	...	...	...	...	264	264	42	5	20	23	...	90	5	...	5	36	...	...	...	...	...
	Paraparap	2,771	1,254	106	...	...	60	4,191	40	...	24	...	...	64	98	...	98	...	100	...	...	...	...
	Parwan	12,060	20	1,551	...	...	...	13,631	6	...	...	...	...	6	230	...	230	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Paywit	10,721	3,174	102	40	...	52	14,089	83	12	37	...	...	132	329	...	329	51	12	17,600	72	12	...
	Puebla	3,646	2,802	402	...	...	354	7,240	92	...	32	...	...	124	165	...	165	...	...	11,500	...	...	...
	Tutegong (part of) ²	702	80	...	...	...	...	782	18	...	10	...	...	28	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wabdallah	13,523	4,575	2,206	...	...	...	20,304	49	...	...	20	...	69	320	...	320	5	...	85,000	70	122	...
	Warrenheip	5,352	15,175	168	...	...	40	20,735	840	4	20	9	8	881	80	...	80	9	...	300	...	...	...
	Werribee	1,140	595	50	...	135	...	1,920	...	...	1½	...	...	1½	99	...	99	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wormbete	400	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Worniyaloak	2,418	2,559	690	...	...	...	5,667	4	21	27	...	...	52	328	...	328	...	...	9,000	...	...	...
	Wurdi Youang	1,402	538	275	64	...	...	2,279	...	...	...	...	...	...	128	...	128	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Yalloak	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	4	22	...	22	...	5	...	...	...	...
	Youang	5,789	3,619	1,727	1	...	...	11,136	7	...	4	...	...	11	122	...	122	...	...	18,300	...	300	...
	Total ...	358,199	187,448	37,858	1,873	259	7,203	592,840	5,293½	151	4,043	370	84	9,941½	18,101	116½	18,217½	1,166	298	1,658,170	2,849	69,966	...

¹ Remainder in Bourke.

² Remainder in Polwarth.

COUNTY OF

TABLE XLIX.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity the Year ending

NAME OF PARISH.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.										
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.		Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.		
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.		
Argyle ...	22	1,370	1,450	2,820	100	2,920	2,770	959	187	195	4	...	...	...	386
Ballarat (part of) ¹ ...	26	204	177	381	62	443	443	233	...	34	2	...	...	...	36
Birregurra (part of) ² ...	11	8,365	374	8,739	320	9,059	2,647	323	185	71	10	...	...	...	266
Burrunbeet (part of) ³ ...	13	1,169	992	2,161	...	2,161	2,161	1,925	652	727	16	...	...	...	1,395
Cardigan ...	50	1,442	4,282	5,724	321	6,045	5,990	2,011	229	345	...	...	...	...	574
Carngham ...	10	618	350	968	...	968	968	431	13	181	...	...	...	...	194
Chepstow ...	2	20	...	20	...	20	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commeralghip... ..	6	8,178	178	8,356	...	8,356	8,356	52	16	4	4	...	...	...	24
Corindhap ...	24	1,233	84	1,317	...	1,317	1,111	497	86	166	2	...	...	...	254
Cressy ...	6	12,010	26	12,036	...	12,036	12,036	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cundare ...	29	4,894	223	5,117	2,885	8,002	1,453	550	405	132	...	...	...	...	537
Doroq ...	70	16,803	760	17,563	...	17,563	14,358	1,665	969	453	59	...	...	...	1,481
Dowling Forest (part of) ⁴ ...	14	435	98	533	...	533	533	353	...	27	...	...	...	...	27
Dreite ...	2	13,000	...	13,000	...	13,000	13,000	80	40	20	10	...	...	...	70
Enfield ...	27	2,737	574	3,311	140	3,451	2,996	1,126	171	414	14	...	...	...	599
Gellibrand ...	5	18,712	...	18,712	800	19,512	8,494	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Haddon ...	16	1,472	1,660	3,132	120	3,252	2,685	415	91	176	...	...	...	...	267
Hesse ...	5	16,125	...	16,125	80	16,205	16,125	91	24	12	6	...	...	...	42
Karngun ...	9	10,906	17	10,923	...	10,923	3,956	14	7	3	1	...	...	...	11
Kurucaruc ...	3	20,185	236	20,421	...	20,421	1,350	57	8	13	...	...	...	...	21
Lawaluk ...	6	13,344	140	13,484	295	13,779	13,699	560	188	184	21	...	...	...	393
Mannibadar ...	3	10,800	...	10,800	...	10,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mindai ...	6	4,851	...	4,851	730	5,581	541	63	31	23	...	...	...	...	54
Mirnee ...	27	4,452	87	4,539	1,076	5,615	685	180	72	25	...	...	...	...	97
Murdeduke ...	7	6,776	84	6,860	...	6,860	5,946	54	30	14	10	...	...	...	54
Naringhil ...	3	59,000	...	59,000	...	59,000	59,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ondit ...	28	9,541	312	9,853	1,379	11,232	10,112	916	707	156	7	...	...	...	870
Poliah (North and South)	3	17,000	1,390	18,390	...	18,390	4,640	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poorneet ...	1	14,129	...	14,129	...	14,129	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scarsdale ...	9	888	960	1,848	100	1,948	1,948	460	74	200	9	4	...	...	287
Shelford ...	1	35,000	...	35,000	...	35,000	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Turkeeth ...	10	16,706	...	16,706	552	17,258	4,167	268	180	69	14	...	...	...	263
Wallinduc ...	1	3,000	...	3,000	...	3,000	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warracbarunah ...	1	15,500	...	15,500	...	15,500	15,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warrambine ...	7	2,020	...	2,020	...	2,020	2,020	247	108	105	19	...	...	...	232
Warrion (part of) ⁵ ...	7	1,408	...	1,408	380	1,788	1,398	274	120	82	50	...	...	...	252
Weering ...	2	16,212	...	16,212	...	16,212	8,690	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wendowree ...	10	136	16	152	...	152	152	121	1	27	...	...	...	...	28
Wilgul ...	2	9,000	...	9,000	...	9,000	9,000	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	10
Windermere ...	29	1,790	2,708	4,498	...	4,498	4,498	2,686	986	1,179	26	...	...	...	2,191
Wingeel ...	1	8,135	...	8,135	...	8,135	180	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wurrook ...	4	15,834	...	15,834	...	15,834	14,885	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yarima ...	2	12,869	70	12,939	383	13,322	480	15	...	6	3	...	...	...	9
Yarrowee ...	40	...	...	...	818	818	742	450	102	158	5	...	...	...	265
Total ...	560	418,269	17,248	435,517	10,541	446,058	262,748	17,158	5,682	5,211	292	4	...	...	11,189

¹ Remainder in Ripon.

² Remainder in Polwarth.

³ Remainder in Ripon.

RENVILLE-1.

Land enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in
1st March, 1863.

EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS. (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artifi- cial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	Land in Fallow.
1	91	471	...	471	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	10
18	18	164	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	5	6	15	...
7	...	1	...	...	8	36	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	10
20	20	510	...	510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100	...	2	...	...	102	1,260	...	1,260	...	7	5	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	59
17	17	220	...	220	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...
...	28	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	241	...	241	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	...	2	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
19	19	150	...	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	3	3	15	...
11	11	313	...	313	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
110	110	166	...	166	...	...	...	...	...	224	224	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	23
...
59	...	2	...	...	61	87	...	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	47	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
...	3	3	...
...	36	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	34	39	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	42	42	...	1	...	...	2	...	3	49
...
3	3	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	1	...	...	2	79	...	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
...
24	...	2	...	...	26	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	7	...
...
16	16	152	...	152	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...
5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
5	5	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	4
...
5	5	87	...	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
...
134	134	296	...	296	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65
...	4	...	4	...
1	1	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	51	122	...	122	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	10
744	...	10	...	...	754	4,608	...	4,608	5	7	5	...	...	266	283	...	2	13	...	64	15	94	230

4 Remainder in Ripon.

5 Remainder in Polwarth.

COUNTY OF GRENVILLE—2.

TABLE L.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, ex- clusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
Argyle	3,080	3,760	40	...	...	...	6,880	128	...	...	...	...	128	507	...	507	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ballarat (part of) ¹ ...	...	885	60	...	...	...	945	28	...	...	...	...	28	214	...	214	...	...	41,000	50	152	...
Birregurra (part of) ² ...	3,900	1,580	250	...	...	...	5,730	12	...	1	...	...	13	52	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burrumbeet (part of) ³ ...	11,550	16,275	700	...	...	...	28,525	30	...	...	...	...	30	738	...	738	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cardigan	4,342	7,892	...	...	...	...	12,234	100	...	12	...	...	112	1,335	...	1,335	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carngham	355	4,855	...	...	...	...	5,210	36	...	...	...	...	36	318	...	318	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chepstow ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commeralghip	340	110	120	...	...	...	570	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Corindhap	1,775	3,830	60	...	...	...	5,665	4	...	...	...	...	4	281	...	281	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cressy ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cundare	6,760	3,036	...	...	...	...	9,796	17	...	8	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Doroq	20,305	11,500	1,640	...	...	...	33,445	36	...	...	...	...	36	204	...	204	...	...	18,000	289	100	...
Dowling Forest (part of) ⁴ ...	...	659	...	...	...	...	659	16	...	...	...	...	16	265	...	265	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dreite	1,000	600	300	...	...	...	1,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Enfield	2,743	7,166	210	...	...	...	10,119	136	...	...	...	...	136	178	...	178	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gellibrand ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Haddon	1,320	2,420	...	...	...	...	3,740	68	...	2	...	...	70	117	...	117	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hesse	500	290	150	...	...	...	940	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	...	80	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karngun	150	100	15	...	...	...	265	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kurucaruc	170	280	...	...	...	...	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lawaluk	3,910	4,440	265	...	...	...	8,615	58	...	...	...	...	58	71	...	71	...	30	...	...	...	...
Mannibadar ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mindai	675	690	...	...	...	...	1,365	4	...	...	...	...	4	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...

STAT-0.	Mirnee	...	...	1,370	495	...	...	...	...	1,865	3	...	4	...	...	7	181	...	181	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Murdeduke	...	...	650	420	300	...	...	...	1,370	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Naringhil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Ondit	...	...	14,705	5,210	335	...	...	...	20,250	33	...	13	...	...	46	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Poliah (North and South)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Poorneet	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Scarsdale	...	...	1,200	3,000	136	80	...	...	4,416	17	...	...	...	...	17	115	...	115	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Shelford	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18	...	10	...	...	...	...
	Turkeeth	...	...	4,340	2,000	340	...	...	...	6,680	7	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tutegong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wallinduc	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Warracharunah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Warrambine	...	...	2,200	2,620	440	...	...	...	5,260	6	...	...	...	...	6	23	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Warrion (part of) ⁵	...	...	2,630	2,520	1,500	...	...	...	6,650	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Weering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wendouree	...	...	30	725	...	...	...	...	755	7	...	...	...	...	7	147	...	147	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wilgul	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Windermere	...	...	16,815	25,840	520	...	...	...	43,175	149	...	...	...	...	149	432	...	432	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wingeel	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wurrook	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Yarrima	...	...	...	140	120	...	...	...	260	7	...	...	...	...	7	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Yarrowee	...	...	1,707	2,694	73	...	...	...	4,474	48	...	...	...	...	48	121	...	121	...	...	120	...	...	...
Total				108,522	116,232	7,574	80	232,408	952	...	40	992	5,570	...	5,570	...	40	59,120	339	252	...

¹ Remainder in Ripon.

² Remainder in Polwarth.

³ Remainder in Ripon.

⁴ Remainder in Ripon.

⁵ Remainder in Polwarth.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN—1.

TABLE LI.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.						
					PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
					Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.
					acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
Boriyalook	...	...	...	6	28,806	...	28,806	...	28,806	11,733	317 $\frac{3}{4}$	83	115	13	...	...	211
Carnballac	...	...	...	1	2,545	...	2,545	...	2,545	900	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chatsworth	...	...	...	1	11	...	11	...	11	8	6	...	4	...	...	...	4
Colongulac	...	...	...	45	13,791	222	14,013	...	14,013	9,888 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,260 $\frac{1}{2}$	234	125	...	...	3	362
Conewarre	...	...	...	1	9,300	...	9,300	...	9,300	9,300	23 $\frac{3}{4}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Corangamite	...	...	...	1	7,300	...	7,300	...	7,300	7,300	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darlington	...	...	...	5	22,663	...	22,663	...	22,663	14,040	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	...	...	...	...	3
Ettrick	...	...	...	1	16,000	...	16,000	...	16,000	16,000	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Elyer...	...	...	...	2	9,200	...	9,200	...	9,200	40	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Galla	...	...	...	1	5,000	...	5,000	...	5,000	40	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gorvac	...	...	...	1	5,000	...	5,000	...	5,000	300	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Geelengla	...	...	...	3	5,734	1,535	7,269	...	7,269	2,298	21 $\frac{1}{4}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenormiston	...	...	...	20	20,725	...	20,725	2,124	22,849	21,008	256 $\frac{1}{4}$	191	21	...	...	...	212
Hexham	...	...	...	22	6,862	38	6,900	...	6,900	6,760	439 $\frac{1}{2}$	149	240	1	...	...	390
Keilambete	...	...	...	9	17,988	...	17,988	532	18,520	7,350	393 $\frac{1}{4}$	70	9	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$
Keilnoorat	...	...	...	3	13,527	...	13,527	...	13,527	13,674	76 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolora	...	...	...	3	236	...	236	396	632	162	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	35	...	...	...	...	35
Koort-koort-nong	...	...	...	2	19,758	...	19,758	...	19,758	19,758	28	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lismore	...	...	...	3	6,832	...	6,832	...	6,832	2,797	41 $\frac{1}{4}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Marida Yallock	...	...	...	11	8,670 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	8,670 $\frac{1}{2}$	861 $\frac{1}{2}$	9,532	3,403	91 $\frac{3}{4}$	53	7	...	...	...	60
Mortlake	...	...	...	74	21,198	3,059	24,257	...	24,257	13,078	2,971 $\frac{1}{4}$	1,605	732	3	...	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,343 $\frac{1}{2}$
Panmure	...	...	...	1	60	...	60	...	60	60	30	20	8	...	...	...	28
Purrumbete	...	...	...	1	33,921	...	33,921	...	33,921	33,921	45	...	3	...	...	...	3
Skipton	...	...	...	4	6,125	...	6,125	...	6,125	4,302	48	5	...	...	...	...	5
Struan	...	...	...	1	20,000	...	20,000	...	20,000	20,000	12 $\frac{3}{4}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Terang	...	...	...	28	1,893	293	2,186	145	2,331	1,940	487	331	72	6	...	2	411
Terinallum	...	...	...	4	29,252	...	29,252	...	29,252	24,464	37 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wickliffe	...	...	...	2	1,500	...	1,500	...	1,500	640	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wooriwyrite	...	...	...	1	9,860	...	9,860	...	9,860	9,860	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Woorndoo	...	...	...	1	2,400	...	2,400	...	2,400	200	9 $\frac{3}{4}$	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	258	346,157 $\frac{1}{2}$	5,147	351,304 $\frac{1}{2}$	4,058 $\frac{1}{2}$	355,363	255,224 $\frac{1}{2}$	7,724 $\frac{3}{4}$	2,779	1,336	23	...	9	4,147

TABLE LI.—(continued).—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																							
				GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.
				Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
				acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
Boriyalook			
Carnballac			
Chatsworth			
Colongulac			
Conewarre			
Corangamite			
Darlington			
Ettrick			
Elyer			
Galla...			
Gorvac			
Geelengla			
Glenormiston			
Hexham			
Keilambete			
Kilnoorat			
Kolara			
Koort-koort-nong			
Lismore			
Marida Yallock			
Mortlake			
Panmure			
Purrumbete			
Skipton			
Struan			
Terang			
Terinallum			
Wickliffe			
Wooriwyrite			
Woorndoo			
Total			

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN—2.

TABLE LII.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																						
				CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.						
				Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	VINES.				
																						Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, ex- clusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manu- factured.	
				bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gallons.	gals.			
Boriyalook	...	...	...	1,780	1,925	290	...	...	...	3,995	8	...	...	...	...	8	219	...	219	...	5	20	$\frac{1}{2}$	...	...
Carnballac	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chatsworth	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colongulac	4,112	2,370	...	...	...	...	105	6,587	106	...	$16\frac{1}{4}$	2	...	$124\frac{1}{4}$	105	11	116	...	120	1,108	$50\frac{1}{2}$	...	...
Conewarre	4	...	...	4	12	...	12	...	...	150	10	...	...
Corangamite	1	...	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darlington	140	...	...	...	...	...	140	7	...	...	...	...	...	7	$36\frac{1}{2}$	...	$36\frac{1}{2}$	...	30	...	...	...	...
Etrick	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$3\frac{1}{2}$	...	$3\frac{1}{2}$	...	6	40	2	...	...
Elyer	6	...	6	...	...	200	...	...	...	...
Galla	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gorvac	4	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Geelengla	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenormiston	22	...	22	...	10	100	...	...	...	...
Hexham	4,581	431	...	...	...	...	5,012	$97\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	$97\frac{1}{2}$	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Keilambete	1,908	3,492	18	...	...	...	5,418	9	...	...	...	...	...	9	27	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kilnoorat	1,494	305	...	...	...	...	1,799	$43\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	$43\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	400	40	...	...	...
Kolora	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	31	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koort-koort-nong	586	...	...	...	...	...	586	$15\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	$15\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lismore	$1\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	...	$1\frac{1}{2}$	8	...	8	...	60	...	...	...	...
Marida Yallock	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	22	...	22	...	25	...	...	...	...
Mortlake	848	70	...	...	...	...	918	$31\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	$31\frac{1}{2}$	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Panmure	28,580	15,130	55	...	...	...	42	43,807	230	...	9	...	...	239	307	2	309	...	20	1,374	...	...	...
Purrumbete	420	180	...	...	...	...	600	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Skipton	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Struan	100	...	...	...	...	...	100	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	41	...	41	...	...	...	...	...	...
Terang	18	...	18	...	20	...	...	...	...
Terinallum	6,940	1,503	95	...	...	...	54	8,592	$139\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	$139\frac{1}{2}$	15	...	15	...	47	...	...	...	...
Wickliffe	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wooriwyrite	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Woorndoo	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4	...	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Total	51,489	25,466	458	...	...	...	201	77,614	724	...	$29\frac{1}{4}$	2	...	$755\frac{1}{4}$	982	13	995	...	344	3,392	103	...	...

TABLE LIII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations. Quantity of Land in

STAT.—*p.*

AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF VICTORIA, 1862-3.

57

57

57

57

COUNTY OF

TABLE LV.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations
Crop in the Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceed- ing 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND						
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.									
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.		Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	
Balmarring ...	20	3,920	...	3,920	157	4,077	1,855	64	3	5	2	...	...	...	10
Berwick ...	81	11,215	4,073	15,288	...	15,288	14,953	1,503	409	285	10	...	1	8	713
Bittern ...	2	204	100	304	...	304	204	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buneep ...	1	4	...	4	...	4	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Corinella ...	15	3,070	1,580	4,650	2,000	6,650	3,500	180	57	59	1	...	...	...	117
Cranbourne ...	61	13,094	2,651	15,745	...	15,745	14,341	656	274	104	24	...	26	1	429
Eumemmerring ...	82	13,012	4,014	17,026	200	17,226	16,649	526	94	115	7	3	...	2	221
Fingal ...	2	4,784	...	4,784	...	4,784	4,784	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Flinders ...	15	9,295	248	9,543	242	9,785	9,115	207	82	33	4	3	...	...	122
Frankston ...	16	3,312	48	3,360	...	3,360	1,549	189	12	10	7	...	...	...	29
Kangerong ...	28	2,561	2,436	4,997	1,554	6,551	3,023	218	64	60	23	1	...	...	148
Langwarren ...	4	7,914	896	8,810	700	9,510	9,510	9	3	...	...	...	...	...	3
Lyndhurst ...	48	8,086	3,477	11,563	3,600	15,163	11,449	530	348	26	...	...	...	...	374
Moorrooduc ...	75	8,649	4,837	13,486	...	13,486	11,691	730	130	55	...	1	...	...	186
Nar Nar Goon ...	13	3,268	2,320	5,588	242	5,830	3,330	121	36	29	...	...	...	...	65
Narre-warran ...	27	2,870	2,675	5,545	...	5,545	4,391	255	51	23	1	...	...	...	75
Pakenham ...	8	9,621	1,320	10,941	...	10,941	9,421	22	...	4	...	...	...	...	4
Ringwood ...	7	705	...	705	...	705	263	22	6	5	...	...	...	...	11
Scoresby ...	24	2,991	28	3,019	...	3,019	2,705	233	82	29	...	...	...	...	111
Sherwood ...	10	18,654	3,679	22,333	...	22,333	21,243	205	54	11	...	...	...	...	65
Tyab ...	25	3,341	...	3,341	...	3,341	2,001	168	62	12	...	...	...	...	74
Wannaeue or Nepean...	22	3,626	684	4,310	426	4,736	3,054	166	44	45	7	...	...	...	96
Wollomai ...	9	3,087	650	3,737	2,000	5,737	1,388	82	12	36	...	...	...	...	48
Yallock ...	4	10,059	3,000	13,059	...	13,059	13,059	350	4	3	...	...	...	...	7
Total ...	599	147,342	38,716	186,058	11,121	197,179	163,482	6,440	1,827	949	86	8	27	11	2,908

COUNTY OF

TABLE LVI.—Gross Produce of each description

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY						
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.
Balmarring ...	bushels. 21	bushels. 90	bushels. 40	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. ...	bushels. 151
Berwick ...	5,705	3,783	71	...	...	99	9,658
Bittern ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buneep ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Corinella ...	600	1,010	15	...	...	...	1,625
Cranbourne ...	3,931	1,628	857	...	375	40	6,831
Eumemmerring ...	929	1,265	80	60	...	25	2,359
Fingal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Flinders ...	1,786	675	60	45	...	...	2,566
Frankston ...	72	100	4	...	...	...	176
Kangerong ...	592	573	246	15	...	...	1,426
Langwarren ...	15	...	...	...	...	...	15
Lyndhurst ...	3,462	294	...	...	...	...	3,756
Moorrooduc ...	1,965	734	...	12	...	...	2,711
Nar Nar Goon ...	618	735	...	...	...	...	1,353
Narre-warran ...	524	268	3	...	...	...	795
Pakenham ...	...	60	...	...	...	...	60
Ringwood ...	90	100	...	...	...	...	190
Scoresby ...	1,312	715	...	...	...	...	2,027
Sherwood ...	795	287	...	...	...	...	1,082
Tyab ...	641	164	...	12	...	...	817
Wannaeue or Nepean ...	700	636	150	...	...	...	1,486
Wollomai ...	180	490	...	...	...	...	670
Yallock ...	48	60	...	...	...	...	108
Total ...	23,986	13,667	1,526	144	375	164	39,862

MORNINGTON—1.

Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of 31st March, 1863.

UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.						OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.		
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.		Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
23	23	...	...	...	...	4	10	...	...	9	23	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	5	
76	2	4	...	9	91	96	15	111	5	6	5	...	...	501	517	1	1	14	...	20	5	41	30
...	
...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	16	8	...	8	3	2	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	31	
43	43	116	...	116	...	...	...	...	...	36	36	...	...	7	...	8	1	16	16	
77	4	2	...	10	93	70	...	70	3	15	14	...	...	9	41	1	...	2	...	23	12	38	63
...	1	...	1	...	
59	59	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	
9	...	1	...	...	10	59	4	63	6	...	...	...	3	...	9	...	...	...	...	14	...	14	64
17	17	7	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	4	12	38	6	6	
...	2	1	3	2	2	1	...	1	...
30	...	1	...	...	31	66	...	66	...	...	...	...	...	12	12	1	...	...	7	...	8	39	39
39	2	...	...	...	41	145	...	145	19	18	12	...	22	86	157	...	1	32	...	24	7	64	137
14	1	15	31	1	32	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	6	6
34	34	32	...	32	3	3	...	100	100	...	11	11
6	6	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	
38	38	60	10	70	4	4	10	10
5	5	...	1	1	2	7	120	129	1	4	5
30	30	17	4	21	1	1	1	20	23	1	...	6	...	4	...	11	9	9
15	15	18	32	50	2	2	1	...	1	2	2
11	11	14	...	14	7	2	9
4	4	11	...	11	...	2	325	327	1	...	1
548	8	8	...	20	584	799	70	869	48	55	42	...	25	1,121	1,291	5	109	86	...	114	45	359	429	

MORNINGTON—2.

of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

OF PRODUCE.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel- wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cab- bage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco	Vines.			
											Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine pro- duced.	Brandy manu- factured.
tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
57	57	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
177	3	42	...	36	258	77	10	87	2	...	4,900	86	...	...
...
...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	44	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	130	164	...	164	8	...	1,800	...	...	...
148	14	30	...	44	236	67	...	67	40	...	4,000	...	...	...
...
132	132	36	...	36	...	...	200	...	...	...
17	...	4	...	...	21	52	2	54	...	...	1,400	32	...	...
26	26	12	5	17	...	...	47,310	...	...	...
...	3	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	...	3	...	...	80	78	...	78	27	...	...	...	...	...
68	4	...	...	...	72	108	...	108	...	...	27,250	106	230	...
54	4	58	50	2	52	...	...	230	...	...	...
73	73	53	...	53	...	...	500	...	...	...
17	17	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	5	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
139	139	110	5	115	...	...	500	...	...	...
13	13	...	3	3	...	...	2,500	2	...	...
79	79	24	8	32	90	...	1,600	6	...	...
43	43	30	17	47	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	25	28	...	28	...	27	...	...	...	...
10	10	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,334	21	79	...	84	1,518	947	53	1,000	169	27	92,190	232	230	...

COUNTY OF NORMANBY—1.

TABLE LVII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.					Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.						
						PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.									
						Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.	
						acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.			
Bolwarra					20	3,826	484	4,310	...	4,310	3,892	289	60	37	2	...	...	...	99
Brambura					2	788	...	788	100	888	140	11	8	...	...	...	...	8	
Branxholme					50	21,513	908	22,421	408	22,829	8,504	636	398	35	12	...	...	...	445
Byduck					17	1,120	...	1,120	1,638	2,758	2,138	177	106	33	1	...	...	3	143
Byambyne					27	2,700	146	2,846	2,027	4,873	1,582	161	135	5	3	...	...	...	143
Croxtton West					16	4,209	1,900	6,109	...	6,109	4,489	273	160	62	...	...	...	...	222
Digby					9	6,741	4,500	11,241	320	11,561	9,756	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Drumborg					26	7,026	8	7,034	...	7,034	4,258	109	18	9	...	...	...	...	27
Grassdale					1	2,650	...	2,650	...	2,650	2,650	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Green Hills					8	6,228	...	6,228	...	6,228	2,610	30	10	3	...	...	...	...	13
Hamilton South					133	13,384	2,291	15,675	...	15,675	13,777	2,615	1,656	386	45	...	...	...	2,087
Heywood					27	1,987	24	2,011	...	2,011	490	139	14	14	...	...	...	...	28
Hotspur					14	2,195	658	2,853	...	2,853	2,037	30	8	...	...	...	...	...	8
Macarthur					20	4,961	5	4,966	1,105	6,071	5,538	214	133	27	6	...	...	...	166
Merino					48	21,459	646	22,105	...	22,105	14,683	964	607	171	11	1	...	1	791	
Mocomboro					6	1	...	1	886	887	268	117	60	45	...	...	...	...	105
Monivae					21	17,450	...	17,450	1,722	19,172	5,806	298	156	82	8	...	...	...	246
Mouzie					5	1,441	...	1,441	...	1,441	772	35	5	...	...	...	...	...	5
Murndale					1	10,000	...	10,000	...	10,000	10,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Napier... ..					3	13,067	...	13,067	80	13,147	7,130	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Narrawong					42	5,675	434	6,109	...	6,109	3,466	679	266	39	13	...	...	...	318
Portland					53	3,047	275	3,322	...	3,322	3,110	387	35	9	1	...	...	...	45
Sandford					43	3,666	643	4,309	1,723	6,032	4,007	553	292	134	2	...	...	...	428
Tahara					15	10,994	...	10,994	934	11,928	2,490	337	215	24	8	...	...	...	247
Tarragal					33	4,803	292	5,095	...	5,095	4,704	494	89	9	7	...	4	...	109	
Trewalla					19	3,139	108	3,247	...	3,247	1,969	288	8	7	1	...	1	...	17	
Yulecart					17	6,429	...	6,429	1,229	7,658	5,664	159	109	33	...	...	...	...	142
Total					676	180,499	13,322	193,821	12,172	205,993	125,930	9,074	4,546	1,166	120	1	5	4	5,842	

COUNTY OF NORMANBY—1.

STAT—

TABLE LVII.—(continued).—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																											
				GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.						Land in Fallow.					
				Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.		Total.				
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.							
Bolwarra	16	...	1	...	...	17	125	23	148	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	8	2	10	6	
Brambura	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...		
Branxholme	27	...	...	...	...	27	102	...	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	54		
Byduck	20	1	1	...	...	22	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	6	...	
Byambyne	12	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...		
Croxtan West	13	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	36		
Digby	2	...	...	...	...	2	12	...	12	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	5	...	4	...	9	...	
Drumborg	9	...	...	...	...	9	38	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	4	31	
Grassdale	24	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Green Hills	3	3	8	...	8	2	...	1	3	...	6	...
Hamilton South	38	...	...	...	...	38	363	1	364	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	2	4	...	60	...	66	40	
Heywood	11	...	...	...	...	11	62	...	62	...	...	...	...	...	18	18	...	...	...	8	11	...	19	1	
Hotspur	2	...	...	...	...	2	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	
Macarthur	18	...	...	...	...	18	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	17	
Merino	29	...	...	...	...	29	86	...	86	...	...	...	...	...	33	33	...	...	...	...	24	...	25	...	
Mocomboro	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	
Monivae	19	...	...	...	...	19	22	1	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	10	...	
Mouzie	2	...	...	...	...	2	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	
Murndale	
Napier	6	...	...	...	...	6	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	7	...	...	1	...	8	...	
Narrawong	54	2	6	...	...	62	145	7	152	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	1	2	1	10	6	20	107	
Portland	33	1	1	...	...	35	68	14	82	4	...	...	...	1	141	146	...	...	1	4	12	9	26	53	
Sandford	19	...	...	...	...	19	64	2	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	23	...	25	15	
Tahara	13	...	...	...	...	13	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	69	69	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	
Tarragal	26	...	3	...	...	29	280	2	282	...	...	...	...	...	30	30	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	39	
Trewalla	6	...	1	7	179	...	179	80	80	1	1	3	5	...
Yulecart	9	...	...	...	...	9	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	
Total	378	4	13	...	...	395	1,661	50	1,711	6	...	...	...	1	434	441	...	20	12	16	216	22	286	399	

COUNTY OF NORMANBY—2.

TABLE LVIII.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.												
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.
Bolwarra	807	822	40	...	...	...	1,669	19	...	1	...	...	20
Brambura	164	...	...	...	...	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	...
Branxholme	6,403	737	235	...	...	...	7,375	59	...	...	...	...	59
Byduck	2,024	729	20	...	...	48	2,821	45	2	3	...	...	50
Byambyne	2,460	115	55	...	...	...	2,630	18	...	...	...	...	18
Croxton West	2,840	1,445	...	...	...	...	4,285	...	...	...	...	...	...
Digby ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	3
Drumborg	135	125	...	...	...	...	260	16	...	...	...	...	16
Grassdale ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Green Hills	110	36	...	...	...	...	146	6	...	...	...	...	6
Hamilton South	20,471	7,012	881	...	...	...	28,364	43	...	...	...	...	43
Heywood	194	207	...	...	...	...	401	16	...	...	...	...	16
Hotspur	90	...	...	...	...	...	90	3	...	...	...	...	3
Macarthur	2,750	340	110	...	...	...	3,200	42	...	...	...	...	42
Merino	11,782	4,369	168	80	...	20	16,419	47	...	...	...	...	47
Mocomboro	1,030	630	...	...	...	...	1,660	4	...	...	...	...	4
Monivae	2,386	1,646	53	...	...	...	4,085	37	...	...	...	...	37
Mouzie	110	...	...	...	...	...	110	6	...	...	...	...	6
Murndale ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Napier ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	23
Narrawong	3,974	544	195	...	...	...	4,713	106	2	1	...	...	109
Portland	566	173	14	...	...	...	753	81	2	9	...	...	92
Sandford	4,580	2,481	33	...	...	...	7,094	44	...	...	...	...	44
Tahara	5,187	511	181	...	...	...	5,879	21	...	...	...	...	21
Tarragal	1,595	210	221	...	120	...	2,146	48	...	40	...	...	88
Trewalla	146	130	25	...	22	...	323	8	...	12	...	...	20
Yulecart	1,790	640	...	...	...	...	2,430	18	...	...	...	...	18
Total	71,594	22,902	2,231	80	142	68	97,017	713	6	66	...	...	785

TABLE LVIII.—(continued)—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.								
	HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
						Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gallons.	gallons.
Bolwarra	152	10	162	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brambura	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Branxholme	136	...	136	...	...	...	...	...	...
Byduck	3	...	3	...	8	...	...	...	...
Byambyne ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Croxtan West	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...
Digby	8	...	8	...	...	5,000	...	...	...
Drumborg	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grassdale	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Green Hills	10	...	10	...	40	...	...	...	...
Hamilton South	379	1	380	...	10	6,450	44	...	...
Heywood	74	...	74	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hotspur	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macarthur	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Merino	148	...	148	...	20	160	12	...	...
Mocomboro	7	...	7	...	30	...	...	...	...
Monivae	39	2	41	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mouzie	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murndale ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Napier	17	...	17	...	12	...	...	...	...
Narrawong	176	4	180	...	20	7,000	...	...	...
Portland	89	15	104	...	...	600	17	100	...
Sandford	108	3	111	...	20	25	25	...	...
Tahara	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tarragal	268	3	271	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trewalla	168	...	168	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yulecart	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,912	38	1,950	...	160	19,235	98	100	...

COUNTY OF

TABLE LIX.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity
Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.									
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.	
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	
Bambra	17	919	...	919	1,819	2,738	1,869	167	82	37	4	...	...	...	123
Birregurra (part of) ¹	24	2,499	1,458	3,957	560	4,517	3,957	1,481½	1,094	234	9	...	...	2	1,339
Elliminyt	50	9,830½	1,116	10,946½	...	10,946½	10,946½	574½	124	200	6	...	...	...	330
Irrewarra	46	29,991½	1,903	31,894½	128	32,022½	30,692½	1,791¾	915	362	3	...	...	...	1,280
Murroon	13	371	...	371	1,889	2,260	605	123½	100	15	...	...	...	...	115
Nalangil	25	37,485	828	38,313	...	38,313	38,292	4,049	577	136	27	...	...	1½	741½
Pirron Yalloak ...	4	...	...	...	640	640	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tutegong (part of) ²	1	757	...	757	...	757	757	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warrior (part of) ³	2	13,000	...	13,000	...	13,000	13,300	53	20	20	...	...	...	...	40
Wensleydale	7	199	...	199	778	977	625	89½	65	5	3	...	...	1	74
Whoorel	8	5,007	135	5,142	474	5,616	5,472	658	170	62	...	...	...	...	232
Yan Yan Gurt	9	415½	...	415½	925½	1,341	697	87½	63	20	...	...	...	...	83
Yeo	10	3,207	...	3,207	1,193	4,400	3,963	115½	52	42	...	...	...	...	94
Remainder of County, Parish unnamed	1	...	...	...	150	150	100	30	20	8	...	...	...	...	28
Total	217	103,681½	5,440	109,121½	8,556½	117,678	111,276	9,220¾	3,282	1,141	52	...	...	4½	4,479½

¹ Remainder in Grenville.² Remainder

COUNTY OF

TABLE LX.—Gross Produce of each description

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY						
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.
Bambra ...	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.
Birregurra (part of) ¹	731	525	8	...	...	...	1,264
Elliminyt ...	20,980	5,056	168	...	...	23	26,227
Irrewarra ...	1,734	2,939	77	...	...	...	4,750
Murroon ...	15,438	7,672	65	...	...	...	23,175
Nalangil ...	2,067	374	...	...	...	...	2,441
Pirron Yalloak ...	8,839	2,118	550	...	...	20	11,527
Tutegong (part of) ²	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warrior (part of) ³	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wensleydale ...	300	300	...	...	...	...	600
Whoorel ...	1,150	86	84	...	...	...	1,350
Yan Yan Gurt ...	3,080	1,305	...	...	...	30	4,385
Yeo ...	600	200	...	...	...	...	800
Remainder of County, Parish unnamed	1,020	916	...	...	...	...	1,836
	386	210	...	...	...	...	596
Total ...	56,325	21,601	952	...	...	73	78,951

¹ Remainder in Grenville.² Remainder

POLWARTH—1.

of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the 31st March, 1863.

EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.								Land in Fallow.
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artifi- cial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.		
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
7½	7½	½	...	½	...	...	...	...	...	30	30	...	½	...	...	3½	2	6	...	
18	18	69	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2¼	...	9½	...	11½	44	
20½	...	1	...	...	21½	84	...	84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2¼	...	6¾	5	15	124
41½	...	2	...	...	43½	119	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	140	140	...	¼	1¼	...	7½	30	39	170¼
8½	8½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35¼	...	4	...	...	39¼	38	15	53	...	...	...	...	...	3,000	3,000	...	¼	...	...	7¼	...	7½	208
...	
...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	
7½	...	4	...	...	11½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3½	...	¼	...	...	3¾	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	400	400	...	...	...	...	3¼	...	3¼	5
4½	4½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5½	5½	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...	1¼	...	¾	1	3	...	
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
154¼	...	11¼	...	...	165½	341½	15	356½	...	...	...	...	...	3,580	3,580	...	2	7	...	41¼	38	88¼	551¼

in Grant. 3 Remainder in Grenville.

POLWARTH—2.

of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

OF PRODUCE.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco	Vines.			
											Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
15	15	½	...	½	...	10	...	...	...	...
51	51	139	...	139	...	...	1,530	20½	80	...
47½	...	3	...	...	50½	131½	...	131½	...	8	1,550	31	70	...
72	...	8	...	...	80	174	...	174	...	5	550	26	...	...
21	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	...	10	...	...	100	95	20	115	...	7	50	...	...	...
...
...	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
14½	...	4	...	...	18½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	...	2	...	...	12	27	...	27	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9½	9½	14	...	14	...	...	1,200	50	240	...
4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
345½	...	27	...	...	372½	601	20	621	...	30	4,880	127½	390	...

in Grant. 3 Remainder in Grenville.

COUNTY OF RIPON—1.

TABLE LXI.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.						
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.									
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.		Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil. let, and Sorghum.	Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
Ascot (part of) ¹	33	1,437	2,726	4,163	...	4,163	4,163	3,191	1,381	765	45	...	...	...	2,191
Ballarat (part of) ²	33	1,927	490	2,417	70	2,487	2,482	1,510	277	210	...	...	...	...	487
Brewster	1	15,000	...	15,000	...	15,000	7,000	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buangor	5	9,320	...	9,320	240	9,560	1,442	140	...	14	...	...	...	...	14
Buangal	1	1,280	...	1,280	...	1,280	70	20	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Burrambeet (part of) ³	132	6,623	8,350	14,973	10	14,983	14,957	12,035	4,514	4,043	194	...	...	3	8,754
Burrambeep	14	2,222	...	2,222	...	2,222	597	233	9	43	5	...	...	...	57
Chepstowe	3	18,855	...	18,855	...	18,855	18,355	226	45	100	3	...	...	...	148
Dowling Forest (part of) ⁴	30	1,840	1,355	3,195	...	3,195	3,178	2,130	680	284	8	...	...	...	972
Ercildoun (part of) ⁵	18	23,682	1,314	24,996	...	24,996	24,996	1,971	766	709	5	...	...	...	1,480
Glendaruel (part of) ⁶	19	410	1,356	1,766	...	1,766	1,766	1,122	479	491	...	...	...	...	970
Gorinn	12	4,498	1,638	6,136	...	6,136	1,761	411	...	19	...	...	...	...	19
Kiord	1	640	...	640	...	640	200	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Langi Ghiran	14	2,424	317	2,741	...	2,741	1,256	266	8	40	5	...	...	...	53
Lillerie	5	10,814	...	10,814	132	10,946	9,346	91	32	20	1	...	...	...	53
Livingstone	4	18,040	615	18,655	...	18,655	18,675	392	120	193	...	...	...	...	313
Millior	1	640	...	640	...	640	340	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mininera	1	1,280	...	1,280	...	1,280	300	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mohkwallock	10	6,515	...	6,515	553	7,068	1,413	254	10	85	...	...	...	...	95
Mount William	1	640	...	640	...	640	30	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nanimia	1	22,000	...	22,000	...	22,000	4,000	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raglan	10	5,561	5	5,566	...	5,566	644	119	...	15	...	...	...	...	15
Tara	4	7,958	...	7,958	...	7,958	210	35	...	3	...	...	...	...	3
Wickliffe	1	1,500	...	1,500	...	1,500	36	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yalla-y-Poora	3	13,100	2,000	15,100	...	15,100	8,740	50	...	5	...	...	...	...	5
Yangerahwill	25	10,787	...	10,787	1,136	11,923	2,065	553	160	179	7	1	...	...	347
Yarrum-Yarrum	1	640	...	640	...	640	200	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	383	189,633	20,166	209,799	2,141	211,940	128,222	24,847	8,482	7,218	273	1	...	3	15,977

¹ Remainder in Talbot.² Remainder in Grenville.³ Remainder in Grenville.⁴ Remainder in Grenville.⁵ Remainder in Talbot.⁶ Remainder in Talbot.

TABLE LXI.—(continued).—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																							
				GREEN CROPS. (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.
				Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.		
Ascot (part of) ¹	222	...	15	...	1	238	747	...	747	3	3	3	...	7	...	10	2	
Ballarat (part of) ²	38	...	1	39	947	...	947	6	1	7	4	...	14	12	30	...	
Brewster	3	...	...	...	...	3	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...		
Buangor	15	...	...	...	...	15	87	...	87	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	...	...	4	...	4	...		
Buangal	15	1	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...		
Burrumbeet (part of) ³	445	...	10	3	1	459	2,489	...	2,489	19	2	21	42	1	1	6	...	9	12	29	262	
Burrambeep	6	...	...	...	...	6	103	20	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	37		
Chepstowe	36	...	...	...	...	36	35	...	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	5		
Dowling Forest (part of) ⁴	26	...	1	3	...	30	1,120	...	1,120	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	2	7	...		
Ercildoun (part of) ⁵	104	...	4	...	...	108	189	5	194	...	...	...	...	170	170	...	...	...	2	2	4	15		
Glendaruel (part of) ⁶	26	...	4	...	...	30	118	...	118	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	2		
Gorinn	10	...	...	...	...	10	337	...	337	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	42		
Kiord	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Langi Ghiran	22	...	1	23	156	...	156	1	1	6	...	6	2	14	19	
Lillerie	8	1	...	...	...	9	28	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...		
Livingstone	27	...	...	...	...	27	44	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	6		
Millior	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mininera	1	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mohkwallock	120	...	...	1	...	121	36	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...		
Mount William	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nanimia	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raglan	3	...	...	...	...	3	97	...	97	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...		
Tara	23	...	23	6	6	1	...	1	1	3	...	
Wickliffe	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yalla-y-Poora	5	...	...	...	...	5	36	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	4	...		
Yangerahwill	166	...	6	12	...	184	14	...	14	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	...	1	5		
Yarrum-Yarrum	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,283	1	42	19	2	1,347	6,713	26	6,739	26	7	222	255	2	3	20	...	76	33	134	395	

¹ Remainder in Talbot.

² Remainder in Grenville.

³ Remainder in Grenville.

⁴ Remainder in Grenville.

⁵ Remainder in Talbot.

⁶ Remainder in Talbot.

COUNTY OF RIPON—2.

TABLE LXII.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.													
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel- wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	
Ascot (part of) ¹	
Ballarat (part of) ²	
Brewster	
Buangor	
Buangal	
Burrunbeet (part of) ³	
Burrambeep	
Chepstowe	
Dowling Forest (part of) ⁴	
Ercildoun (part of) ⁵	
Glendaruel (part of) ⁶	
Gorinn	
Kiord	
Langi Ghiran	
Lillerie	
Livingstone	
Millior	
Mininera	
Mohkwallock	
Mount William	
Nanimia	
Raglan	
Tara	
Wickliffe	
Yalla-y-Poora	
Yangerahwill	
Yarrum-Yarrum	
Total...	

¹ Remainder in Talbot.

² Remainder in Grenville.

³ Remainder in Grenville.

⁴ Remainder in Grenville.

⁵ Remainder in Talbot.

⁶ Remainder in Talbot.

¹ Remainder in Talbot.² Remainder in Grenville.³ Remainder in Grenville.⁴ Remainder in Grenville.⁵ Remainder in Talbot.⁶ Remainder in Talbot.

COUNTY OF RIPON—2.

TABLE LXII.—(continued).—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.								
	HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
						Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gallons.	gallons.
Ascot (part of) ¹	974	...	974	...	...	6,470	...	...	...
Ballarat (part of) ²	1,353	...	1,353	...	...	11,093	24	...	...
Brewster	20	...	20	...	...	100	2	...	...
Buangor	110	...	110	...	...	250	...	...	...
Buangal	20	1	21	...	10	...	...	...	...
Burrumbeet (part of) ³	3,917	...	3,917	6	1	11,956	1	...	...
Burrambeep	97	...	97	...	...	950	1	...	...
Chepstowe	125	...	125	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dowling Forest (part of) ⁴	1,451	...	1,451	...	...	800	...	...	...
Ercildoun (part of) ⁵	359	20	379	...	...	50	...	...	...
Glendaruel (part of) ⁶	169	...	169	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gorinn	326	...	326	...	...	230	...	...	...
Kiord	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Langi Ghiran	173	...	173	...	...	11,880	12	...	...
Lillerie	19	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...
Livingstone	70	...	70	...	...	50	...	...	...
Millior	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mininera	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mohkwallock	58	...	58	...	...	30	...	...	...
Mount William	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nanimia	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raglan	85	...	85	...	...	500	1	...	...
Tara	26	...	26	...	...	500	7	...	...
Wickliffe	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yalla-y-Poor	28	...	28	...	30	560	6	...	...
Yangerahwill	12	...	12	30	...	...	...	...	...
Yarrum-Yarrum	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	9,498	21	9,519	36	41	45,419	54	...	...

¹ Remainder in Talbot.

² Remainder in Grenville.

³ Remainder in Grenville.

⁴ Remainder in Grenville.

⁵ Remainder in Talbot.

⁶ Remainder in Talbot.

COUNTY OF

TABLE LXIII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.										
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.			Wheat.			Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.		
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	acres.		
Addington ...	27	1,998	2,203	4,201	...	4,201	4,001	2,340	1,262	861	8	...	...	...	2,131
Amherst ...	39	1,906	13	1,919	4	1,923	646	456	46	27	1	...	...	...	74
Ascot (part of) ¹ ...	65	2,559	4,866	7,425	9	7,434	7,313	5,562	2,416	1,906	129	...	...	5	4,456
Baringhup (part of) ² ...	16	2,708	333	3,041	365	3,406	3,406	573	187	195	13	...	...	...	395
Beckworth ...	48	5,999	1,209	7,208	...	7,208	7,208	2,208	840	1,100	14	...	...	...	1,954
Bet-Bet (part of) ³ ...	47	2,379	320	2,699	...	2,699	2,548	800	302	191	44	...	...	...	537
Bullarook ...	58	5,566	3,070	8,636	31	8,667	8,627	3,628	1,750	1,424	18	1	...	...	3,193
Bung Bong (part of) ⁴ ...	24	2,221	51	2,272	1	2,273	2,249	530	184	177	5	...	...	...	366
Burke ...	43	5,982	1,736	7,718	...	7,718	7,718	2,353	1,063	929	11	...	...	8	2,011
Carisbrook ...	45	8,199	541	8,740	...	8,740	6,340	1,719	753	301	42	...	...	...	1,096
Chewton ...	8	85	...	85	...	85	85	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Clunes ...	7	9,794	...	9,794	44	9,838	746	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Craigie ...	32	17,538	299	17,837	3	17,840	3,950	970	327	350	17	...	...	...	694
Creswick ...	18	1,442	265	1,707	6	1,713	1,472	620	250	270	...	...	...	...	520
Dean ...	14	148	361	509	132	641	606	184	46	67	...	...	...	...	113
Drummond ...	7	683	426	1,109	60	1,169	1,169	402	180	180	...	...	...	...	360
Eddington ...	22	2,717	1,200	3,917	...	3,917	2,384	1,008	515	237	37	...	...	...	789
Edgecombe ...	23	1,841	2,443	4,284	...	4,284	4,257	882	350	240	15	...	...	...	605
Eglinton ...	24	1,221	50	1,271	1	1,272	1,272	470	145	213	6	...	...	...	364
Elphinstone ...	28	1,744	437	2,181	...	2,181	2,156	475	54	165	7	1	...	...	227
Ercildoun (part of) ⁵ ...	42	1,690	2,546	4,236	...	4,236	4,236	3,188	1,419	1,394	32	...	...	...	2,845
Faraday ...	36	2,997	402	3,399	...	3,399	3,294	522	84	52	...	...	...	...	136
Franklin ...	36	2,276	1,089	3,365	40	3,405	3,086	1,286	539	336	14	...	1	...	890		
Fryers ...	19	416	4	420	...	420	420	220	1	30	...	...	...	...	31
Glendaruel (part of) ⁶ ...	129	11,335	4,304	15,639	18	15,657	15,657	9,775	4,025	4,553	76	3	...	...	8,657
Glenlyon ...	58	5,416	907	6,323	...	6,323	6,323	1,989	423	1,158	3	...	...	...	1,584
Guildford (part of) ⁷ ...	44	2,154	...	2,154	...	2,154	1,891	830	68	61	4	2	...	...	135
Harcourt (part of) ⁸ ...	17	2,860	63	2,923	...	2,923	2,860	139	8	64	2	...	...	...	74
Hawkeston ...	4	22,803	...	22,803	300	23,103	22,473	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Holcombe ...	19	1,451	1,231	2,682	...	2,682	2,573	1,027	333	439	11	...	...	...	783
Lexton ...	36	9,554	749	10,303	...	10,303	9,949	1,616	537	716	20	...	1	1	1,275		
Lillicur ...	5	374	...	374	...	374	374	167	58	80	...	...	...	...	138
Moolort ...	17	3,203	440	3,643	...	3,643	3,352	1,355	811	177	26	...	...	2	1,016
Rodborough ...	10	13,772	...	13,772	1	13,773	6,741	442	172	174	...	...	...	...	346
Sandon ...	39	2,358	181	2,539	1	2,540	2,415	1,350	415	589	...	...	...	...	1,004
Smeaton ...	70	8,498	7,511	16,009	180	16,189	13,159	6,760	2,958	2,955	18	...	...	...	5,931
Spring Hill ...	138	5,492	8,737	14,229	40	14,269	13,949	6,981	2,469	3,594	20	5	...	...	6,088
Strangways (part of) ⁹ ...	21	1,262	71	1,333	...	1,333	1,333	907	123	426	...	1	...	...	550
Sutton Grange (part of) ¹⁰	11	13,057	251	13,308	...	13,308	13,057	555	216	105	4	...	...	...	325
Tarrengower (part of) ¹¹	36	8,322	672	8,994	...	8,994	7,456	2,267	1,053	793	10	...	...	1	1,857
Turello ...	11	3,437	100	3,537	...	3,537	2,147	1,058	608	344	5	...	...	...	957
Wareet ...	22	1,546	...	1,546	120	1,666	1,618	460	165	160	3	...	...	...	328
Wombat ...	26	2,622	279	2,901	...	2,901	2,819	713	124	194	...	...	...	...	318
Yandoit ...	54	2,814	220	3,034	24	3,058	2,779	954	283	294	...	...	...	...	577
Total ...	1,495	206,439	49,580	256,019	1,380	257,399	212,114	69,875	27,562	27,521	615	13	2	17	55,730		

¹ Remainder in Ripon. ² Remainder in the Loddon. ³ Remainder in the Loddon. ⁴ Remainder in the Loddon. ⁵ Remainder in Ripon.
¹⁰ Remainder in the Loddon.

TALBOT—1.

of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the 31st March, 1863.

EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.								Land in Fallow.
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.		
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	a.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
129	129	73	...	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	7	...	
...	366	...	366	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	...	
308	...	26	...	...	334	622	5	627	...	...	7	3	...	...	10	...	...	2	3	27	3	35	100
...	164	2	166	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	6	...	7	4	
123	...	1	...	16	140	94	...	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	16	...	17	3
4	1	...	...	...	5	242	...	242	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	13	...	16	...
353	...	1	...	...	354	69	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	8	1	12	...
17	17	141	...	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	
61	61	187	...	187	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	7	3	12	82	
2	2	566	...	566	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	8	...	36	4	48	2	
1	1	38	...	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	3	5	...	
26	26	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	
26	26	237	...	237	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	
65	65	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	9	...	
40	40	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	4	
18	18	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	
14	14	175	4	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	4	22	
41	41	235	...	235	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	
9	9	89	...	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	
16	16	133	...	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	29	43	56	
210	210	109	...	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	10	4	18	6	
59	1	...	...	...	60	263	...	263	...	...	20	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	4	28	3	35	8
75	75	280	...	280	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5	3	11	30	
6	1	...	...	...	7	179	...	179	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
488	...	12	13	21	534	453	1	454	...	...	50	...	4	...	54	...	...	...	...	30	16	46	30
146	146	228	...	228	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	8	...	3	...	11	19	
3	3	617	...	617	16	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	6	...	19	2	27	32	
11	11	36	...	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	14	...	18	...	
...	42	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	4	...	
110	110	92	...	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	
179	1	...	1	1	182	128	...	128	14	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	4	...	8	5	17	...
...	29	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	5	232	...	232	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	100	
9	9	83	...	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	
23	23	233	...	233	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	14	...	19	71	
446	...	3	2	...	451	360	...	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	3	18	...
589½	...	2	1	...	592½	223	...	223	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	2½	...	42	3	47½	27
48	48	260	...	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	
54	54	174	...	174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	
20	...	1	...	...	21	288	...	288	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	94
81	81	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	7	123	...	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	
92	92	270	...	270	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	7	16	17	
40	40	289	...	289	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	11	...	12	33	
3,954½	4	46	17	38	4,059½	8,524	12	8,536	33	...	87	3	4	...	127	1	...	63½	10	415	96	585½	837	

6 Remainder in Ripon.
11 Remainder in the Loddon.

7 Remainder in the Loddon.

8 Remainder in the Loddon.

9 Remainder in the Loddon.

COUNTY OF TALBOT—2.

TABLE LXIV.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, ex- clusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.
Addington	26,780	19,376	160	...	...	...	46,316	143	...	...	...	...	143	101	...	101	...	...	200	...	...	...
Amherst	792	470	3	...	...	...	1,265	...	...	...	...	...	...	382	...	382	...	...	...	...	...
Ascot (part of) ¹	51,365	54,070	3,110	...	...	2	108,547	376	...	84	...	...	460	859	35	894	...	...	800	6	...	...
Baringhup (part of) ²	3,544	3,950	240	...	...	...	7,734	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	16	182	...	...	3,500	55	...	...
Beckworth	15,385	23,742	286	...	...	...	39,413	121	...	...	...	16	137	99	...	99	...	...	1,500	3	...	...
Bet Bet (part of) ³	5,057	4,034	643	...	...	...	9,734	2	3	...	...	...	5	245	...	245	...	...	26,600	130	...	...
Bullarook	47,019	40,470	395	18	...	...	87,902	478	...	3	...	...	481	85	...	85	...	...	500	...	...	...
Bung Bong (part of) ⁴	2,965	5,210	100	...	...	...	8,275	17	...	...	...	...	17	141	...	141	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burke	21,546	19,784	180	...	...	40	41,550	86	...	...	...	...	86	224	...	224	...	...	2,000	80	240	...
Carisbrook	14,120	6,488	1,126	...	...	...	21,734	2	...	...	...	...	2	630	...	630	...	...	33,200	2,077	2	...
Chewton ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	58	...	58	...	...	1,200	40	..	...
Clunes ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	24	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Craigie	7,550	8,185	248	...	...	...	15,983	23	...	...	...	...	23	225	...	225	...	...	...	...	...	...
Creswick	7,440	7,780	...	...	...	...	15,220	69	...	...	...	...	69	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dean	1,440	2,180	...	...	...	...	3,620	41	...	...	...	...	41	26	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...
Drummond	4,000	4,230	...	...	...	...	8,230	19	...	...	...	...	19	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eddington	10,671	5,710	1,318	...	...	...	17,699	16	...	...	...	...	16	191	4	195	...	...	1,200	44	...	...
Edgecombe	6,665	4,184	225	...	...	...	11,074	56	...	...	...	...	56	327	...	327	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eglinton	3,228	4,780	142	...	...	...	8,150	9	...	...	...	...	9	87	...	87	...	...	...	...	...	...

STAT-7	Elphinstone	...	...	785	2,750	116	...	40	...	3,691	20	...	...	...	20	121	...	121	...	...	1,200	...	...	...			
	Ercildoun (part of) ⁵	...	...	40,695	31,445	625	...	...	...	72,765	272	...	...	...	272	133	...	133	...	...	8,100	24	...	...				
	Faraday	...	...	1,012	778	...	...	...	...	1,790	49	...	...	...	49	213	20	233	...	...	800	8	...	...				
	Franklin	...	...	10,767	6,505	195	...	15	...	17,482	94	...	...	...	94	228	...	228	...	...	175	...	...	...			
	Fryers	...	...	30	785	...	...	...	...	815	8	12	...	...	...	20	203	...	203	...	...	...	...	...	
	Glendaruel (part of) ⁶	...	...	93,215	112,115	1,491	60	...	...	206,881	570	...	71	31	20	692	579	2	581	...	...	400	...	...	...		
	Glenlyon	...	...	8,458	20,905	100	...	...	...	29,463	169	...	...	...	...	169	244	...	244	...	...	12,500	34	...	...			
	Guildford (part of) ⁷	...	...	1,375	1,516	120	60	...	...	3,071	3	...	...	...	...	3	710	...	710	...	...	21,600	11	30	...
	Harcourt (part of) ⁸	...	...	114	1,045	50	...	...	...	1,209	5	...	...	...	...	5	28	...	28	...	...	1,200	40	...	...			
	Hawkeston	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	
	Holcombe	...	...	6,776	9,485	210	...	...	...	16,471	189	...	...	...	...	189	113	...	113	...	...	2,500	...	...	...		
	Lexton	...	...	11,375	15,260	280	...	10	10	26,935	179	...	...	...	...	179	149	...	149	...	...	19,100	12	...	...			
	Lillicur	...	...	1,450	1,900	...	...	...	...	3,350	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Moolort	...	...	15,020	3,190	490	...	...	15	18,715	5	...	...	...	...	5	224	...	224	15	...	...	...	...	...
	Redborough	...	...	3,630	3,480	...	...	...	...	7,110	9	...	...	...	...	9	99	...	99	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sandon	...	...	9,414	14,565	...	...	...	...	23,979	41	...	...	...	...	41	329	...	329	...	...	13,600	18	...	...			
	Smeaton	...	...	80,960	92,526	345	...	...	...	173,831	530	...	30	5	...	565	526	...	526	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Spring Hill	...	...	71,970	106,590	566	93	...	...	179,219	709	...	18	7	...	734	280	5	285	...	...	14,600	30	300	...
	Strangways (part of) ⁹	...	...	2,977	11,170	...	50	...	...	14,197	140	...	...	...	...	140	330	...	330	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sutton Grange (part of) ¹⁰	...	...	5,322	2,322	80	...	...	...	7,724	66	...	...	...	...	66	103	...	103	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tarrengower (part of) ¹¹	...	...	25,952	19,744	248	...	...	12	45,956	18	...	1	...	...	19	326	...	326	...	...	1,200	3	...	...			
	Turello	...	...	16,570	10,000	75	...	...	...	26,645	85	...	...	...	...	85	40	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wareet	...	...	3,882	3,470	80	...	...	...	7,432	7	...	...	...	...	7	123	...	123	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Wombat	...	...	2,809	4,784	...	...	...	...	7,593	147	...	...	...	...	147	407	...	407	...	...	1,600	10	...	...			
	Yandoit	...	...	5,610	6,985	...	...	...	...	12,595	76	...	...	...	...	76	373	...	373	...	...	2,500	...	...	...		
Total				649,735	697,958	13,247	281	65	79	1,361,365				4,874	15	207	43	36	5,175	9,851	82	9,933	15	...	171,775	2,625	572	...

¹ Remainder in Ripon.

² Remainder in the Loddon.

³ Remainder in the Loddon.

⁴ Remainder in the Loddon.

⁵ Remainder in Ripon.

⁶ Remainder in Ripon.

⁷ Remainder in the Loddon.

⁸ Remainder in the Loddon.

⁹ Remainder in the Loddon.

¹⁰ Remainder in the Loddon.

¹¹ Remainder in the Loddon.

COUNTY OF VILLIERS—1.

TABLE LXV.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Belfast	88	6,122	17,423	23,545	344	23,889	23,258	1,559	615	21	48	...	...	...	12	696
Boorpool	1	1,315	...	1,315	277	1,592	1,592	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Boothahpool	7	2,805	1,635	4,440	...	4,440	2,723	28	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	20
Boramboram	35	8,362	200	8,562	...	8,562	7,296	433	157	139	12	...	...	...	...	308
Bulanbul	3	10,100	755	10,855	...	10,855	3,455	90	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
Caramut	8	20,446	4,000	24,446	64	24,510	8,339	108	7	16	...	...	...	...	...	23
Caramut, South	6	1,607	...	1,607	314	1,921	199	16	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	5
Codrington	35	3,258	1,958	5,216	...	5,216	4,788	1,359	1,195	13	9	...	...	...	...	1,217
Cooramook	12	6,762	3,176	9,938	...	9,938	7,178	886	220	83	10	...	...	...	...	313
Corea	1	640	4,277	4,917	...	4,917	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dunkeld	12	8,548	60	8,608	...	8,608	4,681	286	91	29	8	...	...	...	...	128
Framlingham	10	368	75	443	...	443	443	50	6	13	...	...	...	...	...	19
Hexham, West	7	1,409	18,013	19,422	...	19,422	15,862	102	17	16	...	...	...	...	1	34
Kangatong	9	2,658	...	2,658	1,691	4,349	718	13	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Koroit	135	3,949	12,539	16,488	160	16,648	15,917	6,785	3,087	174	330	1	...	...	59	3,651
Langulac	4	2,834	...	2,834	1,014	3,848	219	9	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2
Meerai	77	6,898	5,912	12,810	...	12,810	12,810	2,652	1,138	217	36	...	...	...	15	1,406
Minhamite	4	1,704	...	1,704	848	2,552	640	7	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	4
Minjah	1	407	...	407	...	407	407	32	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3
Minjah, North	1	8,000	...	8,000	...	8,000	700	23	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Pompom	3	1,483	6,255	7,738	351	8,089	2,037	36	13	9	1	...	...	...	...	23
Purdeet, East	2	10,000	...	10,000	446	10,446	2,002	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purnim	105	7,265	7,331	14,596	320	14,916	14,836	3,020	1,823	270	48	...	...	...	11	2,152
Quambay	1	640	...	640	...	640	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wangoon	221	7,719	10,924	18,643	60	18,703	18,643	5,481	3,136	599	141	...	...	...	29	3,905
Warrong	87	7,661	2,944	10,605	150	10,755	9,659	1,490	1,183	60	12	...	...	...	8	1,263
Woolsthorpe	2	124	...	124	...	124	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yalimba	9	15,472	340	15,812	...	15,812	10,745	38	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	24
Yalimba, East	5	790	...	790	364	1,154	335	44	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
Yambuk	63	9,437	2,473	11,910	125	12,035	8,986	1,710	1,459	49	21	...	...	...	2	1,531
Yangery	169	4,112	8,558	12,670	...	12,670	12,613	8,459	2,968	309	234	...	...	...	70	3,581
Yarpturk	62	5,831	3,202	9,033	...	9,033	7,989	1,628	1,117	87	29	...	...	...	24	1,257
Yatchan	10	1,243	145	1,388	...	1,388	1,268	386	306	46	12	...	...	...	...	364
Yatmerone	4	2,799	96	2,895	...	2,895	1,892	17	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Yeth Youang	8	18,929	7,300	26,229	7,403	33,632	10,900	124	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	16
Remainder of County, Stations, &c.	21	90,057	31,200	121,257	11,760	133,017	64,908	361	13	24	4	...	...	...	...	41
Total	1,228	281,754	150,791	432,545	25,691	458,236	279,541	37,252	18,643	2,206	955	1	...	...	231	22,036

COUNTY OF VILLIERS—1.

TABLE LXV.—(continued).—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																							Land in Fallow.
	GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							
	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Arti- ficial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	
Belfast	78	...	5	...	...	83	152	52	204	2	...	5	...	...	528	535	...	...	4	...	32	5	41
Boorpool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bootahpool	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
Boramboram	25	...	...	...	...	25	75	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	15	8	25
Bulanbul	7	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	3	10	...	...	...	...	50	60	...	1	...	...	1	...	2
Caramut	9	...	...	...	...	9	29	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	40	40	...	1	...	...	6	...	7
Caramut, South	4	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
Codrington	82	...	1	...	...	83	22	...	22	2	...	...	...	...	22	24	...	...	1	...	8	4	13
Cooramook	31	...	...	...	...	31	28	7	35	...	...	...	...	...	500	500	...	1	...	...	4	2	7
Corea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dunkeld	19	1	...	...	...	20	112	...	112	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	1	...	...	...	5	...	6
Framlingham	11	...	...	...	...	11	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3
Hexham, West	7	...	...	...	...	7	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	23	23	...	6	...	...	5	...	11
Kangatong	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	1	...	...	1	1	3
Koroit	442	4	4	1	...	451	672	16	688	4	...	2	...	...	1,943	1,949	1	5	...	...	23	3	32
Langulac	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
Meerai	315	...	3	1	...	319	110	2	112	...	...	...	...	...	729	729	2	4	...	...	20	...	26
Minhamite	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Minjah	1	...	2	...	...	3	12	10	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	4
Minjah, North	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	1	...	1	2	4
Pompom	8	...	...	...	...	8	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Purdeet, East	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	15	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
Purnim	329	4	2	1	1	337	134	...	134	3	...	...	...	...	350	353	3	4	...	...	27	...	34
Quambay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wangoon	562	8	35	8	4	617	509	23	532	...	...	...	...	...	264	264	13	12	4	3	83	6	121
Warrong	141	3	3	1	...	148	44	...	44	1	...	...	...	...	14	15	1	1	...	...	18	...	20
Woolsthorpe	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
Yalimba	3	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	8
Yalimba, East	7	...	...	...	...	7	...	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	3
Yambuk	74	...	...	...	...	74	59	...	59	...	...	...	...	...	20	20	...	...	...	...	24	2	26
Yangery	833	1	10	2	...	846	378	6	384	1	...	...	...	...	3,565	3,566	5	20	...	...	45	5	75
Yarpturk	277	...	1	...	...	278	27	8	35	2	...	...	...	...	41	43	...	...	...	...	8	6	14
Yatcham	12	...	...	...	...	12	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	8
Yatmerone	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	3	2	8
Yeth Youang	10	...	...	...	...	10	24	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	70	70	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
Remainder of County, Stations, &c.	13	...	...	...	...	13	96	...	96	...	...	2	...	...	165	167	...	19	1	...	22	2	44
Total	3,314	21	66	14	5	3,420	2,541	159	2,700	25	...	9	...	...	8,353	8,387	26	80	15	3	383	58	565
																							144	

COUNTY OF VILLIERS—2.

TABLE LXVI.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
Belfast	bushels. 11,317	bushels. 470	bushels. 1,160	bush. ...	bush. ...	bushels. 159	bushels. 13,106	tons. 175	tons. ...	tons. 24	tons. ...	tons. ...	tons. 199	tons. 287	tons. 54	tons. 341	cwt. ...	cwt. ...	1,000	cwt. 19	gals. ...	gals. ...
Boorpool ... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..	... ..
Boothpool	354	...	...	...	...	...	354	9	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Boramboram	1,847	2,410	215	...	...	...	4,472	45	...	...	...	...	45	103	...	103	...	...	2,000	...	...	...
Bulanbul	300	...	...	...	...	...	300	23	...	...	...	...	23	6	...	6	...	30	...	...	...	...
Caramut	105	252	...	...	...	...	357	12	...	...	...	...	12	40	...	40	...	17	...	...	...	...
Caramut, South ... ..	...	40	...	...	...	...	40	2	...	...	...	...	2	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Codrington	20,441	350	125	...	...	...	20,916	178	...	4	...	...	182	28	...	28	...	...	350	6	10	...
Cooramook	4,544	1,715	233	...	...	...	6,492	109	...	...	...	...	109	41	7	48	...	30	...	...	...	...
Corea ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dunkeld	1,417	630	191	...	...	...	2,238	29	13	...	...	...	42	173	...	173	25	...	...	...	...	...
Framlingham	101	229	...	...	...	...	330	21	...	...	...	...	21	21	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hexham, West	230	300	...	...	...	12	542	10	...	...	...	...	10	24	...	24	...	140	...	...	...	...
Kangatong	18	...	...	...	...	...	18	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	10	700	25	...	...
Koroit	61,346	4,378	9,162	25	...	1,109	76,020	1,453	25	41	5	...	1,524	1,189	25	1,214	30	52	...	...	...	...
Langulac ... ..	...	10	...	...	...	...	10	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Meerai	22,135	5,332	962	...	...	325	28,754	1,252	...	26	20	...	1,298	212	6	218	64	75	...	...	...	...
Minhamite ... ..	...	30	...	...	...	...	30	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Minjah ... ..	...	30	...	...	...	...	30	1	...	1	...	...	2	20	10	30	...	12	100	5	...	...
Minjah, North... ..	40	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	2	12	...	12	...	...	500	7	...	...
Pompom	200	120	9	...	...	...	329	17	...	...	...	...	17	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purdeet, East ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purnim	34,489	5,849	1,025	...	...	238	41,601	1,025	34	26	20	16	1,121	239	...	239	82	79	...	...	...	...
Quambay ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wangoon	64,945	14,570	3,284	...	...	504	83,303	1,706	100	482	99	39	2,426	981	23	1,004	604	240	8,740	27	27	...
Warrong	23,675	1,572	105	...	...	214	25,566	452	10	11	3	...	476	43	...	43	5	25	...	...	...	...
Woolsthorpe ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yalimba	118	75	...	...	...	...	193	5	...	...	...	...	5	4	...	4	...	20	...	...	...	...
Yalimba, East... ..	130	...	...	...	...	...	130	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	18	18	...	...	2,000	40	...	...
Yambuk	27,365	1,136	485	...	...	14	29,000	159	...	...	...	...	159	79	...	79	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yangery	62,163	8,046	6,365	...	...	1,696	78,270	3,295	10	80	14	...	3,399	811	18	829	135	315	80	2	...	...
Yarpturk	25,001	2,762	656	...	...	533	28,952	1,081	...	10	...	...	1,091	32	15	47	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yatchan	3,450	530	260	...	...	...	4,240	19	...	...	...	...	19	3	...	3	...	...	...	400	15	...
Yatmerone	150	...	...	...	...	...	150	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	40	900	15	...	...
Yeth Youang	200	140	...	...	...	...	340	23	...	...	...	...	23	36	...	36	...	...	250	6	...	...
Remainder of County, Stations, &c.	140	...	...	...	...	...	140	21	...	...	...	...	21	93	...	93	...	160	1,000	...	...	...
Total... ..	366,221	50,976	24,237	25	...	4,804	446,263	11,148	192	705	161	55	12,261	4,486	196	4,682	945	1,245	18,020	167	37	...

DISTRICT OF GIPPS LAND—1.

TABLE LXVII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.						
		PURCHASED LAND:			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.
UPPER GIPPS LAND.															
Bairnsdale	4	34	...	34	...	34	34	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	3
Bundalaguah	39	11,744	242	11,986	640	12,626	11,956	1,003	741	163	13	2	...	...	919
Coongulumorang	8	1,350	...	1,350	1,968	3,318	779	13	9	1	...	...	...	...	10
Denison	15	3,632	2,300	5,932	2,181	8,113	5,880	94	63	14	...	...	...	...	77
Flinn's Creek	3	...	144	144	289	433	433	42	9	14	...	...	...	...	23
Lucknow	2	1	1	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maffra	26	674	...	674	3,874	4,548	3,480	248	195	35	8	...	...	...	238
Nuntin	18	14,331	...	14,331	480	14,811	14,773	361	217	48	15	...	30	...	310
Rosedale	8	1,155	49	1,204	...	1,204	1,149	105	20	28	1	...	...	...	49
Sale	66	9,900	1,726	11,626	...	11,626	11,626	1,486	752	272	27	1	...	...	1,052
Stratford	13	347	55	402	125	527	272	21	8	2	...	...	...	...	10
Tambo	7	49	25	74	...	74	60	29	2	11	...	...	...	...	13
Tinamba	20	5,327	80	5,407	2,568	7,975	2,475	157	105	24	...	...	...	...	129
Wadelock	9	8,058	6,500	14,558	306	14,864	14,612	148	124	6	6	...	...	...	136
Warruk Warruk	4	16,239	...	16,239	...	16,239	16,239	54	34	3	...	...	...	...	37
Woondellah	1	58	...	58	58	116	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wy-Yung	3	151	...	151	146	297	153	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerong	1	384	...	384	384	768	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Remainder of Upper Gipps Land, Stations, &c.	32	37,463	200	37,663	190	37,853	24,560	611	97	55	16	...	...	1	169
Total	279	110,897	11,322	122,219	13,209	135,428	108,482	4,381	2,379	676	86	3	30	1	3,175
LOWER GIPPS LAND.															
Alberton	31	364½	732	1,096½	...	1,096½	991¼	144¾	14½	6	...	...	...	¾	21¼
Tarra Tarra	71	2,287½	2,442¾	4,730¼	30	4,760¼	3,918¾	529	137¾	58¾	9½	...	1½	¼	207¾
Woodside and vicinity	18	5,156	393	5,549	320	5,869	4,779½	156½	73	18	2	...	...	...	93
Woranga	52	4,310	1,668	5,978	305	6,283	5,818	628¼	198½	34	5	...	...	1	238½
Yarram Yarram	68	3,417	1,973	5,390	...	5,390	4,426	822	198½	138¾	8	...	...	½	345¾
District west of Albert River	9	872	740	1,612	...	1,612	769½	200¾	51	23	9	...	...	1	84
Total	249	16,407	7,948¾	24,355¾	655	25,010¾	20,703	2,481¼	673¼	278½	33½	...	1½	3½	990¼
SUMMARY OF GIPPS LAND.															
Upper Gipps Land	279	110,897	11,322	122,219	13,209	135,428	108,482	4,381	2,379	676	86	3	30	1	3,175
Lower Gipps Land	249	16,407	7,948¾	24,355¾	655	25,010¾	20,703	2,481¼	673¼	278½	33½	...	1½	3½	990¼
Total	528	127,304	19,270¾	146,574¾	13,864	160,438¾	129,185	6,862½	3,052½	954½	119½	3	31½	4½	4,165¼

DISTRICT OF GIPPS LAND--1.

TABLE LXVII.—(continued).—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																							
	GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							
	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	Land in Fallow.
	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
UPPER GIPPS LAND.																								
Bairnsdale	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Bundalaguah	32	...	1	...	...	33	36	3	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	...
Coongulumorang	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Denison	10	...	...	...	...	10	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Flinn's Creek	3	...	...	...	...	3	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
Lucknow	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maffra	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
Nuntin	16	...	...	...	...	16	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
Rosedale	2	...	...	...	...	2	20	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	30	30	...	...	...	...	3	3	6	12
Sale	51	...	4	...	...	55	294	18	312	...	...	15	...	5	...	20	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...
Stratford	3	...	...	...	...	3	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	13	47	...
Tambo	6	...	...	...	...	6	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
Tinamba	3	...	...	...	...	3	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	6	...
Wadelock	1	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	1	5	6	...
Warruk Warruk	3	...	...	...	...	3	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
Woodellah	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Wi-Yung	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Remainder of Upper Gipps Land, Stations, &c.	28	...	3	...	...	31	102	2	104	29	...	102	...	...	130	261	...	...	1	1	23	11	36	10
Total	170	...	8	...	...	178	531	23	554	29	...	117	...	5	170	321	...	3	1	1	94	32	131	22
LOWER GIPPS LAND.																								
Alberton	7 $\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	9 $\frac{7}{8}$	...	1	1	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	96	97 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	9	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	15 $\frac{3}{8}$	...
Tarra Tarra	44 $\frac{3}{4}$	...	...	...	...	44 $\frac{3}{4}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	34	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	10	...	...	205	217 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	13	11	24	1
Woodside and vicinity	9	...	...	...	...	9	11	...	11	2	...	...	...	...	28	30	...	...	...	...	8	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	13 $\frac{1}{2}$	...
Woranga	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	28 $\frac{1}{2}$	18	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	324 $\frac{1}{4}$	324 $\frac{1}{4}$	...	...	...	...	5 $\frac{1}{4}$	13 $\frac{3}{4}$	19	...
Yarram Yarram	51 $\frac{3}{4}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	56 $\frac{3}{4}$	15 $\frac{1}{2}$	34	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{4}$	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	345 $\frac{3}{4}$	348 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	8 $\frac{1}{2}$	9	17 $\frac{1}{2}$	4
District west of Albert River	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	95	...	...	$\frac{1}{4}$	...	12	2	14 $\frac{1}{4}$	...
Total	149 $\frac{1}{4}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	156 $\frac{3}{8}$	78	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	113 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	10	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	1,094	1,112 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	1 $\frac{3}{4}$	...	55 $\frac{3}{4}$	45 $\frac{3}{4}$	103 $\frac{5}{8}$	5
SUMMARY OF GIPPS LAND.																								
Upper Gipps Land	170	...	8	...	...	178	531	23	554	29	...	117	...	5	170	321	...	3	1	1	94	32	131	22
Lower Gipps Land	149 $\frac{1}{4}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$	1 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	156 $\frac{3}{8}$	78	35 $\frac{1}{2}$	113 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	10	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	1,094	1,112 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	1 $\frac{3}{4}$	...	55 $\frac{3}{4}$	45 $\frac{3}{4}$	103 $\frac{5}{8}$	5
Total	319 $\frac{1}{4}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$	9 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	334 $\frac{3}{8}$	609	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	667 $\frac{1}{2}$	36 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$	127	...	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,264	1,433 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	3 $\frac{3}{8}$	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	1	149 $\frac{3}{4}$	77 $\frac{3}{4}$	234 $\frac{3}{8}$	27

DISTRICT OF GIPPS LAND—2.

TABLE LXVIII.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																						
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).							HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lu- cerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.				
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gather- ed, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine pro- duced.	Brandy manu- factured.	
	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.	
UPPER GIPPS LAND.																							
Bairnsdale	50	...	...	...	...	...	50	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bundalaguah	16,087	3,017	245	90	...	...	19,439	45	...	6	...	...	51	44	2	46	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coongulumorang	130	15	...	...	...	...	145	8	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Denison	535	181	...	...	...	...	716	5	...	...	...	...	5	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Flinn's Creek	135	270	...	...	...	...	405	12	...	...	...	...	12	21	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lucknow ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maffra	3,755	657	105	...	...	...	4,517	7	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nuntin	4,150	885	262	...	240	...	5,537	32	...	...	...	...	32	72	...	72	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rosedale ... ..	...	220	30	...	...	...	250	1	...	...	...	...	1	25	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sale	16,080	6,290	391	20	...	...	22,781	72	...	30	...	...	102	348	22	370	...	...	...	500	10	...
Stratford	160	...	...	...	...	...	160	9	...	...	...	...	9	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tambo	84	284	...	...	...	...	368	17	...	...	...	...	17	9	...	9	...	35	...	...	...	...
Tinamba	1,446	440	...	...	...	...	1,886	12	...	...	...	...	12	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wadelock	2,540	96	204	...	...	...	2,840	2	...	...	...	...	2	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warruk Warruk	680	50	...	...	...	...	730	5	...	...	...	...	5	23	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
Woondellah ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wy-Yung ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerong ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Remainder of Upper Gipps Land, Stations, &c.	1,946	1,005	180	...	...	20	3,151	66	...	1	...	...	67	131	4	135	...	...	...	500	20	40
Total	47,778	13,410	1,417	110	240	20	62,975	294	...	37	...	...	331	709	28	737	...	35	1,000	30	40	...
LOWER GIPPS LAND.																							
Alberton	114	75	...	...	...	25	214	10 ³ / ₄	...	7 ¹ / ₂	4	3	25 ¹ / ₄	...	3	3	35	...	650	28	...	...
Tarra Tarra	2,217	1,211	112	...	37	2	3,579	60	...	...	...	...	60	36	1	37	...	...	475	3	30	...
Woodside and vicinity	100	110	...	...	...	...	210	1	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	6	...	...	...	¹ / ₂	...	...
Woranga	2,990	638	107	...	...	10	3,745	28 ¹ / ₂	...	...	...	...	28 ¹ / ₂	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yarram Yarram	3,599	2,108	79	...	...	8	5,794	71 ¹ / ₄	22	5	...	...	98 ¹ / ₄	44 ³ / ₄	6	50 ³ / ₄	...	...	1,875	27	123	...
District west of Albert River	410	240	100	...	...	12	762	6 ¹ / ₂	...	...	...	...	6 ¹ / ₂	...	...	...	...	...	500	1	...	...
Total	9,430	4,382	398	...	37	57	14,304	178	22	12 ¹ / ₂	4	3	219 ¹ / ₂	103 ³ / ₄	10	113 ³ / ₄	35	...	3,500	59 ¹ / ₂	153	...	
SUMMARY OF GIPPS LAND.																							
Upper Gipps Land	47,778	13,410	1,417	110	240	20	62,975	294	...	37	...	...	331	709	28	737	...	35	1,000	30	40	...
Lower Gipps Land	9,430	4,382	398	...	37	57	14,304	178	22	12 ¹ / ₂	4	3	219 ¹ / ₂	103 ³ / ₄	10	113 ³ / ₄	35	...	3,500	59 ¹ / ₂	153	...	
Total	57,208	17,792	1,815	110	277	77	77,279	472	22	49 ¹ / ₂	4	3	550 ¹ / ₂	812 ³ / ₄	38	850 ³ / ₄	35	35	4,500	89 ¹ / ₂	193	...	

DISTRICT OF

TABLE LXIX.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	
EAST LODDON.																
Axedale ...	44	acres. 3,629	acres. 696	acres. 4,325	acres. 16	acres. 4,341	acres. 4,143	acres. 1,459	acres. 348	acres. 251	acres. 19	acres. ...	acres. 5	acres. ...	acres. 623	
Bagshot ...	21	4,716	135	4,851	...	4,851	4,067	546	60	71	9	...	...	...	140	
Baringhup (part of) ¹ ...	10	2,325	784	3,109	...	3,109	1,819	650	169	134	66	...	...	...	369	
Bradford ...	3	284	...	284	...	284	284	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Castlemaine (part of) ² ...	55	296	34	330	35	365	320	231	14	21	2	...	...	...	37	
Egerton ...	1	2,466	...	2,466	...	2,466	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ellesmere ...	13	2,244	1,267	3,511	...	3,511	3,375	993	237	41	10	3	...	...	291	
Elmore ...	3	900	334	1,234	...	1,234	290	189	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eppalock ...	38	5,274	88	5,362	...	5,362	3,168	758	218	193	10	...	...	...	421	
Goornong ...	22	5,834	2,920	8,754	...	8,754	5,669	795	337	151	14	...	...	...	502	
Guildford (part of) ³ ...	14	774	190	964	97	1,061	642	212	31	39	5	...	...	...	75	
Harcourt (part of) ⁴ ...	13	1,959	132	2,091	...	2,091	2,091	296	61	39	...	...	...	...	100	
Huntley ...	5	34	12	46	...	46	46	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Laanecoorie ...	44	7,783	2,094	9,877	151	10,028	7,788	2,473	1,273	439	29	...	...	...	1,741	
Leichardt ...	18	1,976	128	2,104	...	2,104	1,744	653	3	8	...	...	...	...	11	
Lockwood ...	54	1,584	196	1,780	...	1,780	1,766	1,208	148	129	20	...	...	...	297	
Lyell ...	5	143	72	215	109	324	187	44	15	3	...	...	...	...	18	
Maldon ...	12	204	4	208	...	208	183	47	4	7	...	...	...	...	11	
Mandurang ...	44	1,669	433	2,102	4	2,106	1,764	707	54	10	...	...	...	2	66	
Marong ...	21	2,777	772	3,549	5	3,554	2,625	1,167	87	72	6	...	1	...	166	
Muckleford ...	75	2,803	1,643	4,446	32	4,478	4,301	2,067	240	177	19	3	...	1	440	
Neereman ...	9	856	371	1,227	...	1,227	1,121	352	171	82	6	...	...	...	259	
Neering ...	5	324	290	614	...	614	614	30	2	2	...	...	...	...	4	
Nolan ...	9	3,299	385	3,684	...	3,684	1,422	545	90	111	...	...	...	...	201	
Ravenswood ...	12	569	83	652	...	652	577	118	2	...	...	...	...	2	4	
Salisbury ...	2	6,056	7,000	13,056	...	13,056	112	12	2	...	2	...	...	...	4	
Sandhurst ...	17	98	8	106	250	356	355	74	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	
Sedgwick ...	26	2,874	544	3,418	...	3,418	3,268	1,090	147	133	22	...	1	2	305	
Shelbourne ...	21	1,588	...	1,588	...	1,588	1,438	841	86	86	...	1	...	...	173	
Strangways (part of) ⁵ ...	23	1,811	910	2,721	...	2,721	2,163	922	136	313	8	...	...	...	457	
Strathfieldsaye ...	83	5,549	548	6,097	28	6,125	5,489	2,507	429	198	29	...	23	...	679	
Sutton Grange (part of) ⁶ ...	9	1,840	2,600	4,440	...	4,440	3,771	261	72	33	...	...	...	...	105	
Tarnagulla ...	22	5,476	5,353	10,829	...	10,829	7,132	1,217	582	202	29	...	...	...	813	
Tarnewgower (part of) ⁷ ...	11	892	150	1,042	...	1,042	949	650	185	172	1	...	...	...	358	
Walmer ...	37	1,760	662	2,422	...	2,422	2,249	1,061	145	148	8	...	...	...	301	
Woodstock ...	26	4,080	2,312	6,392	...	6,392	4,408	1,691	1,028	59	13	...	...	...	1,100	
Yarrayne ...	7	7,539	5,500	13,039	...	13,039	11,689	242	128	35	8	...	...	...	171	
Remainder of East Loddon, Stations, &c. ...	12	7,640	...	7,640	502	8,142	5,250	387	...	31	5	...	...	...	36	
Total ...	846	101,925	38,650	140,575	1,229	141,804	98,279	26,551	6,507	3,390	340	7	30	7	10,281	
WEST LODDON.																
Avoca (part of) ⁸ ...	8	102	391	493	...	493	343	123	1	5	...	...	...	...	6	
Bet-bet (part of) ⁹ ...	17	801	55	856	...	856	830	438	148	70	17	...	...	...	235	
Bung-bong (part of) ¹⁰ ...	17	4,528	129	4,657	...	4,657	3,050	663	230	162	8	...	...	...	400	
Dunolly ...	10	312	106	418	5	423	328	162	56	40	11	...	...	...	107	
Eddington (part of) ¹¹ ...	12	876	63	939	...	939	939	456	179	173	6	...	...	...	358	
Goldborough ...	10	348	28	376	200	576	576	184	24	20	...	...	...	...	44	
Kingpanyal ...	5	920	...	920	297	1,217	1,017	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nati Yaloak ...	4	589	...	589	389	978	626	65	19	8	...	...	...	...	27	
Paynswick ...	2	43	...	43	4	47	34	24	9	3	...	...	...	...	12	
Rathscar ...	8	345	202	547	76	623	377	66	20	19	...	...	...	...	39	
Tarnagulla ...	14	3,301	756	4,057	...	4,057	3,621	385	32	97	3	2	...	...	134	
Wareek (part of) ¹² ...	34	5,224	255	5,479	...	5,479	2,758	1,105	645	137	2	...	...	...	784	
Yalong ...	6	394	436	830	...	830	755	67	8	24	...	...	...	...	32	
Remainder of West Loddon, Stations, &c. ...	11	9,676	320	9,996	...	9,996	8,076	344	15	5	1	...	...	...	21	
Total ...	158	27,459	2,741	30,200	971	31,171	23,330	4,120	1,386	763	48	2	...	...	2,199	
SUMMARY OF THE LODDON.																
East Loddon ...	846	101,925	38,650	140,575	1,229	141,804	98,279	26,551	6,507	3,390	340	7	30	7	10,281	
West Loddon ...	158	27,459	2,741	30,200	971	31,171	23,330	4,120	1,386	763	48	2	...	...	2,199	
Total ...	1,004	129,384	41,391	170,775	2,200	172,975	121,609	30,671	7,893	4,153	388	9	30	7	12,480	

¹ Remainder in Talbot. ² Remainder in Talbot. ³ Remainder in Talbot. ⁴ Remainder in Talbot. ⁵ Remainder in Talbot. ⁶ Remainder in Talbot.

THE LODDON—1.

Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the 31st March, 1863.

EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
64	1	...	...	...	65	651	...	651	...	...	1	5	...	...	6	...	1	10	...	18	6	35	79
4	...	1	...	...	5	312	...	312	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	25	1	...	12	...	38	49
6	...	...	...	...	6	192	4	196	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	4	75
...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	14	20	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	...	1	...	5	93	1	94	23	...	4	...	...	...	27	...	1	15	...	20	25	61	7
...
40	3	...	...	5	48	374	...	374	2	...	...	...	...	150	152	2	2	8	...	9	13	34	94
70	...	...	...	5	75	112	...	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
21	...	...	...	...	21	229	...	229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	9	...	15	72
...	...	2	...	...	2	178	...	178	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	11	2	15	98
15	2	...	1	...	18	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	1	5	10	9
28	1	...	...	...	29	126	...	126	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	36
...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	...	3	4	16	3
...	...	2	3	...	5	408	...	408	2	8	11	1	...	28	50	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	258
...	...	...	...	...	...	598	...	598	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	9	...	13	31
13	...	...	1	...	14	624	...	624	2	...	...	...	3	10	15	1	...	13	...	90	14	118	140
15	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	3
1	...	...	...	...	1	21	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	12	2
34	...	...	8	...	42	398	...	398	13	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	13	...	74	8	95	93
8	...	...	...	...	8	841	...	841	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	6	...	9	1	16	134
29	...	...	2	...	31	1,343	2	1,345	4	2	42	...	...	2	50	1	...	8	17	32	17	75	126
6	...	...	...	...	6	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	17	2	21	54
2	...	3	...	...	5	11	...	11	...	2	1	3	...	...	6	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	...
2	...	...	...	...	2	325	...	325	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	3	1	9	8
...	...	8	...	...	8	77	...	77	...	...	...	22	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	21	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	10	20	45	4
42	5	2	4	...	53	614	...	614	2	10	...	2	2	...	16	...	11 ¹	3	...	12	...	16 ¹	85 ¹
4	2	...	...	...	6	559	...	559	23	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	1	2	...	25	...	28	52
6	...	...	...	...	6	409	...	409	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6	44
32	6	8	1	...	47	1,335	5	1,340	14	8	44	3	2	18	89	...	14	31	...	73	19	137	215
44	...	...	...	...	44	101	...	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	10
...	...	...	...	...	...	354	...	354	7	...	1	...	...	...	8	...	...	2	...	7	1	10	32
3	...	...	...	...	3	264	1	265	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	18
1	...	...	...	...	1	634	3	637	1	...	5	1	...	...	7	...	5	9	4	5	22	45	70
...	...	...	...	...	...	443	...	443	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	6	142
...	...	...	...	...	...	63	...	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	251	8	259	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	12	...	22	70
492	22	26	21	10	571	12,097	24	12,121	122	30	112	15	29	208	516	5	57 ¹	174	25	509	165	935 ¹	2,126 ¹
9	...	...	...	...	9	78	...	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	10	6	18	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	164	...	164	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	35
2	...	...	1	...	3	173	...	173	...	...	...	...	...	14	14	...	1	...	...	11	1	13	60
2	...	...	...	...	2	42	...	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	7
3	...	...	...	...	3	71	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	21
...	...	...	...	...	...	114	...	114	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	1	...	4	...	8	15
2	...	...	...	...	2	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	27
3	...	...	...	...	3	8	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25
...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
5	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	...	5	12
1	...	...	...	...	1	175	...	175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	20	12	43	32
4	1	...	...	...	5	176	1	177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	7	...	9	130
1	...	...	...	...	1	31	...	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	267	2	269	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	47
32	1	...	1	...	34	1,323	3	1,326	8	...	...	...	...	14	22	1	5	16	...	75	19	116	423
492	22	26	21	10	571	12,097	24	12,121	122	30	112	15	29	208	516	5	57 ¹	174	25	509	165	935 ¹	2,126 ¹
32	1	...	1	...	34	1,323	3	1,326	8	...	...	...	...	14	22	1	5	16	...	75	19	116	423
524	23	26	22	10	605	13,420	27	13,447	130	30	112	15	29	222	538	6	62 ¹	190	25	584	184	1,051 ¹	2,549 ¹

⁷ Remainder in Talbot. ⁸ Remainder in the Wimmera. ⁹ Remainder in Talbot. ¹⁰ Remainder in Talbot. ¹¹ Remainder in Talbot. ¹² Remainder in Talbot.

DISTRICT OF THE LODDON—2.

TABLE LXX.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Mil- let, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gather- ed, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine pro- duced.	Brandy manu- factured.
EAST LODDON.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bush.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.				
Axedale	7,134	6,090	375	...	40	...	13,639	31	4	...	...	...	35	781	...	781	...	8	14,370	172	...	...
Bagshot	799	1,241	108	...	...	...	2,148	7	...	20	...	...	27	255	...	255	...	...	2,762	2	...	...
Baringhup (part of) ¹	3,455	2,535	638	...	...	...	6,628	13	...	...	...	...	13	172	5	177	...	...	1,190	20	...	...
Bradford ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Castlemaine (part of) ²	303	505	65	...	...	...	873	1	...	...	1	...	2	116	2	118	...	21	37,805	129	300	...
Egerton ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ellesmere	4,960	1,227	350	60	...	...	6,597	144	45	...	...	100	289	494	...	494	400	80	20,500	245	160	...
Elmore ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	...	...	120	620	95	...	95	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eppalock	3,945	4,152	170	...	...	...	8,267	16	...	...	...	...	16	260	...	260	...	100	200	...	...	...
Goornong	5,544	2,278	140	...	...	...	7,962	...	...	3	...	...	3	166	...	166	...	...	1,650	35	...	...
Guildford (part of) ³	466	930	83	...	...	...	1,479	17	4	...	2	...	23	191	...	191	20	...	6,550	5	...	...
Harcourt (part of) ⁴	662	680	...	...	...	...	1,342	28	1	...	...	...	29	76	...	76	...	...	500	...	...	...
Huntley ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	15,500	230	56	...
Laanecoorie	21,106	7,942	709	...	...	...	29,757	...	...	30	1	...	31	401	...	401	...	...	...	...	...	...
Leichardt	60	100	...	...	...	...	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	602	...	602	...	...	18,750	102	...	...
Lockwood	2,218	2,310	388	...	...	...	4,916	16	...	...	2	...	18	544	...	544	30	...	28,640	286	387	28
Lyell	220	60	...	...	...	...	280	12	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	450	...	...	...
Maldon	100	194	...	...	...	...	294	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	21	...	...	2,385	27	...	...
Mandurang	750	170	...	...	...	20	940	41	...	...	15	...	56	337	...	337	...	...	28,700	147	720	...
Marong	1,356	1,666	139	...	20	...	3,181	16	...	...	...	...	16	811	...	811	...	...	12,800	281	241	...
Muckleford	4,109	4,557	412	15	...	15	9,108	27	...	...	11	...	38	1,492	5	1,497	40	...	42,000	146	175	...
Neereman	3,775	2,445	150	...	...	...	6,370	15	...	...	...	...	15	15	...	15	...	5	2,050	4	...	...
Neering	34	30	...	...	...	...	64	4	...	8	...	...	12	17	...	17	...	...	2,000	2	...	...
Nolan	1,299	2,222	...	...	...	...	3,521	1	...	...	...	...	1	293	...	293	...	...	8,750	116	200	...
Ravenswood	20	...	...	...	...	8	28	...	...	20	...	...	20	87	...	87	...	...	...	...	...	...

DISTRICT OF

TABLE LXXI.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations; Quantity Year ending

NAME OF PLACE.				Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND							
					PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
					Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	
					acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.			
Avenel	...	...	8	2,126	...	2,126	...	2,126	389	168	43	44	...	...	...	87
Balmattum	...	...	25	3,889	...	3,889	286	4,175	2,634	644	189	138	2	2	...	331	
Barnawartha	...	...	12	6,729	908	7,637	...	7,637	3,814	492	291	86	14	5	...	396	
Beechworth	...	...	24	1,904	...	1,904	...	1,904	1,545	235	6	115	6	...	...	127
Belvoir	...	...	21	1,773	84	1,857	...	1,857	1,485	330	163	56	2	14	...	235	
Benalla	...	...	77	18,701	585	19,286	990	20,276	12,724	1,545	739	391	12	12	...	1,154	
Boho	...	...	5	171	...	171	421	592	175	112	48	10	...	...	...	58
Bowman's Forest	...	...	32	2,773	40	2,813	590	3,403	3,083	572	184	237	4	40	...	465	
Brown's Plains	...	...	16	3,370	558	3,928	...	3,928	3,172	1,339	422	637	20	...	...	1,079
Euroa	...	...	18	825	170	995	...	995	797	288	30	32	4	...	...	66
Greta	...	...	12	1,221	140	1,361	292	1,653	1,246	364	113	120	...	84	...	317	
Indigo	...	...	63	7,006	...	7,006	...	7,006	5,821	2,273	1,378	367	8	22	...	1,780	
Longwood	...	...	5	282	30	312	...	312	205	23	3	...	...	...	...	3
Mansfield	...	...	42	36,408	100	36,508	702	37,210	4,794	1,512	847	524	...	5	...	1,376	
Oxley	...	...	75	13,227	569	13,796	237	14,033	8,493	4,580	2,122	1,736	21	506	...	4,390	
Shadforth	...	...	1	65	...	65	...	65	65	18	5	5	...	...	...	10
Tabilk	...	...	3	1,920	...	1,920	...	1,920	1,920	343	...	13	3	2	...	18	
Tarrawingee	...	...	39	4,485	717	5,202	...	5,202	4,976	1,901	690	807	13	56	...	1,566	
Violettown	...	...	15	1,575	60	1,635	75	1,710	1,427	347	85	57	...	...	...	142
Wahgunyah	...	...	26	2,907	275	3,182	...	3,182	2,988	1,435	847	464	...	...	...	1,316
Wangaratta	...	...	121	16,753	1,816	18,569	1,920	20,489	17,501	6,577	2,624	2,487	12	284	...	5,411	
Winton	...	...	17	1,473	...	1,473	...	1,473	959	225	88	89	...	...	...	177
Wooragee	...	...	23	1,984	438	2,422	...	2,422	2,422	664	85	278	...	1	...	364	
Remainder of District, Stations, &c.	...	...	25	70,273	640	70,913	7,200	78,113	47,308	788	151	101	1	65	...	318	
Total	...	...	705	201,840	7,130	208,970	12,713	221,683	129,943	26,775	11,153	8,794	122	1,098	...	21,186	

DISTRICT OF

TABLE LXXII.—Gross Produce of each description

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF						
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.
Avenel ...	bushels. 275	bushels. 630	...	...	...	...	bushels. 905
Balmattum ...	3,440	3,162	29	20	...	...	6,651
Barnawartha ...	5,525	2,390	290	75	...	...	8,280
Beechworth ...	18	1,630	85	...	...	...	1,733
Belvoir ...	2,671	1,309	30	192	...	...	4,202
Benalla ...	12,121	8,164	219	100	...	...	20,604
Boho ...	286	150	...	...	...	...	436
Bowman's Forest ...	2,476	5,090	48	556	...	...	8,170
Brown's Plains ...	11,505	9,498	200	...	...	...	21,203
Euroa ...	437	487	84	...	...	...	1,008
Greta ...	1,937	3,024	...	1,635	...	...	6,596
Indigo ...	20,055	8,435	130	195	...	80	28,895
Longwood ...	30	...	...	...	...	...	30
Mansfield ...	15,214	11,629	...	42	...	...	26,885
Oxley ...	43,033	46,592	840	9,010	...	120	99,595
Shadforth ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tabilk ...	...	360	50	...	...	...	410
Tarrawingee ...	11,708	19,674	336	592	...	...	32,310
Violettown ...	1,403	1,070	...	...	...	...	2,473
Wahgunyah ...	12,726	8,710	...	...	...	120	21,556
Wangaratta ...	49,156	63,870	180	2,860	...	...	116,066
Winton ...	1,266	1,620	...	...	...	...	2,886
Wooragee ...	1,184	5,613	...	12	...	...	6,809
Remainder of District, Stations, &c. ...	2,453	2,318	15	1,000	...	...	5,786
Total ...	198,919	205,425	2,536	16,289	...	320	423,489

THE MURRAY—1.

of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the 31st March, 1863.

UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							Land in Fallow.	
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lu- cerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Arti- ficial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.		
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
...	76	...	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	...	
27	27	283	...	283	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	
1	4	...	...	...	5	78	...	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	8	3	13	...
11	11	52	...	52	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	...	...	3	...	5	12	20	...	
8	8	63	16	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	...	8	...	
38	38	319	1	320	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	12	5	32	1	
1	1	21	...	21	15	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	
40	40	52	...	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1	5	10	
1	1	212	...	212	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	1	...	9	38	
8	8	211	...	211	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	
16	16	30	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	
57	57	361	15	376	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	33	...	17	1	55	5	
6	6	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	21	70	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	15	1	20	25	
58	3	...	5	...	66	55	...	55	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	23	6	...	6	4	39	29
6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	
4	4	21	5	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	261	...	6	...	267	28	
8	1	...	...	...	9	258	...	258	5	...	...	...	2	10	17	...	...	10	...	11	8	29	22
7	7	186	...	186	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	9	
...	78	...	78	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	3	34	...	2	...	39	...	
6	1	7	360	...	360	...	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	9	19	6	28	14	76	709	
...	48	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	2	1	...	...	35	240	3	243	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	...	10	4	22	...
14	14	278	4	282	...	...	1	...	...	6	7	...	9	12	...	15	11	47	120	
370	10	1	5	1	387	3,366	44	3,410	20	14	1	3	27	16	81	1	51	414	6	155	71	698	1,013	

THE MURRAY—2.

of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

PRODUCE.

GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.						
Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.				Brandy, manufactured.
tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.	Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.		gallons.
...	75	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	24	271	...	271	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	12	...	...	...	12	155	...	155	...	...	3,080	2	...	...	...
19	19	29	...	29	...	...	4,250	...	150	...	...
7	7	59	...	59	...	...	2,600	5	...	...	...
47	47	401	2	403	...	...	24,300	9	63	...	...
3	3	21	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	75	41	...	41	...	...	700	...	...	...	...
4	4	215	...	215	...	14	12,370	1,700	50	...	...
2	2	189	...	189	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	17	24	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	75	294	...	294	...	...	55,940	38	9	...	...
1	1	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30	30	74	...	74	...	1	4,500	2	...	...	...
125	2	...	16	...	143	84	...	84	...	210	8,400	18	26	...	...
6	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	6	24	18	42	...	...	501,200	...	...	...	...
9	10	...	...	...	19	321	...	331	...	...	19,000	9	160	...	...
8	8	217	...	217	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	62	...	62	...	10	59,900	...	...	...	...
6	6	364	...	364	...	136	36,650	83	338	...	...
...	48	...	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	4	1	...	...	53	193	5	198	20	...	16,540	40	580	...	...
29	29	293	5	298	...	112	23,000	26	120	...	...
541	28	1	16	...	586	3,461	30	3,491	20	483	772,430	1,932	1,546	...	...

COUNTY OF RODNEY—1.

TABLE LXXIII.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.			Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.						EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
				PURCHASED LAND.				Total Area in Occupation.	Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.						GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).					HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.					OTHER CROPS.					Land in Fallow.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
				Freehold.	Rented.	Total.	Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).				Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses—Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Artificial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.		Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	acres.	a.	acres.	acres.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	a.	acres.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																
Echuca ...	11	3,336	40	3,376	...	3,376	1,895	164	...	2	2	117	...	117</

COUNTY OF RODNEY—2.

TABLE LXXIV.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.		QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																				
		CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.				
		Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered ex- clusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manu- factured.
bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.		cwt.	gals.	gals.	
Echuca	70	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	122	...	122	...	...	12,300	30	...	...
Murcheson	...	2,778	12,415	195	...	20	15,408	9	...	...	...	...	9	293	...	293	25	...	2,200	27	...	...
Redcastle	...	1,698	2,500	65	...	12	...	4,275	46	...	...	...	46	485	...	485	...	30	20,750	57	575	...
Runnymede	...	3,574	9,000	620	...	24	13,218	4	...	...	...	...	4	408	...	408	...	3	8,130	30	130	...
Total	...	8,050	23,985	880	...	12	44	32,971	59	...	...	...	59	1,308	...	1,308	25	33	43,380	144	705	...

DISTRICT OF THE WIMMERA—1.

TABLE LXXV.—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	Number of Holdings exceeding 1 Acre.	EXTENT OF LAND IN OCCUPATION.					Extent of Enclosed Land.	Extent of Land under Tillage.	EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.							
		PURCHASED LAND.			Crown Land (exclusive of Stations).	Total Area in Occupation.			CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							
		Freehold.	Rented.	Total.					Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	
		acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Apsley and vicinity	11	4,018	640	4,658	2	4,660	1,464	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Avoca (part of) ¹	41	5,917	1,036	6,953	170	7,123	4,688	528	55	51	2	...	...	...	...	108
Crowlands and vicinity	5	9,739	...	9,739	...	9,739	1,886	78	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	11
Eversley	7	2,052	58	2,110	...	2,110	1,660	118	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	10
Glenorchy and vicinity	22	6,520	170	6,690	20	6,710	2,467	290	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenpatrick	7	593	...	593	...	593	468	196	65	39	...	...	...	...	...	104
Harrow and vicinity	9	4,495	...	4,495	...	4,495	1,140	114	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Horsham and vicinity	26	6,797	2,050	8,847	...	8,847	3,302	184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lexington and vicinity	13	3,472	...	3,472	610	4,082	1,393	263	32	...	...	...	...	...	1	33
Moonambel	1	640	...	640	...	640	400	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Navarre	6	2,620	18	2,638	...	2,638	548	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Arnaud and vicinity	23	5,266	37	5,303	...	5,303	1,982	245	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	10
Stawell and vicinity	18	2,200	40	2,240	34	2,274	1,274	274	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Swan Hill	6	3,520	...	3,520	...	3,520	700	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	195	57,849	4,049	61,898	836	62,734	23,372	2,493	159	114	2	...	...	...	2	277

¹ Remainder in the Loddon.

DISTRICT OF THE WIMMERA—1.

TABLE LXXV.—(continued)—Number of Holders of Purchased Land, and of Crown Land, exclusive of Stations, Quantity of Land Enclosed, Total Area in Cultivation, and Number of Acres under each description of Crop, in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.				EXTENT OF LAND UNDER EACH DESCRIPTION OF CROP.																							
				GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			GREEN FORAGE.							OTHER CROPS.							
				Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Maize.	Rye Grass and Lucerne.	Sorghum.	Clover, Vetches, &c.	Permanent Arti- ficial Grasses.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.	Other Crops.	Gardens.	Orchards.	Total.	Land in Fallow.
				acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.	acres.
Apsley and vicinity	...	...	...	...	...	...	95	...	95	13	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	1	...	3	...	4	...
Avoca (part of) ¹	...	...	...	...	2	11	383	...	383	...	...	...	5	...	...	5	2	...	4	9	6	...	21	...
Crowlands and vicinity...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	...	7	...
Eversley	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	...	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	4	5	1	...	12	...
Glenorchy and vicinity...	...	...	...	...	...	8	282	...	282	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenpatrick	...	...	...	...	...	15	69	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	...	4	4
Harrow and vicinity	...	...	...	...	...	1	107	...	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	6	...
Horsham and vicinity	...	...	...	...	...	...	166	...	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	5	...	10	8
Lexington and vicinity...	...	...	...	1	...	13	204	...	204	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	6	...	...	7	6
Moonambel	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
Navarre	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	...	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Arnaud and vicinity	...	...	...	...	...	4	214	...	214	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	16	...	17	...
Stawell and vicinity	...	...	...	...	3	14	230	...	230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	6	23
Swan Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	1	5	66	1,996	...	1,996	13	...	...	5	...	...	18	5	6	21	25	38	...	95	41

¹ Remainder in the Loddon.

DISTRICT OF THE WIMMERA—2.

TABLE LXXVI.—Gross Produce of each description of Crop in the Year ending 31st March, 1863.

NAME OF PLACE.	QUANTITY OF PRODUCE.																					
	CEREALS, PEASE, AND BEANS.							GREEN CROPS (exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens).						HAY.			OTHER CROPS.					
	Wheat.	Oats.	Barley.	Maize.	Rye and Bere.	Pease, Beans, Millet, and Sorghum.	Total.	Potatoes.	Turnips.	Mangel-wurzel.	Beet, Carrots, and Parsnips.	Cabbage.	Total.	Cereal Grasses— Wheat, Oats, and Barley.	Rye Grass, Lucerne, &c.	Total.	Onions.	Tobacco.	Vines.			
																			Number of Vines.	Grapes gathered, exclusive of those made into wine.	Wine produced.	Brandy manufactured.
Apsley and vicinity ...	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	tons.	cwt.	cwt.				
Avoca (part of) ¹ ...	1,077	1,310	20	...	...	...	2,407	7	...	...	...	4	11	336	...	336	5	...	10,500	43	...	...
Crowlands and vicinity...	...	220	...	...	...	...	220	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eversley ...	80	12	...	...	...	...	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	106	...	106	40	...	4,000	70	...	...
Glenorchy and vicinity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	8	274	...	274	...	...	...	...	...	...
Glenpatrick ...	1,025	660	...	...	...	...	1,685	27	...	...	...	...	27	71	...	71	...	...	1,400	...	...	...
Harrow and vicinity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	65	...	65	...	60	310	10	...	...
Horsham and vicinity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	...	147	...	20	1,240	5	28	...
Lexington and vicinity...	655	...	...	...	...	12	667	21	...	...	3	...	24	214	...	214	5	...	...	...	...	...
Moonambel ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	1,000	20	...	...
Navarre ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	...	53	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Arnaud and vicinity	...	160	...	...	...	...	160	8	...	...	...	...	8	241	...	241	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stawell and vicinity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	2	6	250	...	250	...	...	7,000	...	...	...
Swan Hill ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	2,837	2,362	20	...	...	12	5,231	75	...	...	4	6	85	1,946	...	1,496	50	92	25,750	148	28	...

¹ Remainder in the Loddon.

THIS PAGE IS BLANK

REPORTS
OF
COLLECTORS OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 1863.

THIS PAGE IS BLANK

REPORTS OF COLLECTORS OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

DISTRICT OF WEST BOURKE.

SIR,

Footscray, 19th May, 1863.

In compliance with your letter of instructions, I have the honor to submit the following report on the state of agriculture in the County of Bourke, westward of the Sydney road, which was obtained when I was collecting the Agricultural Statistics, &c., for the year ending 31st March, 1863.

In presenting this report I have to state that the farmers gave what information was wanted without the slightest reluctance, and are looking forward to its publication with lively interest.

Not previously having been collector, I am not in a position to say whether an increase or decrease in the produce has been the case, but according to the farmers' own statements the past season has been one that has tried their skill, patience, and purse, and should a repetition of such a season as the last take place, many an industrious farmer will have to try some other occupation to make all ends meet.

In this district, immediately after seed time, a cold and wet winter set in, and many fields which I saw at that time were so brown (the seed to a certain extent having perished) that the farmers thought they would have to re-sow or plant some other crop. A sudden change took place, and from one extreme to another—extreme dry weather followed, so much so that the land got such a crust on it that vegetation was seriously retarded, and had it not been for some favorable showers of rain many would not have been able to put in their crops this year. These remarks apply more particularly to such portions of the district as are flattish; where the land has good drainage matters were not so bad. Another evil is now evincing itself, which originated years ago, and that is the then reckless system of leasing lands without stating in the leases the description of crops that required to be grown in each year, with the view to keeping the soil in good heart. The system that was then adopted was, that the tenant was to go on the land, pay his rent, and do what he liked. Of course prices for produce ruled then high, but now, as they are lowering, the consequences are telling severely on the tenant farmer; so much so that, in the parishes of Yuroke and Mickleham, many have been obliged to leave, and it is a question (in the opinion of many) as to the amount that will be required to make those farms into as good condition as the primitive state.

The prevailing opinion is that agricultural and pastoral pursuits must be combined, and a greater variety of crops grown, so that, should one part of the crop fail, the rest will be to the good, and having sheep or cattle the land can be more easily manured. I may say where I have seen this plan adopted there have been more luxuriant crops, and everything has had a thriving aspect.

In revising my notes, I perceive certain parishes excel in particular crops, for instance I will commence with wheat: Lancefield has yielded over 29 bushels per acre, Rochford 22, Gisborne 21, Myrniong and Blackwood 20 each. Oats: Lancefield yielded 34 bushels per acre, Rochford 31, Monegetta 28½, Myrniong 27, Gisborne and Blackwood 26. Potatoes: Bylands yielded 49 cwt. per acre, Lancefield 47, Rochford 46, Goldie and Blackwood 45 each. Barley: Yangardook yielded 26½ bushels per acre, Djerri-warrah and Bulla Bulla 23, Merrimu 22, and Korkuperimul 21. Hay: Cut-paw-paw yielded 26 cwt. per acre, Bulla Bulla and Tarneitt 23, Derrimut 22, Doutta Galla 20½, Jika Jika and Truganina 20 each, and Tullamarine, which has been considered always the hay growing district, only yielded 18½ cwt. per acre. By the above you will observe that Lancefield, Rochford, and Bylands, and all the country to the north and east of Mount Macedon takes the lead in wheat, oats, and potatoes; the soil in this portion of the district is rich chocolate soil, and in some places 10 and 12 feet deep. Yangardook leads with barley, and I must say the farmers in this parish display great judgment and anxiety in endeavouring to excel each other in growing cereals; you may always depend on seeing some one of them at the agricultural shows. Five or six of them have got medals from the London Exhibition of 1862 for their produce; they were greatly rejoiced that it was from this parish the wheat came that the Canadian gentleman had surreptitiously obtained and was showing off, when it was detected by Mr. Knight. Cut-paw-paw takes the lead in hay, but the banks of the Saltwater River is the part of Cut-paw-paw that places this parish first. Of other crops nothing particular has come under our notice, with the exception of sorghum saccharatum, and I am astonished at dairymen in particular not looking into the utility of this plant. I saw it growing on the farm of Mr. Edward Wilson, in Tullamarine; Mr. Morgan, the superintendent, informed me that he had cut it down for food for his cattle three times, and they relished it exceedingly well. When I saw it it was 10 feet high. It was growing on a piece of ground close to a blind creek, and it at once struck me, that the poor dairy cows could easily be kept fat and give plenty of milk, were their owners to plant a couple of acres of sorghum on some flat piece of ground near to a creek, or any place where there is moisture. Whilst writing about sorghum on Mr. Wilson's farm, I must say that this is the most interesting farm in the entire district; all sorts of profitable animals are there, and it would well repay the farming community to give this establishment a visit. In passing over to an adjacent farm, I came across some men who were planting wheat, and being employed in collecting information I naturally stopped and saw how it was done; it was being planted by the hand in rows 9 inches apart, and each seed 7 inches apart in the small furrow. Mr. Morgan informed me that Mr. Wilson had sent it out from home, and that it was of a very prolific nature, yielding about 70 bushels per acre. In the mode of cultivating the soil, I have seen nothing very particular, with the exception of

Smith's Steam Cultivator, which I saw working on Mr. Kirby's farm at the back of the Melbourne Racecourse; a great many inquiries were made to me respecting this machine, and I have no doubt but it will be extensively used, I not being sufficiently capable of knowing whether the subsoil is improved by the admission of atmospheric air or that weeds by being covered over decay and make good manure, I am left then to state that many experienced agriculturists approve of the stirring of the subsoil, and Smith's Steam Cultivator does it to a depth of 20 inches. The expense of the implements may deter many from using it, but I am informed that the subsoil can be stirred to a depth of 12 or 14 inches for about fifteen shillings per acre, that is were it to be done by contract. Of other agricultural implements I will draw your attention to the marked increase in the number of reaping and mowing machines, and they certainly have placed the farmer in a position more independent of manual labor. Threshing machines have also increased in number, and the improvements in their construction are remarkable. It is certainly not very pleasant to stand alongside on a windy day whilst smutty wheat is being thrashed, but it is certainly very entertaining so to do, on a fine day, when you see a machine alongside a stack, and the grain going into the bag fit for the miller, and the straw being stacked to a height of 30 feet, and the smut cleaned out from the grain, and all this done by one power and at one time. Of minor implements, improvements or alterations are constantly being effected, and the plough perhaps undergoes the greatest alterations. At the ploughing matches each "don between the stilts" considers that he has effected some improvement on the "coulter" or the "beam," and as a matter of course should he happen to take a prize, he is ably backed up by the blacksmith. Passing on to live stock, I must confess I was pained to find some industrious families entirely ruined by that dreadful disease, pleuro-pneumonia, having come amongst their cattle and cut them off; it has caused a great many dairymen to turn their attention to sheep dealing, and although (generally speaking) sheep and cattle do not do well together still the experiment is being tried, and I trust will meet with good results. As I have already mentioned in this report, agricultural and pastoral pursuits must be combined to ensure the farmer against failures.

There is another subject that I wish to draw your attention to, and that is "that there are a great number of people who have availed themselves of that clause in the Land Act, of 1862, which enables them to take up so many acres for novel industry purposes." At the time when my assistants and I were going over the district, many were just commencing operations, and next year the statistics of their procedure and productions will be eagerly watched for.

There is nothing more presents itself to me which I consider interesting, but should you desire any explanation upon anything which I may have omitted I shall deem it a pleasure to furnish it.

In conclusion, I have to thank those gentlemen through whose kindness and hospitality I was enabled to obtain authentic information on the different subjects and whose happy acquaintance I will not soon forget.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

JAMES SCOTT.

DISTRICT OF SOUTH BOURKE.

SIR,

Oakleigh, 14th April, 1863.

I have the honor, in conclusion of my duties as Collector of Agricultural and other Statistics for the district of South Bourke, to report as follows—

Through a large portion of the district the crops of hay, grain, and potatoes have been very poor; in some cases a total failure, in others a partial one has taken place. This is attributed to a very long wet and cold winter, extending late into the spring season, preventing the farmers from working the land and getting in the seed at the proper time. Those who, by great perseverance, got in their seed early, it became perished; the later sown crops suffered equally from the sudden change from wet and cold to a long continuance of drought and heat, which ripened the crops before being fully matured; there are, however, a few favored spots where the crops are near an average; this generally occurs where the farms are large, the farmers men of some wealth, and consequently a better system of farming, by draining, manuring, &c., is followed, and also where the land is better, such as the valley of the Yarra, and such localities; indeed in such a season as the past, the quality of the land and the expense incurred by good farming, tells manifold in the produce. I estimate the deficiency, taking the district through, as follows:—

Hay, two-thirds; Grain, two-thirds; Potatoes, one-half. The much desired falls of rain in March have had a very beneficial effect, the change entirely altering the appearance of the country everywhere. Feed is abundant, both natural and artificial grasses, and the root crops of every description promise very heavy. Should the next winter months prove mild these crops will be far above the average. Situations where the potato crop is very late have also felt the advantage of these rains, and will, I think, be quite an average. This will in a great measure compensate the farmers for the very light crops of hay and grain; at all events for the use of their own cattle during the winter months.

A considerable portion of this district is occupied by market gardens and orchards; from the number of returns in the parishes of Boroondara and Moorabbin I should say they are greatly increased. The same cause, viz., the change from wet and cold to drought and heat, succeeded by fine rains, have had the same effect as has been already mentioned; the labor expended seemed in vain, the market was very badly supplied, the total failure of many crops, and partial failure of others through the dry season made every description of vegetable scarce; and consequently those who succeeded in growing a few in more favored localities realised very high prices. A sudden change took place at the beginning of the month of March in a few weeks, I may almost say in a few days: so fast did everything grow, that the change from a great scarcity to plenty of almost every description was truly wonderful. The markets have been for some weeks past completely glutted; cabbages for instance, which about Christmas were worth ten to twelve shillings per dozen are now very dull of sale at one shilling per dozen, and all other vegetables in the same proportion; pigs are fed with far better vegetables than a few weeks since commanded good prices, and it takes now a good horse to draw a sufficient quantity to pay the expenses of gathering, market dues, tolls, &c., and conveyance say fifteen miles to Melbourne. The fruit in some places suffered from drought, though generally a fair average crop and of a good quality was gathered. The vine crop generally was very good, and quite up to the average both in quantity and quality. The cattle are looking well, very much better than might have been expected after such a very dry summer.

I would also notice the many changes which seem to have taken place during the past year, by parties having left their occupations as agriculturalists, and gone to New Zealand and elsewhere; consequently a considerable portion of land is gone out of occupation and cultivation. Although the number of small occupiers, such as market gardeners, &c., may have increased, I should scarcely think it would make up the acreage returned last year. In some cases the land is let or sold to others, yet in too many it seems entirely deserted, at all events not occupied. I should say for the last few years farming generally, in South Bourke, has not been a profitable employment, excepting in a few favored spots of good land and near to Melbourne, or on a good road to market.

In conclusion, I may be allowed to state I found people generally very ready and willing to give me the required information; only one or two cases of refusal and three or four of unwillingness occurred. These were not of much consequence as they were not large holders, and it was very easy by my own observations, and also by information obtained near at hand, to fill the schedules tolerably correctly. On the whole I think the returns may be relied on as nearly correct as possible to get them.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

WILLM. CARTER,

Collector of Agricultural and other Statistics, South Bourke.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

DISTRICT OF EAST BOURKE AND COUNTY OF EVELYN.

East Bourke and Evelyn—the district for which I have acted as Collector of Agricultural Statistics—includes in its boundaries some of the finest land in the colony. Along the banks of the rivers Yarra Yarra and Plenty, in the Kangaroo Ground, and in many parts of the parishes of Mooroolbark, Yering, and the new parish of Gruyere, are to be found farms capable of producing in abundance and in perfection not only cereals and almost every necessary, but many of the most esteemed luxuries. In the neighborhood of Heidelberg Mr. P. Fanning produced 25 bushels of wheat—weight 68 lbs. per bushel—from 8 lbs. of seed. In the Yering district there is the finest vineyard in the colony—that of Messrs. De Castella and Anderson, to whom was awarded the prize of £100, given by Mr. Ambrose Kyte, and known as the *Argus* Prize. In the gardens of Rockbear, Hartland, Charterville, and Mount Eagle, we have evidence that oranges, lemons, citrons, limes, &c., may be successfully cultivated; and at the last named place—the property of Mr. Brooke—the tea plant is seen thriving in the open air. It is gratifying to find in the Yering district extensive preparations making for the cultivation of the vine, which, after the first few years, will be found to be a far more profitable crop than that of cereals. The supply of the latter may very easily exceed the demand, when prices will become so low as to be no longer remunerative; but as regards the produce of the vine—wine and brandy—we have the whole world for our customers. The vine is certainly liable to be injured by the frosts that annually occur, generally from the 20th to the 27th of September. This season the frost was about a week later than usual, being on the 6th of October, when the vines, being farther advanced, were generally cut down by the frost to the second joint, and the young fruit stalks destroyed. In some few situations the vines were not injured, and from inquiries made in regard to these exceptional cases, I find that a thick fog had overspread the vineyards before the rise of the sun, and I am of opinion that this fog, protecting the vines from the rays of the sun until the frost had disappeared, saved them. In two of these cases—that at Lucerne, Heidelberg, and that at Yering—the vineyards adjoin flat lands along the banks of the Yarra, and from these flats the fog arose, and gradually overspread the vineyards.

It will be seen that the returns of agricultural produce from East Bourke and Evelyn show a very great deficiency, in some instances almost a total failure. This deficiency and failure are, no doubt, in many instances, wholly—and, in all cases, to a certain extent—attributable to the long continued drought in the months of November, December, and January; but they are also greatly owing to the fact of the land being unskillfully cultivated and injudiciously cropped. The soil is only surface ploughed to the depth of only three to five inches, and land being not opened to admit of the rains to any great depth, the long continued drought completely dried up the ground, and on this account the crops failed, which would not have been the case if the soil had been stirred by deep ploughing. Then again, the same sort of crops have continued to be grown—say wheat, hay, and potatoes—for successive years, without any return to the soil of those fertilizing ingredients thus taken from it, and being exhausted on the surface, and the roots unable to gain access to the subsoil, the crop fails. From these causes, and also from the low prices that have prevailed, many extensive tracts of fine land have been left uncultivated.

On several occasions I have been asked why returns were not taken of the produce of butter and cheese. This inquiry I respectfully submit.

GEORGE BENNETT,

Collector for East Bourke and Evelyn.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

COUNTY OF GRANT.

SIR,

Melbourne, 31st October, 1863.

I have the honor to report having completed the collection of the Agricultural and other Statistics of the County of Grant; but in consequence of some of the largest parishes having been retained by one of the sub-collectors till a late period, I was unable to complete the compilation so early as I should have wished.

On referring to former reports of this county, I find them so ample that I have little left of a novel character to communicate, the main features remaining unaltered throughout its southern portion, and as regards agricultural operations but few material changes having occurred in its northern. The increase in the total number of holdings is chiefly made up of Occupation Licenses, taken up in the neighborhood of Ballarat, the greater part of which remains uncultivated; hence the falling off in the proportionate quantity of land under cultivation.

It will be remarked that there are upwards of two hundred thousand bushels of wheat less this than was produced last year; this immense falling off is made up by an increase of one hundred and

eighty thousand bushels of oats, and there is also an increase in barley, pease, potatoes, mangel-wurzel, hay, and green crops.

I found considerable difficulty in making my returns correspond with the past year's as regards the names of the parishes, which in several instances have been altered, and in one or two instances the boundaries were imperfectly defined. This may be of inconsiderable importance as regards the utility of these statistics, but is nevertheless exceedingly inconvenient to those employed in their collection.

The falling off in the green crops of rye grass and clover is more than made up by the increase in cereal grasses.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

JAS. CHAS. BRODIE.

COUNTY OF MORNINGTON.

SIR,

The Survey, Dromana, 25th May, 1863.

You will observe in reading through the statistics of Mornington a vast difference in the yield of cereals and other produce per acre; this is not to be charged in all cases to the variety of soil, but in many cases to the want of a thorough practical knowledge in the farmer.

Upon inquiry I find the causes of failure to be shallow ploughing, not thoroughly cleansing the land, and light sowing, whereas, if the farmers would plough deeper, and cross plough, which is the only true tillage of land, use the harrow and roller on a more liberal scale, and be more liberal with the seed in poor soil, crops would be productive of profit instead of loss, and if, in the spring of the year, they would harrow and roll between wet and dry they would take four or five bushels of corn extra from each acre which they appear not to understand.

The cultivation of the vine and tobacco is being most extensively tried. Although yet in their infancy, in a few years they will form two very large items of produce and profit to landholders.

In the parishes of Balmarring and Kangerong I find most of the new settlers have planted tobacco and vines to prove the capabilities of the soil, and in each case the experiment has proved highly satisfactory. Although these two items do not appear in the returns, it is because the tobacco has been sown in such quantities as only to give seed for the season of 1864.

In the parishes of Corinella and Wollomai I met with seven similar cases, and the plantation of one hundred acres in Narre-warran has become so well known that further comment on that locality would be quite needless.

I met with another plant somewhat rare in Victoria, viz., arrowroot. It was on the estate of James Cuthbert, Esq., Corinella. It requires only ordinary attention and cultivation, says Mr. Cuthbert, and will produce an article equal to the finest product of Bermuda.

Artificial grasses are to be seen in great perfection on the estate of Mr. Robt. Patterson, in the parish of Balmarring. Last year Mr. Patterson sowed twenty seeds of prairie grass; from it he has sown half an acre, and is now in possession of twenty pounds weight of seed. He reports it will give three crops per year at the rate of from six to seven tons to the acre each crop. The cattle prefer it to any other grass, and the hay is equal to oaten or any other kind; it is not affected by hot winds, and it grows to the height of about three feet six inches, and is well suited for tailing purposes.

Portugal onions have been grown by Mr. Mason, of Tyab, at the rate of seven tons to the acre. On the survey, the freehold of W. J. T. Clarke, Esquire, potatoes that I have sown yielded from seven stalks 996 potatoes, and a neighbor has had three crops of ash leaved kidneys from the same pieces of land during the year.

Messrs. Eaton and Griffiths, two American farmers, are growers of maize in large quantities and in great perfection.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

HENRY FITZMAURICE,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

Collector for Mornington.

COUNTY OF GRENVILLE.

SIR,

The south and western portions of Grenville are principally occupied for grazing purposes. Those parts contiguous to the gold fields and main thoroughfares are advancing in cultivation. Fencing is rapidly progressing in grazing and agricultural districts. The county is generally well watered by creeks, &c.

Owing to the low price of wheat last year very little advance has been made.

Oats and barley have been much speculated in owing to the new Distillery Act, and the price of oats being high for horse food last year.

Potatoes not being a remunerating crop have been merely planted for farm use.

Hay being a more payable crop, with less expense, and a ready market, has been more abundantly grown.

Tobacco has been grown upon a small scale in one or two places. This being a very costly crop to produce persons are cautious in trying the experiment; however, a disposition exists to try it upon a more extensive scale this season.

There does not appear any disposition on the part of farmers to grow green crops—such as mangold, turnips, beet, &c.—for cattle use, the preparation of ground requiring much labor and cost; it has in no instance paid; large farmers are more disposed to lay down permanent grass.

Agricultural machinery is much valued and used in level districts—mowing, reaping, ploughing, &c. A few persons keep such machines for the purpose of hiring out.

From preparations making at present a very considerable increase in cultivation may be expected the ensuing year.

The grain this year is generally good, a fair yield, and but few failures.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

JAMES QUINAN,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

Collector.

COUNTIES OF HAMPDEN AND POLWARTH.

SIR,

Merri Creek, Brunswick, 10th August, 1863.

Having completed the collection of the Agricultural Statistics of the Counties of Hampden and Polwarth, I beg, in accordance with my instructions, to submit to you a report of the state of this important branch of the industries of the colony.

In this report I shall be unable to point to any very large yields, as the general returns this season are unmarked by any features other than of an ordinary character.

The County of Hampden, which was the first in order I traversed, I found to be occupied by pastoral tenants of the Crown more than by agriculturists; in fact, with the exception of the lands immediately surrounding the townships of Mortlake, Camperdown, Terang, and Hexham, nearly the whole of this county has been purchased by the squatters; and it must be admitted that whoever may be the holders of it, a large portion of this county would be of little or no advantage to an agriculturist, it being an extensive plain but very moderately supplied with water, and the soil consisting for the most part of clay mixed with granulated iron stone, which yields a plentiful supply of grass for the thousands of sheep that roam over it, but which would, on being turned up by the plough, fail to supply the agriculturist with a return without the application of enriching manure (which is exceedingly difficult to obtain) and expensive cultivation, which the present prices of farm produce does not justify.

In the immediate neighborhood of Camperdown I found a few farms picturesquely situated on the borders of Lake Bulleen-Merri, and stretching back into the forest to the boundary of the County of Heytesbury. Here the crops were of a fair average yield, the soil being good and the farmers not having had time to exhaust it; but here a complaint arose that the kangaroos, which abound in such large numbers, make sad havoc with the young crops, which the farmer finds the greatest difficulty in preserving from their intrusion. The labor of preparing the land for the plough is very heavy, as the timber has to be cleared off at immense toil and expense, but the richness of the soil amply repays for the additional exertion and outlay.

In the adjoining parish of Marida Yalloak, a number of Occupation Licenses have been taken up, and the owners are busy fencing and clearing the land, consequently but little has been done in the way of planting or sowing.

The parish of Mortlake is the principal agricultural parish in the county, the land not having been purchased by the owner of the station but by persons who have engaged in agricultural operations. The town is a thriving busy little place, and throughout this district farming is conducted in an improved manner. The principal farming operations are carried on on the slopes and around the base of Mount Shadwell; the soil is of a rich chocolate loam, and some of the highest returns per acre I have collected have been those of the farmers residing at this place. I learned from the residents here that the caterpillars had made their appearance in the spring, and had destroyed the crops in the lower parts of the parish, while several of the wheat crops on the north side of the mount had been entirely destroyed by a bush fire which occurred on the 31st December, 1862.

In other parts of the county nothing presented itself to my notice worthy of report with perhaps the exception of the minor crops. In many places I found that the cultivation of tobacco was commenced on a small scale, but there seemed to be a general want of knowledge in connection with its culture as well as of its preparation for the market. During the time I was at Camperdown two separate applications (under the clause of the Land Act granting leases for new industries) were lodged in the Survey Office there by persons who intend attempting the cultivation of this plant. The vine is not very generally planted here as the seasons fall so much later that it is unusual for the grapes to arrive at maturity before the wet weather sets in, and as a consequence the expected return is lost.

Farming I regard as one of the most precarious pursuits, so entirely dependent as it is on the weather, which in this colony is, unfortunately, of a most variable character; the poor returns this year being mainly attributable to the peculiarities of the season. It will be recollected that for some months during the winter the weather was exceedingly wet, so that it was impossible for the farmer to prepare his land for the crop; when at last the rain ceased and the land was prepared, the sun parched the earth and withered the grain, rendering it almost valueless. This I found to be the principal cause assigned for the poor returns; the only exception to this was on the slopes of Mount Shadwell (Mortlake) where from the natural drainage the farmers can prepare their land for crops notwithstanding the wettest weather.

POLWARTH.

A large portion of the County of Polwarth is very mountainous and exceedingly heavily timbered, so much so that it is not occupied by agriculturists and but sparsely with pastoral tenants; the border, however, between the rough country and the plains of Grenville is but moderately timbered, and is admirably adapted for agricultural purposes.

In the parish of Nalangil the crops were generally poor; and although the soil seemed naturally good, it had, by constant cropping, run out, and was almost useless. On making inquiries I found that some of the land in this parish had been occupied thirteen years, since which time it has been cropped year after year without intermission, and that too without the aid of any of those enriching manures which farmers near town are able to obtain: facts, taken together with the good average return it has maintained even of late years, show that the land is of good quality, but requires some considerable cessation from cropping before it will yield any remunerative return. A large number of the farms are lying at present uncared for, the fences broken down, and the ground choked with weeds, the owners having in many cases taken up larger blocks of land in the parish of Ondit, in the adjoining county of Grenville, under the leasing clauses of the Land Act. In this parish the pleuro-pneumonia had been remarkably virulent and destructive, in some cases sweeping off the entire horned stock of the small farmers.

In Irrewarra and Birregurra parishes there is a large quantity of land in cultivation; but, unfortunately, the same remarks are equally applicable here as to the parish of Nalangil, relative to the exhausting of the soil by continued cropping. Great complaints were made in the former of these parishes of the ravages of the grubs, which are found in immense numbers in this impoverished soil.

There are other parishes situated to the south of the township of Colac, and extending into the forest, which require no particular remark, with the exception of Bambra, which is the most advanced agricultural parish in that direction. The farms in this parish are scattered, and the task of collecting statistics I found extremely difficult. The parish consists of immense rugged ranges, heavily timbered, whose bases are surrounded by large morasses and swamps. As the land has only recently been taken up, very little has been done; and what could have induced farmers to settle down in such a locality

must remain a mystery to all but themselves, as the land available for agriculture is so small, being limited to the narrow space between the base of the range and the swamp, and the difficulty of removing produce from the farms must of itself be almost insurmountable.

There is, I conceive, no doubt if a different system of cultivation were adopted an improved return would be forthcoming. The mode adopted now is one which is calculated to exhaust the soil, and after some years to render the land almost valueless, unless the proprietor can afford to let it rest a couple of years, during which time it should be carefully ploughed and freed from weeds. There also appears to be a great waste in the destruction of the straw immediately after thrashing; instead of carefully storing it in the summer, and during the winter making it useful in the stock and milking yards, thereby converting it into manure,—the farmer generally, to save himself the labor of stacking it, thrusts a firebrand into it, and thus destroys what would otherwise be of such service to his cattle during the bleak months of the year, and assist in improving his land, which, by the present system becomes every year more and more impoverished.

In conclusion, I would state that in the collection of these statistics, I received the very general co-operation of the proprietors of both farms and stations, and that having faithfully discharged the duties entrusted to me, I think that my returns will on examination be found correct, and that the not irresponsible task I undertook has been performed in such a manner as to ensure your approbation.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

FREDERICK G. MILES.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

COUNTY OF RIPON.

SIR,

Ballarat, 30th April, 1863.

In accordance to the instructions issued to collectors, I have the honor to submit the following report of the district (the County of Ripon) over which I collected the Agricultural Statistics for the present year.

I have the honor to report an improvement in the yield of cereal crops over last year, still the season cannot be considered a favorable one for farmers, as the average yields of wheat and oats in the County of Ripon only amount to 22 and 26 bushels per acre respectively. Hay has not quite yielded 29 cwt. to the acre, but the smallness of this return may, in a great measure, be accounted for by the practice among farmers of converting the worse portions of their wheat and oats into hay. Green crops have been very deficient, and, in particular, the potato may be said to have proved almost a failure in many cases. The average return of this crop has been only a little above 29 cwt. per acre.

I have been particular in making inquiries as to the causes which are supposed to have produced the short yield of the present season, and I find that the very wet winter of last year, and also the long drought—which continued for nearly five months, beginning early in August—are supposed to have acted most injuriously, and I think there can be no doubt that most of the cereal crops were injured by one or both of these events. Crops in low lands suffered greatly by the winter rains, and, in some instances, were entirely destroyed; whilst those in elevated situations, particularly in light sandy soils, were greatly injured by the long continuance of dry weather in the spring. It may also be said that the majority of grain crops were injured by both occurrences, as the dry weather setting in at an unusual time immediately after heavy falls of rain, caused the ground to become caked, and prevented the corn from attaining a vigorous growth.

The dry weather has been very injurious to all green crops; but the potato, although much injured by it, suffered much more damage on account of frost, which cut down the young plants two or three times during the spring, and it would seem did as much injury to the crop as it sustained last year from the same occurrence.

It is the opinion of most persons with whom I conversed on the subject, that the climate of this part of the colony is not suited to the growth of the vine; and it would appear, I think, from experience, that vines planted in unsheltered places in the open country are liable to have their fruit destroyed by frost, as was the case almost everywhere in the district last year. However, if a little expense were incurred in providing shelter, either by building walls or planting trees, I think this danger might be guarded against. There is a considerable quantity of land very suitable, as I suppose, for growing vines in the ranges near Beaufort and Ararat, where there would be no danger to be apprehended from frost, as places could be easily found sufficiently sheltered by their situation. I have spoken to some persons who intend forming vineyards in these ranges, and they seem very confident of being able to cultivate the vine successfully. No wine was made in the County of Ripon last year, and only 54 cwt. of grapes were gathered, as the crop was destroyed by frost except in a few instances; but this year the crop has not been injured.

I thought last year that there was a disposition on the part of several persons to cultivate tobacco, but find that I was mistaken, and that so far from any increase having taken place over last year, that even a smaller quantity (only 41 cwt.) has been cultivated this season. The crop, however, appears to have succeeded well where it has been tried, as the usual return (20 cwt. per acre) seems to be very remunerative.

The system of cultivation pursued in the County of Ripon is most detrimental to the soil, and I think must, if persisted in, in the course of some years, completely change its character (I allude to the practice of taking successive crops of corn off the land as long as it is capable of producing a crop which will return anything in addition to the expenses of cultivation); the farmer, instead of going to any expense to provide manure, actually burns all the straw, and is usually satisfied with giving his land a single ploughing. Of course there are several exceptions, and I have found that where a better system of farming has been carried on, that fair crops, notwithstanding the unfavorable season, have been produced.

The parish of Burrumbeet and the other parishes in that part of the county form the principal farming district. A considerable number of farmers pay rent for their land, and although it is in general very good, still, taking into consideration the price of agricultural produce, I think the rent generally paid (£1 per acre) is much higher than the farmer can afford to give. If the bad system of farming which I have mentioned were confined to those persons who pay rent for their land it could be easily understood, but the practice is general. One thing, however, seems to be proved, by the fact of persons being found willing to pay a heavy rent, that farming does not pay so badly as is usually supposed, and that if those persons were in the possession of freehold farms they would be able to live very comfortably.

An important agricultural district is, I think, likely to spring up in the lately named parishes of Yangerahwill and Mohkwallow, near a place called Stock Yard Hill, midway between Beaufort and Skipton. There were no holders there until last year, when fifteen or sixteen persons took up land under the occupation license system, and this year the number has increased to thirty-three persons. A considerable number of these farmers have purchased their farms, and all of them intend to do so. Good farm houses have been erected, and a hotel and store have been opened. Land has also been taken up in other parts of the county, and altogether there are about eighty occupants in addition to the number returned last year. Many of them have selected the land under the late Act. I anticipate that a much greater increase will appear next year, as I am aware that many persons have purchased land with a view to occupancy, but who had not settled on the land, or commenced any improvements, at the time of the collection of the statistics for the present year.

The present season, although unfavorable for farmers, appears to have been a good one for the settlers. The extensive plains which extend from Beaufort to Wickliffe exhibited a very different appearance from last year, when the grass was burnt up by the sun; but this year there was plenty of feed, and the grass was partly green.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

JOHN BURKE,

Collector of Statistics for the County of Ripon.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

COUNTY OF TALBOT.

SIR,

Yandoit, 20th April, 1863.

Having finished the collection of Agricultural and other Statistics for the year ending the 31st March, 1863, in the County of Talbot, I have the honor to state that the yield of the produce during the last season has been moderate, except in only a few instances.

These I found most prominent on the banks of the Bet Bet, the Jim Crow, the Deep Creek, and in several spots along the Loddon, where the land is low and naturally formed to be flooded after heavy rains, but at the same time high enough so as not to be liable to be carried away by the current of the stream. Whilst, therefore, in lower spots the crops were mostly destroyed, the flood has acted very beneficially on the yield of the produce where the former circumstances prevailed.

The soil itself being naturally sandy and clayey was highly improved in its fertility by a constant moisture impregnated by decayed organic substances, which caused its plants to thrive much better in comparison to those in higher, and therefore, drier grounds. This fertility was moreover greatly, and in some cases surprisingly increased by slush from close-by diggings deposited on the surface and left behind after the fall of the water. This crust formed a protecting mantle over the young plants, being moist enough to allow them to penetrate it, and gave them at the same time a second nourishment independent of that absorbed by the roots. In some instances this layer was, however, so thick that it smothered the plants and sometimes raised the natural heights of the ground several feet.

In Baringhup, Strangways, and Lake Learmonth were the above circumstances the most prominent, and as evidence I may here mention the farm of Mr. Jacob Locker, in Strangways, with a yield of sixty bushels of wheat to the acre, and another farm close to Lake Learmonth with a yield of fifty bushels to the acre.

In many instances the crops were very poor, on account of great heat and dryness prevailing during and immediately after seed time, which did not permit the young plants to penetrate the dry and consequently hard soil, thus effecting failures; whilst in others the seed was put too late into the ground to ensure a healthy crop.

The most productive soil, extending over large areas of land, I found in the parishes of Ascot, Glendaruel, Glenlyon, and Ercildoun. In the last parish, especially at the foot of Mount Bolton, the soil is of a very fat and clayey nature, mostly black; whilst in Glenlyon, and near the Bullarook Forest, it is of a brown chocolate color. Along the Bet Bet, the Jim Crow, and the Deep Creek, the soil, though pretty fat, is much intersected with honeycombed stones.

The culture of vines, fruits, tobacco, and other foreign plants, is yet in its infancy in this country, and would require the example of foreigners to encourage the British farmers and direct their attention to this remunerative branch of farming industry. The greater part of vineyards and orchards, &c., which however are of very little extent, are either possessed or superintended by foreigners.

In regard to agricultural machinery, I found the greater number in use in the parishes of Ascot, Glendaruel, Addington, and Smeaton, whilst in most of the other districts the mowing and reaping is done by manual labor.

I shall be most happy to give further information if the above should not be deemed sufficient, and in this case I beg to be apprised of the special points on which the information is required.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

G. HEYNEMAN.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

COUNTIES OF DALHOUSIE, ANGLESEY, AND RODNEY.

SIR,

Bylands, Kilmore, 14th May, 1863.

In obedience to section 11 of instructions issued to Collectors of Agricultural Statistics, I have the honor to report as follows:

My queries have this year been answered with great cheerfulness, and I observe with satisfaction that the farmers and stockholders prize highly the value of statistical returns.

There seems to be a great and growing desire amongst the laboring classes and farmers to avail themselves of the advantages held out to their respective classes by the Land Act of 1862.

The chief feature that I have to notice in my district is the almost total failure of the potato crop, as shown in my schedules; but I have reason to believe that this crop has turned out better than was anticipated at the time of my collection. The cause of this failure is assumed in almost all cases to be

the continual dry summer. The seed potatoes were sown in most instances in the months of September and October; the dry weather setting in immediately, caused them to run to tops, while those sown late in November have done moderately well. The early sown crops have cast a second growth, which is so young and soft that it is feared they will not keep, either housed or pitted, until seed time. The clay, however, is the preferable way to save them in, while the first growth is now of little or no use.

The corn and hay crops have also suffered much through the dryness of the summer. The late winter being considered a very wet one, perished the early sown crops, while the late sown crop had not the land sufficiently covered to be any protection against the drought, so that in many cases the seed sown with the intention of being left for corn has been mown for hay, and in some instances cattle allowed to feed on the growing crop.

It seems to me that many of the farms that have been long under cultivation require subsoiling, or else a steady course of manuring.

I also think that most farmers attach too much importance to the quantity of land under crop, instead of aiming at full returns for that sown. They lose time ploughing, lose seed, and paying by the acre for harvesting, and after all this they very often get not more than half a crop; whereas by cropping one-half the quantity, attending to deep ploughing, fallowing, and manuring, a full crop might be had for half the labor and expense.

In conclusion, I may remark that the dearness of labor, compared with the low price of agricultural produce, is a great cause of the depressed state of the colony, and the remedy, in my opinion, and that of many others, is a steady stream of well-selected immigration.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

MICHAEL FITZPATRICK,

Collector Agricultural Statistics.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

UNSETTLED DISTRICT OF THE MURRAY.

SIR,

Epping, 6th May, 1863.

Having completed the collection of Agricultural and other Statistics for the Murray District for the year ending 31st March, 1863, I now do myself the honor of submitting for your perusal the following brief report on the state of agriculture in that district, and the progress which it has made during the past year. As in the former report which I had the honor of sending you, I gave a brief description of the soils and situations of the various localities in the Murray District where farming pursuits are followed, in the present one I will briefly describe the various crops and the yield in general throughout the district. On account of the low price for wheat last season, oats has been largely sown, and the yield has been on the average good, in many places excellent, especially on the plains. The season, though rather wet, suited for late sowing on forest land. In general the crops on the plains come in much earlier, and if the season is at all favorable a good yield is obtained. Where the yield has been inferior, I always found the crop had been sown late, and the heavy rain setting in immediately after sowing, the seed in a great measure perished. As for wheat, I have found the yield good, with the exception of that sown late, and where partially destroyed by a severe hail storm in October, but which, fortunately, was confined to a few exposed farms on the plains. The acreage under hay this season was very small, it being unsaleable in the district last year, and on that account the farmers put very little in, and are obliged to chaff their straw to supply the deficiency. Green crops, with the exception of sorghum, are scarcely grown. The crops of sorghum I saw were very good; the climate appears to suit it admirably, nor can the farmer sow a better green crop to supply food for his stock when every other supply is exhausted. Mr. Henley, of Oxly, has a few acres from which he intends manufacturing sugar. The potato crop on the whole was bad; some of the late sown which got the heavy rain that fell at harvest produced a sort of second crop, in many instances very good; but the early crop in general failed. Tobacco has been grown extensively this season, and from the splendid crops obtained I have no doubt but a very large area will be planted next season. Mr. Henley, of Oxly, had ten acres under crop looking splendidly, and should he be fortunate in saving it, he will realize something handsome by it. I measured some of the leaves of Messrs. Cooper's second crop of Maryland tobacco at Escott; their length was three feet, and their width two feet. Messrs. Cooper assured me the first crop was if anything larger. The prospects of tobacco growers in the district are cheering, and if the price will only compensate, I have no doubt but planting on a large scale will be adopted. Vine planting continues to be carried out on a large scale. Mr. Graham, of Wahgunyah, the pioneer of steam ploughing, having planted thirty acres, trenched by his steam-plough, and he intends putting in forty acres this season. He is indeed a most energetic farmer, and one is amply repaid by a visit to his farm. He has just completed the erection of a bone-mill; so that the farmer here can now obtain that valuable manure. I was not fortunate enough to see the steam-plough at work, but all here say it works admirably. His stock of agricultural machinery is the largest in the district, and he cultivates two farms in the New South Wales side along with those in Victoria. Wine making was busily carried on at the vineyards, and, amongst the farmers, casks were at a premium, nor could a sufficiency be had at any price; and as I have no doubt wine growing will be increasing yearly, I think a large cooperage establishment would pay here, and from experiments made, I believe the wattle tree would be found to supply very good staves, as it grows nearly through the whole district. Nearly all the farmers are planting patches of vines, and in a few years' time wine will be the common beverage at harvest time. The Barnawartha vineyard is in a flourishing condition, and the yield has been very good. Mr. Poole, the manager, expects to make 1000 gallons this vintage. The cellars, &c., are very complete, and as the vines have to this period escaped that pest the blight, I think the shareholders may congratulate themselves on their prospects. Doctor Lumsden, at Benalla, has started a new vineyard; the yield this, the first season, has been very large, and as he is an old vigneron, having been engaged wine making for several years at the Cape, he will, no doubt, be successful here. Mr. Piper's vineyard has also yielded well this season, and as he spares no expense in getting the best machinery and everything as complete as possible for the manufacture of wine, he will, no doubt, produce a superior sample—the wine made already on his vineyard having been pronounced by judges as superior. In fact, his vineyard is a model of neatness and regularity. Besides those mentioned, there are the Tabilk, Goulburn Valley, and several small vineyards in the district, which will produce a large quantity of wine this season. Machinery and manufactures are on the increase, reaping having been performed all over the district by machinery; the Adelaide stripper and the side delivery are the machines chiefly used. The stripper is, no doubt, of

great advantage where the straw is not considered of much value and hands are scarce; besides, the grain can be chaffed and stowed away at once, and from the number used all over the district the farmers must consider the stripper a superior machine. Manufactures are springing up throughout the district. A bone mill has been started at Beechworth, and they are talking of erecting another at Wangaratta. Breweries, tanneries, soap and candle manufactories, saw mills, and malt houses have been or are in the course of erection in various localities. On the whole, I would say that the farming interest in the Murray District is looking up, the prices are much better than last year, and the yield good, and from the numerous inquiries I have had relative to the throwing open the agricultural areas, I have no doubt a large quantity of land will be taken up as soon as possible for agricultural purposes. The farmers, though in general proverbial for grumbling, appear more contented. Roads and bridges are being made in outlying districts, enabling the farmer remote from market to compete with those in the immediate neighborhood, and a general activity as well as contentedness appears to mark the progress of industry in an agricultural as well as in a general respect.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. H. MILLER,

Collector for the Murray District.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

UNSETTLED DISTRICT OF THE LODDON.

SIR,

Sandhurst, 15th August, 1863.

I have the honor to advise receipt of your communication upon the subject of report for the District of the Loddon, which is just now before me, and brief and meagre as it necessarily must be, from the circumstance of my not understanding that such report was intended to supply the place of marginal notes or explanatory references upon the Occupier's Schedules, and which I have usually been in the habit of rendering as copiously as possible.

I would still trust that it may be with you sufficiently early to be available for such purpose as you may design. Had I been sooner aware that such report was intended to supersede the old system, I would have drafted out a progress report as I went over the district far more worthy of your acceptance.

I have the honor furthermore to advise note that sundry parts of the district are now filling in, and a considerable increase in the area of occupied land may be looked for in the returns for March, 1864, as I have not carried out with utmost rigidity the Instructional Clause (No. 7) relating to new occupants.

I found sundry farmers, dairymen, and others, complaining of numbers of their cattle having been carried off during the season by the ravages of that disease commonly called pleuro-pneumonia, in certain localities only, whereat I marvelled, namely, in the parishes of Guildford and Harcourt, which, although not adjoining each other, are situated upon the same water-course, the Mount Alexander Creek. Whether the opposite bank shows a similar result I do not know, nor why these localities should have been so afflicted over and above their neighbours.

There were some holdings—few in number—a considerable way down the Loddon, upon both its banks, which I made mention of in last year's report, as being, I thought, to a certain extent, an experiment as to the productive qualities of the land in that and similar localities, far away from the attractive influence of high lands available for pluvial purposes, and generally speaking to the north of where, in the opinion of many of the older colonists, agricultural operations could be carried on with any degree of safety or profit.

I would here respectfully draw your attention to the fact that in the district where I reside, Bendigo, to a continual rainfall extending over a period of three months, succeeded a like drought, wherein we had no wet whatever for, as near as I could reckon, twenty-one weeks, being a drier season—say from August to January—than any that I have remarked since 1847. It were superfluous to say such an exceptional season has hardly been calculated to solve the problem. In the face of first-rate crops having been realised off some of these allotments, I still adhere to the opinion I previously expressed, especially as regards cereals. The rich deep red loam evidently retained an amount of moisture long after the ordinary dry half-sandy moulds of most other places had lost power of succulence. As a casual proof of this, very many farms upon the Bet Bet Creek had no more than six bushels to the acre.

I look upon my district as being peculiarly favorable in point of situation for observing the gradual and stealthy march of the reaper from the high alluvial lands towards the valley of the Murray, and I shall not fail hereafter to report upon this subject as copiously as its interests demand. Perhaps other collectors in similar or assimilating districts may add also their mite of information.

I would beg respectfully to suggest that it should be notified distinctly in the Occupier's Schedules whether "Vines under one year" are only cuttings or not—that is—were they cut off the parent stem eight months ago, or were they planted out at that time; some of the gardeners holding to the one opinion, and some to the other—I hold to the latter.

In the list of manufactories, &c., the item "Drain pipes" has been held to mean an article made of iron, whereas I believe you have intended to designate a branch of industry like unto flooring tiles, and made of a species of earthenware; should you wish, both these headings might be inserted in the published list.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Very respectfully,

Your most obedient humble servant,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

J. THOROLD TULLOCH.

DISTRICT OF VILLIERS WEST.

SIR,

Tower Hill, 16th May, 1863.

In conformity with your instructions I now do myself the honor to report as follows on the state and progress (if it may be called progress) of agriculture in Villiers West for the year ending 31st March, 1863.

BELFAST

Requires no special notice, save a falling off in the acreage under wheat, with a slight increase in that under oats and barley. This fact is easily accounted for. The farms, with a very few exceptions, are

leaseholds, and even those tenures not for a long term. The consequence is, the land has become considerably exhausted, and the very low prices that have ruled for the last two years will not pay the expense of producing where only a light and a dirty crop can be grown.

BOOTAHPOOL

Contains no good agricultural land, and consequently the farmers cannot afford to grow wheat for low prices. The principal part of the parish is used as dairy farms.

BORAMBORAM.

The observations on the preceding parish are equally applicable to this. The principal cultivators being Germans, everything is done after the cheapest and most primitive modes. Their homesteads are anything but models, and there is a total absence of that neat little garden attached which would be expected from a people so industrious.

CODRINGTON

Has made satisfactory progress in the acreage under wheat, but has decreased in the average yield per acre, which I think is the effect of a very wet winter on some of the lands that lie rather low, and have got bad subsoil drainage.

KOROIT

Has fallen off greatly in the wheat crop, both in the area sown and in the average yield, the former being no less than 957 acres and the latter 25,421 bushels of a reduction on the crop of the previous year. This may be partly owing to the very low prices ruling at last seed time; but the principal cause of the falling off in produce is the ravages of an insect that works under ground. It eats the root, and the plant dies off; its operations are somewhat similar to that of the wireworm of the old country, and it is locally termed blight. Where land is thus affected the crop begins to look yellow and unhealthy in spots when it is from three to six inches long. Those patches keep continually extending up till harvest; so that in land badly affected early in the season the spots will almost meet, and so make a clean sweep of the crop before it is ready for the sickle. Strange to say, after the plant has been killed the straw vanishes away, so that in two months after it is attacked there is nothing to be seen but weeds and dirt where wheat grew before. This vexatious pest is worst on wheat and barley. In this district it does not seem to attack the oats at all, but I think this may be owing to that cereal not having been much grown on the land here. I have heard of it being as bad on oats in other districts (where that crop has been principally cultivated) as it is on wheat and barley in this. Nothing but laying down for a time, or a change of cropping seems to effect a remedy. But what crop the farmer will sow, for which he will find a ready market, or that will in any measure supply the consequent deficiency of wheat, is a question much easier to put than to answer.

WARRONG

Shows a trifling increase in the land under wheat, with a slight decrease in the average yield. There are not many farms in this parish that have been affected with the so-called blight.

YALIMBA.

A great falling off in the number of holdings has taken place in this parish, and also in the amount of land under cultivation, which is accounted for by the fact that a great many who had settled down around the magnificent reserve at Mount Rouse, and had acquired large herds of cattle, have moved away during the past year to land for which they had taken an occupation license, or to ground taken up under the Land Act of 1862.

YAMBUK

Has a slight decrease in the amount of land under wheat, with a trifling increase in the average yield. The latter would have been very low indeed but for a quantity of land that Mr. West had let to various parties who had broken it up, and all have had very heavy crops off it. Some very small returns have been had in this parish, and wherever those have been traceable to any particular or special cause, it will be found noted in the margin of the occupiers' schedules. No blight has appeared in this parish yet.

YANGERY.

A very considerable quantity of the most exhausted soils of this parish has been laid down with artificial grasses, and is stocked with sheep, nevertheless the average yield per acre of the wheat crop goes on decreasing, which is altogether owing to the ravages of the blight described in my observations on Koroit.

YARPTURK

Is immediately to the north of Yangery, and with it and Koroit forms the far-famed agricultural district of Tower Hill, which comprises the finest land in the western district (perhaps in Victoria), and some of the lands in Yarturk are the very cream even of Tower Hill. Yet there is no other parish in Villiers West that has suffered so severely from the ravages of the blight. It may not be out of place to state here what the yield of the wheat was per acre for the last three years in this parish, by which the diminution will be better understood.

Year ending 31st March, 1861	...	...	37 ³⁸ / ₆₀ bushels per acre.
„ 31st March, 1862	...	...	28 ⁵ / ₆₀ „ „
„ 31st March, 1863	...	...	22 ³⁸ / ₆₀ „ „

It will thus be seen there was no parish in this district stood anything near so high in 1861. I know fields that yielded sixty-six bushels of wheat per acre that year that did not give more than ten bushels this season, and this altogether owing to the increasing ravages of what is locally termed blight. I may here remark, in connection with those new parishes that have been named, that although parties who took out occupation licenses had the whole of the district to select from, and have generally sat down on rich spots of land that did not want much clearing, I do not think they have raised 1000 bushels of wheat in the aggregate within the bounds of my district. This certainly does not corroborate the very high opinions certain parties have put forth as to the working of the system.

In conclusion, I may observe that wherever the return was made out before parties had thrashed, the actual yield will be somewhat less than that given. Some farmers have told me they had from two to three hundred bushels less than they expected, so badly did the blighted wheat yield. In the parishes of Yangery, Yarturk, Koroit, and Warrong the potato crop will be considerably in excess of the returns on account of the beneficial effect produced by the harvest rains on some of the late crops, which at the time the return was made out was not expected to yield much.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your very humble servant,

JOHN OFFICER.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

DISTRICT OF VILLIERS EAST AND COUNTY OF HEYTESBURY.

SIR,

Mortlake, 24th June, 1863.

As Collector of Agricultural and other Statistics in the above district, I have the honor to lay before you the following report respecting the state of agriculture therein—

The area of land brought into occupation during the last year shows a large increase, which is owing to that alienated in September last under the Land Act of 1862; notwithstanding the numerous selectors at the various land offices throughout the district the number in occupation falls far short of what might be expected, compared to the quantity of land alienated. The selectors consisted chiefly of speculators and squatters, or persons on their behalf, and as the former have in most instances disposed of their lands to the latter, this accounts in a great measure for the number of occupiers being so small. The few selectors of moderate means, who purchased with a view of sheep farming, have also in several instances disposed of their lands to the settlers on whose runs the lands were so situated, owing chiefly to the isolated situation of the land which fell to their lot. It will thus be seen that the demand which was supposed to exist for agricultural land among the farming class was not in reality the case; the only agriculturists applying being those who desired to select by virtue of land previously purchased, whose chance however was very poor, the capitalist having ten applications to that of the farmer's one, for any allotment which the latter desired to become the selector of. Most of the land selected as aforesaid is situated in the northern portion of Villiers and south of Camperdown, in the county of Heytesbury, which comprises some fine agricultural and pastoral lands. Extensive and substantial improvements are now in progress on these lands, which consists of buildings, fences, draining, and cultivation of artificial grasses. A large amount of capital is now expended annually under this head, thereby giving a field for labor to a considerable extent as well as developing the grazing capabilities of the district.

"Crown lands rented, exclusive of stations:" The land held under residence and cultivation license comes under this head, on which I found some comfortable homes, together with other improvements, such as cultivating, fencing, clearing, &c.; many of these holdings are also used for dairy purposes, for which it may be said they were originally taken up by parties who held a considerable number of stock, with a view of depasturing the same on the Crown lands adjacent to their holdings. They are situated chiefly on the Drysdale Creek, south of the parish of Yethyouang, and in the parishes of Tandarook and Purrumbete South, which borders on the Heytesbury forest.

The "total extent under tillage" shows an increase on last year's returns. Artificial grasses, and other minor crops, comprise a considerable portion of the increase. Cereals have not been so extensively cultivated in Villiers East, and in Heytesbury the area remains about the same as last year.

The decrease, as shown in the area under wheat, seems greatest among the old farms, more particularly in the parishes of Meerai, Wangoon, and Yangery. The term of the leases on the "Farnham Survey" having expired, many of the farmers who cultivated largely have abandoned that neighborhood owing to the above cause. Most of this estate is now laid down in artificial grasses, and on which is depastured a large number of sheep. The unusual wet winter, which lasted till about the middle of September, had its effect in preventing many of the farmers on wet land from sowing more extensively; and as an additional reason many of the farmers state that, owing to the low price of wheat, together with the small yield derived off old farms, they find it more profitable to turn their holdings into dairy and sheep farms; the latter cause has been adopted most in the neighborhood of Grassmere, and in portions of Wangoon and Purnim.

The yield of wheat on the whole may be said to be about a fair average, taking the unfavorable season into consideration. The very wet winter, which was followed by an early drought, had a most injurious effect on the general crops; the late sown more particularly. Crops grown on light soil, and on aspects exposed to the parching drought, which set in about the beginning of November, may be said to have lost a third of their natural yield owing to the above cause. Mepunga, which may be reckoned the granary of Heytesbury, shows a great falling off in the yield, which is also due to the above cause.

Oats.—The area under this crop remains about the same as last year, the yield being somewhat better, which is owing to the grub not being found so destructive. This crop has remunerated the grower this season, the average price being about five shillings per bushel; and from what I can learn of the crops already sown an increase may be looked for in the returns of next season.

Barley shows an increase on last year's returns. The Distillation Act passed during the last session of Parliament was the means of inducing many of the farmers to grow this crop more extensively.

Potatoes.—The area under this crop remains about the same as last year, but the yield shows a considerable increase, which is due chiefly to the summer showers, which benefitted the late crops materially. Previous to these rains the potato crop here seemed a total failure, excepting in a few instances where early crops were sown. The few farmers who were thus fortunate felt loath at parting with their potatoes, though high prices were offered, in anticipation of extreme rates. The rain which fell early in January, however, soon altered such ideas; and as the general crop is not done planting before the middle of December, the whole of such may be said, therefore, to have derived considerable benefit from the fine rains which fell in January. The potatoes are also of a first class quality, being entirely free from second growth and worm holes.

Turnips, mangels, and carrots are more extensively cultivated, mangels more particularly, being much prized for the food both of cattle and pigs.

Hay shows an increase, owing to many of the late wheaten crops being cut down for that purpose. The increase seems largest in the parishes of Dunkeld, Wangoon, and Yangery, which parishes show a decrease in the area under wheat.

Green Forage.—With the exception of some patches of Cape barley about the town of Warrnambool, the cultivation of green forage is not much attended to, but the area laid down in artificial grasses shows a considerable increase. This seems most frequent among the old farms in the parishes of Cooramook, Meerai, Purnim, Wangoon, and Yangery. The pastoral district will, no doubt, figure much larger under this head in the returns of next year.

Other Crops.—Onions, tobacco, vines, &c., come under this head. Onions show an increase; but owing to the summer rains, which, in many instances, caused a second growth to start, much difficulty was experienced in saving the onion crop of this season. Tobacco shows a considerable increase also. The neighborhood of Warrnambool is found admirably adapted for the growth of this plant. Some fine samples of Virginian were grown last season about Spring Creek and in the neighborhood of Woodford. There seems a want of understanding among the farmers in drying and sweating the leaf suitable for the manufacturer. A Jersey man, well skilled in the trade, has commenced lately to manufacture the leaf

at Hexham. The cultivation of the vine is not much attended to here, the climate being considered too cold, and not adapted therefore to the nature of such plant.

Gardens, Orchards, &c.—The area under gardens has increased, and though no mention is made in the returns of the description of the produce, or the quantity thereof, I may here state that the crops produced in gardens attached to farmers' residences are of great importance to them, a large quantity of fruit and vegetables being produced annually, from which is derived a considerable income. As apples, cherries, gooseberries, &c., can be grown so successfully here, it seems a matter of surprise that some of our enterprising farmers have not turned their attention to the manufacture of cider, as such a beverage in a country like this would command an extensive sale, and no doubt prove a profitable investment to any person establishing such a branch of industry. While speaking on gardens, I may state that a large quantity of honey is produced annually in the district. The bees are found to thrive admirably, owing, no doubt, to the large quantity of clover and other flowers so numerous through the district. Some tons of honey have been exported from Warrnambool this season, as well as a large quantity of beeswax.

Live Stock.—Owing to the stock depasturing on Crown lands being included in this year's returns, the number of all descriptions of such shows a large increase compared to that of last year.

Horses.—The horse stock in the neighborhood of Warrnambool—the draught breed more particularly—cannot be surpassed in the colony. Much attention is paid to the breeding of this stock, several pure Clydesdale entires being imported to the district at a considerable outlay of capital, and notwithstanding the low prices at which inferior horses are now sold, long figures are still obtainable by breeders in this district.

Horned Cattle.—Notwithstanding the feeling which at present exists among the stockholders of changing from cattle to sheep, some fine herds of Durham and Hereford cattle are still to be found in the district. The low price of fat cattle during the past two years, together with a dread of the disease, have had their effect in causing many of our cattle holders to turn their attention to sheep. Milch cows are now held in better favor. Owing to the improved price of butter and cheese, extensive and well-managed dairies have sprung up in various parts of the district, and several of the agriculturists have laid down their holdings under grasses for the purpose of following dairy pursuits. The large quantity of butter and cheese exported annually from Warrnambool will show the attention paid to this branch of husbandry.

Pigs.—In connection with dairying, pigs are found very profitable. The bacon-curing establishment in Warrnambool affords a good market for an unlimited number of this stock, which has proved an immense benefit to the farmers of the district. It may also be said to have given rise to a new branch of industry, inasmuch as that several matters of husbandry which were previously neglected (through want of market) are now looked to with much interest. Some thousands of pigs are slaughtered annually, and the quality of bacon cured at Mr. Wilson's establishment is second to none in the colony.

Sheep.—The attention of capitalists, landholders, &c., being now directed to this description of stock, a further increase may be looked to in next year's return. Much attention is paid in improving the breed of sheep by the settlers and farmers of the district. Mr. Moffatt of Hopkins Hill deserves special mention for the energy displayed in this matter, he invariably purchasing the purest sheep which are to be found in the market, and in which he has invested a large amount of capital; others have also contributed largely in improving their stock, which on the whole will compare favorably with any other portion of the colony.

Mills for grinding and dressing grain.—There are but three flour mills in operation in the district this season, which are as follows, viz., Messrs. Aitkin and Bostock's Merri Steam Mills, Mr. W. Plummer's Warrnambool Steam Mills, and Messrs. Alex. Struth and Co., Polwarth Water Mills, near Woodford; these mills are worked day and night, and manufacture a large quantity of flour in the season. The Fairy street flour mill, which was in operation last season, has had its machinery taken down, and the premises are now turned into a goods store. The Jetty mill is still in an unworkable state, and the flour mill which was about to be established at Dunkeld last season has since proved a failure.

Steam thrashing machines are now equal to the requirements of the district; the engines connected with these machines are mostly used in cutting timber after the thrashing season is over; I have also seen some used in working a chaff-cutting machine. Reaping machines do not come up to what might be expected, notwithstanding the success attending those introduced last season.

Private Schools.—The number of children attending these schools is increasing, owing to parents sending their female children where they receive a religious instruction, in preference to the public schools of the district.

Mineral.—During last summer two prospecting parties set out to test the mineral capabilities of the Cape Otway ranges; the first under the command of Mr. J. M. Allan consisted of men well accustomed to bush life, but of little knowledge in mining matters; after a few weeks' prospecting, the party returned to Warrnambool, and beyond the finding of some quartz and other mineral specimens nothing further was discovered. The second, though composed of men of practical experience in mining matters, was no more successful, though several indications of an auriferous nature have been met with. Nothing as a gold field can yet be reported to exist in the neighborhood; a specimen of coal was discovered by the latter party, who also speak highly of the timber growing in that neighborhood.

Having now touched on most items occupying the attention of farmers and others in the district, I may remark in conclusion, that notwithstanding the decrease in the production of wheat, agriculture generally is in a healthy and prosperous state.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

JOHN HYLAND,
Statistical Collector.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

COUNTIES OF NORMANBY, DUNDAS, AND FOLLETT.

SIR,

Casterton, 9th May, 1863.

I have the honor to submit to you the report of my observations while collecting the Agricultural Statistics for the year ending 31st March, 1863, in the Counties of Normanby, Dundas, and Follett.

After a very congenial autumn in 1862, the winter rains set in with such unceasing vigor almost over the whole colony as was seldom before experienced. In some parts of Normanby and Dundas the rain poured down with little interruption from the beginning of June to the end of August and the middle

of September. This very wet winter was succeeded by a very dry and warm spring and hot summer. The hot winds were setting in uncommonly early, alternated by frosty nights, hoar frost appearing so late as the middle of January, 1863.

The consequence of this sudden change from exceedingly wet to an almost entire drought was, that the surface of the soil dried and hardened to such a degree that grasses as well as cereals were impeded in their growth, and even the best grass lands in Normanby and Dundas showed an uncommon thin and scanty growth of grass, the roots being partly rotten in the wet, and having no room to regenerate and expand in the baked surface.

A favorable exception in this respect was the sea coast districts near Portland, where congenial showers refreshed the land at short intervals through all the summer, and where the consequences of a burning sun and hot winds have been less felt.

This extraordinary season could not fail to have great influence on the cultivation of these districts. In many places the agriculturist, not prepared to avail himself of the fine weather in the early autumn, was overtaken by the wet rainy season, and for months was unable to sow his seeds of wheat or oats, the lands being too soft to bear the draught cattle, others putting in their seed at seasonable time had the young plants rotting in the ground and blighted by cold, especially where the soil was naturally wet and stiff, and where drainage was indifferently attended to, a common fault in these districts; while in other places, where there was a natural steep fall of the land, considerable damage was done by the streaming rainwaters hollowing out the furrows and washing and carrying away great portions of the surface.

The end of 1862 seemed gloomy enough for the prospects of the farmer of these districts who depends principally on cereals, and a failure of the crops was generally anticipated. But in spite of the unusual heat and long continuing drought, the winter rains had thus saturated the subsoil that, generally speaking, the cereals kept well up, and although the baked state of the surface on heavy land prevented the luxuriant spread and tillering of the plant, and produced only a thin field of corn, more damage was done by hot winds, and in some places by frost cutting the blossoms of the cereals, than by the drought. Considering the abnormal state of the weather this season the average yield of the crops must appear satisfactory, and, I believe, shows that even severe drought, if preceded by a tolerably wet winter, and not aggravated by hot winds, acts not so destructively to the cereals in this climate as it would do in Europe.

The culture of roots and tobacco form only a small item in the farms of these districts; moreover, the little that was done here was greatly impeded by the drought. In many places the seeds of mangels and tobacco did not germinate for want of moisture, and many attempts to grow tobacco were frustrated by want of plants; in other places the young transplanted plants did not take root from the same cause, and died away, but wherever it rooted and where the soil was rich enough to nourish the plants, the tobacco brought forth leaves which could not be surpassed anywhere, and it is evident now that these districts are able to yield and ripen tobacco leaves as well as any part of the colony.

Swedes and other turnips germinated well in spite of the drought, but the blight invariably destroyed the leaves, and consequently the growth of the roots; whatever the season may be, dry or wet, they are little in favor. These roots being only grown to feed pigs, not for milch cows, cattle or sheep, their culture is very limited and mostly carried on in the garden grounds, seldom in the open field.

Potatoes are of course grown in larger quantities; the result has been very different this season. While in some places they did not grow for want of moisture, in other places they yielded exceedingly well, and this in so close proximity that the difference is difficult to account for; perhaps the difference of a few days in planting, and occasional rain showers, which fell in very limited areas, may elucidate the facts. In a few instances, where the yield of the potatoes was so scanty that the gathering was abandoned, a second growth made its appearance after the first heavy showers, and a fair crop has ripened of no common fineness and mealiness—the common complaint this season being that the potatoes are wanting in taste and apt to rot.

Sorghum and maize are grown only in very small quantities; they do not ripen well in this locality, and their value as green fodder is not appreciated.

The culture of the vine here is still in its infancy, and little progress has been made this season. The difficulty to find a market, ignorance in the way to make the wine, often want of means and time, prevent the farmers from doing much in this important branch of husbandry. Some good examples are wanting to spur them on. The spring was unfavorable to the blossoming of the vine as well as the fruit trees, and less fruit is earned than last year, but the grapes, though less in quantity, were exceedingly fine and well ripened. It is difficult to get any statistics respecting the yield of the vines, no record of the quantities of grapes sold being kept by any one.

The stringent measures taken to suppress the scab in sheep has interfered with the extension of small flocks of sheep among the farmers, and I find the increase of sheep on farms by no means commensurate to what I expected from last year's beginning in this, at least in these districts, new feature of farming. Numbers have given up sheep rearing for fear of coming under the penalties of the Scab Act; but as the vigorous efforts made by the squatters give fair hopes that this troublesome disease will shortly be eradicated, the farmer has a better chance to begin with clean sheep a year or two hence.

Pleuro-pneumonia has, I am happy to say, not made its appearance in these districts, although often announced as in close proximity to the borders. These reports are still doubtful, no case having come to my knowledge after diligent inquiry.

One deplorable consequence of the extraordinary heat and hot winds has been the frequent occurrence of destructive bush fires; not only enormous quantities of valuable grass were consumed by the devouring element, but also miles of fencing, substantial post and rail fences as well as log and brush fences. Great quantities of hay and corn, partly in stacks partly in the field, have also been consumed. One of the hottest days, and remarkable for destructive fires in these districts, was the last day of the year 1862 which will be long remembered. On this day a raging fire destroyed the grass on the banks of the Wannon for many miles; another fire made havoc round Mount Beberidge, North Hamilton, and a third fire laid low the crops, fences, and homesteads of the farmers on the banks of the Grangeburn and Muddy Creek, North and South Hamilton, sweeping a large area of cultivated land in a very populous district, defying the power of men to arrest its progress. This last area is mostly occupied by small farmers, many of them losing their whole crop and their homes also, so that great distress is occasioned in many instances. Byambyne and Byduck suffered severely the same day. Culpable negligence is often the origin of these conflagrations, but there is no doubt that many are the result of incendiaries.

An agreeable novelty this year is the effect which the system of the Occupation Licenses has produced in these districts, concerning the occupation and cultivation of the land. Although the quantity of land taken, and the number of persons availing themselves of this manner of taking land, may not

be very great, it is pleasing to see the different localities where the licensees are residing (they generally choose to select their lands in close proximity to each other), and where nothing but sheep-walks were twelve months ago, scattered over with new homesteads and divided by fences, both partly of rude construction, but evidently erected with a view of constant settlement, and to see the cultivation of the soil so fairly commenced. The principal places taken up by the occupation licensees are in Normanby, in the parishes of Sandford, Byduck, Byambyne, Yulecart, and Monivae; in Dundas, at Bruk Bruk and Carapook.

The result which the land sales, under the Land Act of 1862, may produce on the cultivation of the soil is not yet visible, even less than that of the Occupation Licenses last season. If this extended measure should only do as much as the latter, limited and of short duration as it was, has done in its way, it would be a great blessing to these districts.

Concerning the town and farmers' commons I may remark that only few are at present so far organised that they are of advantage to the communities for whose benefit they are contemplated. Inability to find men willing to spare their time gratis to unknown and arduous duties, the security demanded, want of funds to set the measure in motion, are the principal obstacles. The good results experienced in those localities where they availed themselves of their privilege, and set earnestly to work, will not fail to tempt others to follow. Several communities bestir themselves at present to bring the commons under proper supervision; others have done so already, since the returns have been taken; so that next year a larger number of farmers' and town commons will appear in the Agricultural Statistics. This year I have only to report the commons of Sandford, Merino, and Casterton.

With regard to the townships of these districts there is very little alteration since last year, with exception of Hamilton, where new buildings are rising constantly, among which the hospital is worth mentioning. It is remarkable that manufactories and new industries do not keep pace with the increase of population. The increase of manufactories consists only of two brick yards of a small scale.

In conclusion, I beg to remark that the information respecting the stations in this district has been more scanty and more difficult to obtain than usual. The revision of the new taxation of runs, taking place exactly at the time the returns were collected, the heads of the stations were seriously and constantly engaged, and often from home, and several of them seemed indisposed to divulge the state of their herds at such a time; and the holding back of the land grants for lands purchased at the late land sales made others dubious about the return of purchased land. Under these circumstances the returns concerning the stations are not all that could be wished; but I did all in my power to collect the best information obtainable.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

HERMANN KOOK,

Collector of Agricultural Statistics for Normanby,
Dundas, and Follett.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

DISTRICT OF NORTH GIPPS LAND.

SIR,

Sale, 1st May, 1863.

Notwithstanding the extreme and unexampled dryness of the past spring and summer there has been in this district a full average crop of grain, and the acreable produce fully equal to that of former and more favorable years. The increase in the breadth of grain sown in the spring of the year is considerable, and would have been much larger, but a large portion of the land occupied under the new Land Bill came into the possessors hands at too late a period for cultivation. The total quantity of purchased land in this district is 122,219 acres, of which 108,482 are enclosed, and 4,244 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres under cultivation; the latter quantity will, it is believed, be considerably augmented during the coming season.

The quantity of land under grain is 3054 acres, the balance 1190 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres being devoted to the growth of hay, green crops, &c.

The average products per acre are as follows:—Wheat, 20 bushels, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per acre; Oats, 19 bushels, 34 lbs. per acre; Barley, 16 bushels, 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. per acre.

In both the acreage and produce of potatoes there has been a considerable falling off; the quantity of land planted being only 170 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres and the produce averaging only 1 ton 14 cwt. per acre.

The quality of the grain grown in this district, though not quite equal to that of the year ending 31st March, 1862, is still of a very fine quality, and the prize samples exhibited at the Agricultural Show for North Gipps Land (in March last) weighed 66 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs., and 64 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. respectively.

Owing to the arid spring the quantity of potatoes planted has been unusually small, and the quality decidedly inferior. A few farmers, have, however, planted small patches since the February rains, and these have already progressed so rapidly, as to be now fit for use.

The vine has, as yet, made but little progress in this district, though I understand some patches of land have been taken up for the purpose of wine growing.

Tobacco has been introduced and the produce of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres has been secured in capital condition.

The continued dryness extending over a space of nearly six months had so burnt up the herbage that previous to the February rains not a blade of grass was visible, but immediately after the change of weather had set in, grass sprang up with a luxuriance seldom witnessed before. It is expected that the quantity of fat cattle will this coming autumn far exceed that of previous years.

The holders of purchased land in North Gipps Land are represented by 278 holders, giving an average to each holder of 440 acres; by far the largest number of holders are more or less agriculturists, and their farms contained from 100 to 600 acres. The purchased land on stations is 53,463 acres, of which quantity 16,000 acres are in the hands of one individual. Of the remainder the average is equal to about 1100 acres to each of 32 station holders.

In the beginning of the month of February this district was visited by almost universal fires, and in the middle of the same month one of the heaviest floods ever experienced in North Gipps Land occurred in the Thomson and Macalister rivers; both of these calamities caused considerable losses to agriculturists and stock-holders, besides destroying the lives of several human beings.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

GILLESPIE FERGUSON.

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

DISTRICT OF SOUTH GIPPS LAND.

SIR,

Port Albert, 2nd April, 1863.

Although in the number of occupiers in South Gipps Land there is an increase of eighty, the land recently alienated under the provisions of the present Land Bill has not much effected this increase, as only one occupier is added on this account. Notwithstanding that 5454 acres within this district have been sold and leased to sixteen selectors none are as yet residing upon the land, and not more than 1200 acres are added from this source to the area of holdings. The increase is principally due to small holders of grazing paddocks. Hence it will be seen that, with this increase of occupiers, the average number of acres to each has decreased, whilst in 1862 the average (less green forage and gardens) was within a fraction of 6 acres 1 rood to each occupier, it is found that this year it only amounts to 4 acres 3 roods 39 perches. Another feature is here worthy of note, that, in addition to a reduced cultivated area, there is also a reduction in the average yield per acre.

Grain in 1862 yielded a fraction under 15½ bushels per acre, and potatoes a little over 1½ tons per acre; whilst in 1863 the yield of grain is but little over 14 bushels per acre, and potatoes 1 ton 4 cwt. per acre. The latter fact, namely, the average yield per acre, has been effected in both years to some extent by extraordinary occurrences, but this year's crop in particular has been seriously damaged by bush fires and heavy floods. It is a remarkable circumstance that the crop of potatoes should, in a majority of instances, have suffered from a complete oversight. The cropped land over which the flood passed, and rested for some thirty-six hours, forms a considerable portion of the whole, and with a very few exceptions growers apprehended no damage from the circumstance, and never dreamed of any bad result, whereas, in every such case where potatoes were allowed to remain in the ground, they were found to be absolutely rotten—in very many instances not worth the trouble of digging, hence the return in such cases is nil.

The first feature alluded to, viz., the reduced average area of cultivated land to each occupier, is mainly due to the fact, that all are becoming more or less engaged in the business of carrying goods up the country, and grass for bullock and horse teams is becoming of greater consequence to the occupier than the plough. In fact upon this subject I have been careful in making inquiry, and the result shows that we have not one occupier who depends upon his holding (as a farm) for a living, and the fact is being more demonstrated year after year.

I cannot close this report without referring to the serious loss the district has sustained in a variety of ways by bush fires and floods during the past year. The aggregate total loss to occupiers has been £1228 10s. upon a reasonable minimum estimate, whilst the Muddy Creek and Steep Bank Saw Mills have swelled the amount by a further sum of £1600. The latter mill has been destroyed, and the tramways of the former have been partially so,—making a total loss to the district of £2228.

In manufactures also the returns for this year show a decrease, viz., the Steep Bank Saw Mills, and one flour mill in Woranga.

In this branch of the statistics, however, there is one feature I have thought worthy of notice, viz., the burning of clay for the purpose of road making.

One great desideratum in the district is the want of stone adapted for road metal. To supply this deficiency resort has been had to clay, which is burnt in large square blocks, in some respects similar to the burning of bricks, only the draught is procured by means of large layers of wood laid throughout the entire mass. So far as the experiment has yet been made it appears to be successful.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

THOMAS BURROWS.

UNSETTLED DISTRICT OF THE WIMMERA.

SIR,

Walmer, Horsham, 2nd May, 1863.

I have the honor to furnish you with my observations, whilst collecting the Agricultural and other Statistics for the District of Wimmera, embodied in a report.

You will no doubt have observed in looking over the occupiers' schedules the comparatively small yield in most of the holdings. From my own experience, and from what information I could gather, the chief cause, and I believe the only one, was the dryness of the earlier part of the spring; for want of proper moisture in due season the crops then received a check in their growth which they never afterwards recovered.

You will also have taken notice that the produce of the holdings is in general hay; that is owing in a great measure to the state of the crops when reaped, as most of the farmers had no other alternative whereby they could ensure to themselves anything like a profitable return but to sell it as hay. With regard to vines the same observations are in general applicable, as the dryness of the season proved very injurious to the yield of fruit. I anticipate a larger return for vines next year, as there are a good many in this district intending to plant vines during the ensuing season. There is one observation which I would particularly call your attention to, and that is the difficulty which no doubt will be experienced by the collectors next year, in obtaining precise information from the pastoral tenants of the Crown, regarding the numbers and description of stock depasturing on their runs, as I had a great deal of trouble in eliciting anything like proper information from some of them, and in one case I had to come away without getting any information whatever, although through the courtesy of a neighboring squatter I received all the necessary particulars; many of them let me understand that in giving information this year it was not their intention to do so next. The reason put forward by them is that as the Government have thought proper to assess their runs to carry a certain number of stock, they think they have no right to give any information unless compelled to do so, as it may be used against them in any future rating of their runs. I called their attention to the memorandum at the top of the schedule; they admitted the truth of it, but then they took exception to the ministry being considered part of the public. In general I found all classes of people very happy to give me any information in their power, with the exception of the few cases I have mentioned above. In conclusion, I beg to state that should my services be ever required in the same or any other business connected with your department, I shall be most happy in fulfilling the duties imposed on me to the best of my abilities.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

The Registrar-General, Melbourne.

CONSTANTINE DOHERTY.

THIS PAGE IS BLANK

CIRCULARS AND FORMS

USED IN THE COLLECTION OF AGRICULTURAL, LIVE STOCK,
AND OTHER STATISTICS.

THIS PAGE IS BLANK

CIRCULARS AND FORMS USED IN THE COLLECTION OF THE AGRICULTURAL, LIVE STOCK, AND OTHER STATISTICS.

CIRCULAR LETTER OF INSTRUCTIONS TO COLLECTORS OF AGRICULTURAL AND OTHER STATISTICS.

Statistic Branch,
Number , 186 .

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 10th February, 186 .

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that as a Collector of Agricultural Statistics you will be expected to comply strictly with the following instructions :—

1. The "Acreage under Cultivation," of which you are to make an accurate return, is for the agricultural year ending 31st March, 186 , and the produce required to be noted is, consequently, that of the current season. Exception must, however, be made to vines, respecting which it is deemed preferable, owing to the impracticability of estimating the real yield so early in the season, to ascertain last year's produce, and the acreage and number of vines for this year. Acreage and produce.

2. The holdings respecting which information is required are, all lots of occupied purchased land exceeding one acre in extent, whether freehold or rented, and whether connected or unconnected with squatting runs, also all Crown land held under occupation licenses, or leases for agricultural purposes ; but stations without purchased land attached are not to be enumerated, neither are gardens or grounds attached to residences, whereat rural pursuits are not followed, but which are kept merely for ornament and pleasure ; nevertheless, all market gardens exceeding one acre, of which the produce forms a portion of the means of support of the owners, and the gardens of squatters, farmers, &c , must be included in the returns. In the case of ordinary vegetable gardens, it is unnecessary to make any return of the description of produce or of its quantity, but mention should be made of unusual crops, such as tobacco, vines, &c. In the latter cases care must be taken in making up the "Total number of acres in crop," that no portion of the acreage of the gardens is reckoned twice over—that is, the extent of garden, inclusive of vines, &c, is not to be inserted when the area of the latter is given separately. Holdings to be visited.
Private gardens, market gardens, &c.

3. The occupiers' schedules should be filled up by yourself or your assistants, and the information procured, whenever practicable, from the occupier or person in charge of the farm or station, whose signature ought to be obtained, as a guarantee that a personal visit has been paid to the holding ; and when this cannot be done, a note should be made accounting satisfactorily for the omission. Signature to occupier's schedule.

4. The forms are, for the sake of convenience, bound up in books containing fifty each, but if necessary they may be divided. Bound forms.

5. Before filling up the collector's schedule from the occupiers' schedules, it will be necessary for you to separate the latter, to remove the schedules belonging to the squatting stations and to arrange the remainder in parishes or districts, and also to place them in order according to the size of the holdings they represent, the smallest holding in each parish being placed first and so on, as they increase in size, until the largest is placed last. They must thus be entered upon the sheets, care being taken not to mix the returns of two parishes or districts. The schedules belonging to the squatting stations, which you have taken out, you must arrange in like manner according to the size, and enter on a separate sheet headed with the word "Stations." Occupiers' schedules to be classed in Parishes, and according to size of holdings.

6. The collector's schedule is so ruled as to admit of the principal items of information contained in a number of the "occupiers' schedules" being abstracted on each sheet, and it is absolutely necessary that this process of abstraction should be legibly and correctly performed. The various columns must then be added so that the aggregate particulars respecting each parish or district are shown on one line. If, however, the returns of a parish, &c., occupy several sheets, the totals are not to be carried forward from sheet to sheet, but must be collected on the last sheet, or on a separate sheet, and added together. You are not required to make an abstract of the ages of vines, the quantity of fruit gathered, and the grain crops reaped by machinery. These will be abstracted at this office. Abstracting from occupiers' schedules.

7. A summary of each county or unsettled district, with the names of the parishes and places in it arranged in alphabetical order, and the stations placed below them, must be made out on one of the collectors' schedules. Each particular on the single total lines of the parish, place, and station sheets, must be correctly copied into this summary, after which the whole is to be added, so that the cultivation, produce, amount of live stock, &c., in each parish, and in the entire county or district, may be all shown on the one sheet. Summary to be made.

8. A return must be made of those holders who have only lately entered into the occupation of land, and are merely employed in grubbing, fencing, &c., as well as of those who have already been engaged in cultivation ; a note being inserted in the former case, explanatory of the circumstance of their having no land in tillage. Recent occupants.

9. With regard to permanent artificial grass, you will please to recollect that it is not merely the quantity sown during the past year that you are to make a return of, but the total area so laid down. Permanent artificial grass.

10. The growing importance which attaches to the cultivation of the vine renders it especially desirable that the statistics of that industry should be carefully taken. You must, therefore, pay particular attention that the returns of acreage and crop are correctly noted, and also that the total number of vines, and the number at each age, are in no case omitted. Vines.

11. Except in cases of rare and exceptional crops, fractional parts of acres, or of measures of produce, must not be inserted in the schedules. The bringing of the return down to the nearest unit will, in other cases, be sufficiently accurate. Fractions not to be inserted, except in cases of rare crops.

12. Every instance of remarkably small or large yield should be inquired into, and if there are any particular circumstances worthy of mention, such as a peculiar description of soil, or mode of cultivation, grain, seed, &c., these should also be noted. Information as to the causes of the partial or entire failure of crops, whether owing to hot winds, aspect, drought, moisture, or attacks of insects, and the precise period when such occurred, must also be obtained wherever practicable. The whole of these matters, and any others in connection with your district which may be of interest, you will be expected to embody in a report, which must be addressed to the Registrar-General, but which need not be sent in until one month after the other returns. Certain especial information to be furnished whenever practicable.
Report to be furnished.

13. In filling up the column "Name of Place," localities should receive the names affixed to them by Government. Names of localities.

Live stock.

Horses, horned
cattle, sheep,
and pigs.

Stock on com-
monages.

Breweries, mills,
manufactories,
and machinery
&c.

Private schools
and scholars.

Collectors'
assistants.

Time allowed for
collection.

Penalties for
delay.

Omissions to be
remedied at
the collector's
expense.

14. When procuring information for making the returns of live stock, it will not be necessary for you to obtain the numbers kept upon the stations you visit, as these are collected by means of circulars sent to the pastoral licensees direct from this office. But you must be particular in taking accurate note of the quantity of stock kept by farmers; and in addition, you should ascertain the numbers running upon commonages belonging to dairymen, or householders in towns or villages, care being taken that no animals are enumerated which have already been returned as belonging to the neighboring farmers. You should also endeavor to obtain from some reliable source an estimate of the stock kept by persons having smaller allotments than those you are called upon to visit, and likewise of the quantity which are stalled and stabled in the towns and villages you pass through, and of those belonging to the road carters which may be traversing your district, so that an approximation to the total quantity of stock throughout your district (except that on stations) may appear in your returns.

15. You will, where practicable, endeavor to get the proprietors of breweries, mills, manufactories, and agricultural machinery to fill the forms themselves. On the forms for the two latter are lists of the principal kind of works concerning which it is desirable to obtain information; but you are not to be prevented by omissions in these lists from making returns of any other important branches of industry which may have sprung up. *It will not be necessary to make any return of machinery used for gold mining purposes.*

16. The attention which is at present directed to the subject of education makes it most desirable to ascertain correctly the number of children for whom instruction is provided by private enterprise, and the number of teachers employed in this work. You will therefore be expected to obtain returns from all schools within your district, except such as receive assistance from the Educational Board.

17. In the selection of assistants you should make sure that, in addition to a minute topographical knowledge of their sub-districts, they possess a sufficient acquaintance with rural affairs to enable them to judge of the correctness of the information given, particularly as regards the weight of crops, inasmuch as the accuracy of this branch of the return greatly affects the value of the statistics.

18. The time allowed for the performance of the work will terminate on the 10th of April, before which date the schedules and summaries must be posted for, or deposited in, this office. If the returns are delayed beyond this period, *the following penalties will be enforced strictly.* For any delay not exceeding ten days from the time the work should have been completed, half per cent. per day will be deducted from the amount of the tender, and for any greater delay than ten days, one per cent. per day will be deducted from that amount; the right being reserved of refusing the returns altogether, if extenuating circumstances cannot be adduced to account for the delay.

19. You are also to understand that any serious omissions which, on examination in this office, may be discovered, will have to be supplied by you or at your expense.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

WM. HY. ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

The Collector of Agricultural Statistics
for the

CIRCULAR INVITING TENDERS.

Statistic Branch,
Number 186 .

SIR,

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 186 .

I have the honor to inform you that I am prepared to receive tenders from persons desirous of collecting the Agricultural and other Statistics for the year ending 31st March, 186 , in accordance with instructions to be furnished from this department.

2. The districts into which the colony will be divided for the purpose of this collection will be coterminous with the counties, with the exception of Bourke, which will consist of four subdivisions, viz., East, South, North-west, and South-west; of Villiers, which will consist of two subdivisions, viz., East and West; and of Gipps Land, which will also consist of two subdivisions, viz., Upper and Lower. Either one or more of these districts may be tendered for by each applicant.

3. The collectors will commence upon their duties about the 10th of February. The time which will be allowed for the performance of their work will expire on the 10th of April, by which latter date the returns must be lodged in this office. For any excess over this time pecuniary penalties are provided, which will be *strictly enforced.*

4. If the tenderers have not previously been employed on similar duties in connection with this department, they will be required to furnish satisfactory references as to their acquaintance with the district for which they offer their services, and their general fitness for statistical collection.

5. All tenders should be sent in before the 1st of February, and should be marked outside with the words "Tender for the Collection of Agricultural Statistics," also, with the name of the applicant, and that of the district tendered for. Tenders which are endorsed in this manner will not be opened until the proper time comes for appointing the collectors.

6. The lowest tender will not necessarily be accepted.

7. Further information may be obtained at this office.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

WM. HY. ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

CIRCULAR ACKNOWLEDGING RECEIPT OF TENDERS.

Statistic Branch,
Number , 186 .

SIR,

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 186 .

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your tender for the collection of Agricultural Statistics in the and to intimate to you that it will shortly be taken into consideration, after which you will be informed of its acceptance or rejection.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

WM. HY. ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

CIRCULAR NOTIFYING ACCEPTANCE OF TENDERS.

Statistic Branch,
Number , 186 .

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 186 .

SIR, I have the honor to inform you that your tender for the collection of Agricultural Statistics has been accepted, as follows :—

I transmit herewith the various documents specified in the margin. You will please acknowledge their receipt by return of post, and at the same time intimate your acceptance of the conditions mentioned in your letter of instructions.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

WM. HY. ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

CIRCULAR NOTIFYING REJECTION OF TENDERS.

Statistic Branch,
Number , 186 .

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 186 .

SIR, Adverting to your communication having reference to the Agricultural Statistics, I have the honor to inform you that the appointments are all made, and that your name does not appear upon the list of those whose tenders have been accepted,

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

WM. HY. ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

CIRCULAR TO OCCUPIERS OF RUNS.

Statistic Branch,
Number , 186 .

Registrar-General's Office,
Melbourne, 186 .

I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to fill the Stationholder's Schedule at the back of this sheet, and return it to me through the post before the 31st March next.

You will please to observe that the information as sought by me is solely intended for *statistical purposes*, and further that the gross results alone will be published, the information as regards the holding of any particular occupier being considered as **STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL**.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

WM. HY. ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

STATION HOLDER'S SCHEDULE.

1. Name of County or Unsettled District
2. Name of Pastoral or Crown Lands Commissioner's District
3. Name of Run
4. Name of nearest Post Office
5. Name of Licensee
6. Name of Person superintending
7. Extent of Purchased Land (if any) acres.

Total Number of Live Stock kept, whether upon Crown or Purchased Land.

									Number.
8. Horses	
9. Cattle, Milch Cows	
10. „ exclusive of Milch Cows	
11. Sheep	
12. Pigs	

Signature
Date

OCCUPIER'S SCHEDULE.

(To be signed by the Occupier.)

Registrar-General's Office, Melbourne.

MEMORANDUM.—The contents of any individual schedule will not be made known to the public. The numerical results of all the schedules combined will alone be published. It is therefore to be understood that the information furnished in this paper, by or on behalf of any occupier, will be considered **STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL**.

WILLIAM HENRY ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

Name of Parish
Name of Place
Name of Holder

Whether a Farm or Station*

Area.
acres
acres
acres

1. Extent of Holding...	{ Freehold	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
	{ Purchased Land rented	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
	{ Crown Land rented (exclusive of Stations)†	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...

* All holdings, whether consisting of Crown or Purchased Land, to be set down as Farms, except those subject to Pastoral Licenses.

† Particulars respecting Crown Lands held under Pastoral Licenses are not required to be noted in this schedule, but account must be taken of the Purchased Land attached to Stations.

OCCUPIER'S SCHEDULE—*continued*.

2. Extent of Land enclosed	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
3. Extent cultivated	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...

GRAIN CROPS.							Gross Produce.		
4. Wheat	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	bushels
5. Oats	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	bushels
6. Barley	{ English	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
	{ Cape	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
7. Maize	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	bushels
8. Rye	...	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
9. Bere	...	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
10. Pease	...	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
11. Beans	...	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
12. Millet	...	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels
13. Sorghum	...	acres	...	...	...	bushels	acres	...	bushels

GREEN CROPS.									
(Exclusive of Market and Kitchen Gardens.)									
14. Potatoes	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	tons
15. Turnips	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	tons
16. Mangel-wurzel	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	tons
17. Beet	...	acres	...	...	...	tons	acres	...	tons
18. Carrots	...	acres	...	...	...	tons	acres	...	tons
19. Parsnips	...	acres	...	...	...	tons	acres	...	tons
20. Cabbage	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	tons

HAY.									
21. Cereal grasses—Wheat, Oats, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	tons
22. Rye grass, Lucerne, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	tons

GREEN FORAGE.									
23. Cereal grasses—Wheat, Oats, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
24. Maize	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
25. Rye grass and Lucerne	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
26. Sorghum	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
27. Clover, Vetches, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
28. In permanent artificial grass	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...

OTHER CROPS.									
29. Onions	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	cwt.
30. Tobacco	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	cwt.
31. Vines	{ Extent of Plantation	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
	{ Age... { Under 1 year	No.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		{ Under 2 years	No.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		{ Under 3 years	No.	...	...	...	...	...	...
		{ 3 years and upwards	No.	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total Number	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total quantity of Grapes gathered	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	cwt.
	Quantity of Grapes sold	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	cwt.
	Wine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	gals.
	Brandy, exclusive of that for fortifying Wine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	gals.
32. Other Crops	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
33. Garden	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
34. Orchard	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
35. Land in Fallow	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
36. Live Stock	{ Number of Horses	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Horned Cattle { Number (exclusive of Milch Cows)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		{ Number of Milch Cows	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Number of Pigs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	{ Number of Sheep	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37. Grain crops reaped by Machine	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
38. Crops mowed by Machine	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...
39. Extent of Land ploughed by Steam Plough	...	...	...	...	...	...	acres	...	...

Signature of Occupier

Date

NOTES.

In the "Extent cultivated," the areas in fallow, and laid down in permanent artificial grass, are to be included.

In making return of the "PRODUCE," the *gross quantity* of each description of crop is to be entered, *not the yield per acre*.

Where two crops have been obtained off the same piece of land during the season, note in the margin the number of acres under the second crop, and the produce thereof.

The returns of *Live Stock on Squatting Stations* being collected by means of circulars sent to the Pastoral Tenants from this office, need not be entered on this schedule.

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY IN OPERATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING
31st MARCH, 186 .

Name of County and District
 Name of Place or Parish
 Name of Proprietor

Description of Machines.	Power employed, whether Steam, Water, Wind, or Horse.	Amount of Horse-power.	Number of Hands employed.

Signature of Proprietor or person in charge—

List of Machines, &c., respecting which information is required :—

Wine Presses	Strippers	Steam or Horse Chaff-cutting Machines
Hay and Corn Elevators	Steam Ploughs	Steam or Horse Irrigators
Reapers	Steam Cultivators	&c., &c.
Mowers	Threshing Machines	

MILLS FOR GRINDING AND DRESSING GRAIN IN OPERATION DURING THE YEAR
ENDING THE 31st MARCH, 186 .

Registrar-General's Office, Melbourne.

MEMORANDUM.—The contents of any individual schedule will not be made known to the public. The numerical results of all the schedules combined will alone be published. It is therefore to be understood that the information furnished in this paper, by or on behalf of the proprietor of any mill, will be considered strictly confidential.

WILLIAM HENRY ARCHER,
 Registrar-General.

Name of County or District
 Name of Town or Parish
 Name of Proprietor

Power employed, whether Steam, Water, Wind, or Horse.	Amount of Horse-power.	Number of pairs of Stones.	Number of Hands employed.	Quantity of Grain operated upon during the Year.		Flour made during the Year.	Meal made during the Year.
				Wheat.	Other.		
				bushels.	bushels.	tons.	tons.

REMARKS.

Signature of Proprietor or person in charge—

MANUFACTORIES, WORKS, ETC., IN OPERATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING
31st MARCH, 186 .

(Exclusive of Mills for Grinding and Dressing Grain, and of Machinery employed for Agricultural or Mining purposes).

Name of County or District
 Name of Town or Parish
 Name of Proprietor

Description of Manufactory or Work.	Power employed whether Steam, Water, Wind, or Horse.	Amount of Horse-power.	Number of Hands employed	
			Males.	Females.

Signature of Proprietor or person in charge

MANUFACTORIES, WORKS, ETC., IN OPERATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 186 .—*continued.*

List of Manufactories, Works, Etc., respecting which information is required :

Agricultural Implement Manufac-	Fisheries	Potteries
Biscuit Factories [tories	Gasometers	Printing Presses (Steam)
Boat Builders' Yards	Ginger Beer and Soda Water	Rope Factories
Boiling-down Establishments	Glass Works [Manufactories	Salt Works
Bone Manure Manufactories	Glue and Size Manufactories	Saw Mills
Brass Foundries	Ice Manufactories	Ship Builders' Yards
Brick Yards	Iron Foundries	Slips (Patent)
Cider Manufactories	Lime Kilns	Soap and Candle Manufactories
Cordial Manufactories	Machine Manufactories	Sugar Refineries
Distilleries	Malting Houses	Tanneries
Drain-pipe Manufactories	Manufactories of Textile Fabrics	Tobacco Manufactories
Dry Docks	Meat-preserving Establishments	Type Foundries
Dye Works	Oatmeal Manufactories	Water Works
Fellmongeries	Organ and Pianoforte Builders	&c., &c.

BREWERIES IN OPERATION DURING THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 186 .

MEMORANDUM.—The contents of any individual schedule will not be made known to the public. The numerical results of all the schedules combined will alone be published. It is therefore to be understood that the information furnished in this paper, by or on behalf of the proprietor of any brewery, will be considered strictly confidential.

Registrar-General's Office, Melbourne.

WILLIAM HENRY ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

Name of County or District
Name of Town or Parish
Name of Proprietor

Number of Men employed.	Number of Horses and Drays employed.	Material used during the Year.			Beer made during the Year.
		Sugar.	Malt.	Hops.	
		lbs.	bushels.	lbs.	gallons.

REMARKS.

Signature of Proprietor or person in charge—

PRIVATE SCHOOLS.

MEMORANDUM.—The contents of any individual schedule will not be made known to the public. The numerical results of all the schedules combined will alone be published. It is therefore to be understood that the information furnished in this paper, by or on behalf of the authorities of any private school, will be considered strictly confidential.

Registrar-General's Office, Melbourne.

WILLIAM HENRY ARCHER,
Registrar-General.

RETURN FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH, 186 .

Name of County or District
Name of Town or Parish
Name of Schoolmaster or Schoolmistress

Number of Teachers.			Number of Scholars.		
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.

REMARKS.

Signature